THE WEATHER.

Unsettled weather followed by showers and thunder storms by Sunday night. Monday showers moderate southerly winds and squalls.

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$14,000 VERDICT AGAINST POSTAL

Wayne County Young Man Recovers for Personal Injuries Sustained.

FEDERAL COURT AT RALEIGH

Other News of State Capital—Cruise of Elfrida—Financial History of State—Company in Wake—Charter Issued.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., June 4.—A verdict for $14,000 was awarded this afternoon by a Federal court jury to Frank Granthem, of Wayne county, who sued the Postal Telegraph Company for $50,000 on account of permanent injury sustained through a pole falling on him and dislocating and breaking his thigh. The trial has been in progress two days. The accident was near Charlatte in December, 1908. The failure of the company to provide a standard implement for handling poles was the alleged cause of the accident.

In view of the continued misrepresentation of the attitude of the State of North Carolina toward he re-consruction bonds, repudiated by the State as fraudulent, the North Carolina Historical Commission will publish at an early date, a complete documentary history of all the transactions of the State of North Carolina relative to the issuance and sale of bonds.

This will be one of the most valuable public documents ever issued by the State. It will contain every bill introduced into the General Assembly, every law passed by the Assembly, every report of the committees of the Assembly, every message of the governors, and all the financial transactions of the Treasury Department, relating to bonds, and every other document that can be found that will throw light on the State's attitude toward her obligations. In short, the volume will be a complete history of the bond issues of the State as shown in original documents.

The struggle between the Wake county "insurgents" and the "regulars" in the campaign leading up to the primaries June 25th has gotten down to a hard work status, the candidates and other campaign workers having gotten right out amongst the people for a hand to hand effort to "cinch" votes, for their respective sides. And, frame the issues in whatever guise you please, when the campaign workers cut the frills right down in talking with the voters the issue of issues bobs up in a stand for and against State prohibition and a reopening of this question through a crusade for "local self government." When rings and ring rule are rung in it is asserted that one side is no more a ring than the other. In the matter of the salary basis for county officers the attitude of the factions arrayed against each other make this the veriest "dog fall." So the situation develops all along the line of the "issues."

An order issued today from the office of the Adjutant General announces the dates for cruises aboard the Elfrida for practice purposes by the divisions of the North Carolina Naval Militia as follows: Windsor division, July 1st to 8th; Oriental, July 11th to 17th; Plymouth, July 25th to 31st; Elizabeth City, August 1st to 7th; Newbern, August 8th to 14th.

A charter is issued for The Robeson Loan and Realty Co., Lumberton, capital $50,000 by Robert E. Lee, E. E. Page and others, the company to begin when $2,000 is paid in.

STATEMENT FROM LACY

Special Session of Legislature May be Averted Finally.

Asheville, N. C., June 4.—A statement was issued today by State Treasurer Lacy at Raleigh, showing that the actual number of bonds of the State falling due July 1st, is $3,427,000 and that the refunding bonds already sold reduce the amount to be provided for to $2,211,000, the amount still to be sold by June 10th, if the extra session of the State Legislature is to be averted.

With a view to making the revocation of the legislative call possible, the State Treasurer today sent into all parts of the country, calls for a third set of bids to be opened June 10, this effort to float the bonds to follow two days after a conference of all bankers of the State which was called by the governor for June 8. If the State Council is successful in selling the bonds, the governor will promptly recall his proclamation for an extra session of the Legislature.

FEARFUL STORM AT BRISTOL.

Property Loss Will be Heavy—Wheat Crop Ruined.

Bristol, Tenn., June 4.—Thousands of dollars in property damage and the practical ruin of the wheat crop in this section resulted tonight from the worst hail and wind storm ever known in Bristol and the outlying district. The smokestacks of Bristol's large industries were blown down, windows smashed in all parts of the city and untold damage done vegetation and orchards.

Get an E. M. F. "30." **

Statue of Gen. Custer Unveiled Yesterday

STATUE OF GENERAL GEORGE A. CUSTER

Monroe, Mich., June 4.—President Taft today joined with the people of Michigan in paying tribute to the memory of Major General George Armstrong Custer. He stood beside Mrs. Elizabeth B. Custer, the widow of the Civil War soldier, and martyr of the Little Big Horn, as she tugged at the long streamer of cavalry yellow ribbon which released the flags and unveiled the splendid bronze equestrian statue of Custer, which has been erected in this city amid the scenes of his youth. Afterward the President made a brief address in which he gave Custer high credit for his valor and deeds in war. The orator of the occasion was Senator William Alden Smith. Monroe for several days has been the gathering point for veterans of the Custer brigade, who were given a position of honor today in the parade which President Taft reviewed. Prior to the Custer ceremonies the President visited St. Mary's College and Academy, where he made a little talk to the girl students.

PRIMARIES IN PENNSYLVANIA

Resulted in Spirited contests Throughout That State Yesterday—Nominations Made for Full Delegation—The Early Reports.

Philadelphia, June 4.—The primary elections held throughout Pennsylvania today and tonight by all political parties furnished some spirited contests and results in the close districts may not be known until tomorrow or Monday. Nominations were made for a full delegation of 32 members in Congress, 25 members of the State Senate and a complete new House of Representativs of 207 members.

In the eighth Congressional district Irving Wagner, Republican, was opposed for re-nomination by William G. Huey, who was placed on the Republican ballot as an anti-Cannon man. Reports from the district indicate that Wagner was renominated by a substantial majority.

In four of the six Congressional districts in Philadelphia, independent Republicans under the party of "William Penn" opposed the organization Republican candidates, all of whom are present members of Congress, but the entire six incumbents were renominated.

Reports indicate that the following have been renominated for Congress: Republicans—First district, Henry J. Bingham; second, *Joel Cook; third, *J. Hampton Moore; fourth, *Reuben O. Moon; fifth, *W. W. Folkroed; sixth, *G. D. McCreary; seventh, *Thomas S. Butler; eighth, *I. P. Wagner; ninth, *W. W. Griest; tenth, *Jhon R. Farr; thirteenth, John K. Hahn; fourteenth, *C. C. Pratt; seventeenth, *B. K. Focht; eighteenth, *M. E. Olmstead; twentieth, *Daniel F. LaFean; twenty-sixth, Robert Brown.

Democrats—First, Micheal J. Geraghty; thirtieth, William A. Hayes; fourth, William C. Mitchell; fifth, Michael Donohue; sixth, W. A. Carr; seventh, E. C. Bonniwell; eighth, Robert Difenderfer; ninth, James G. McSparran; thirteenth, *John H. Rothermel; fourteenth, G. W. Kipp; fifteenth, *W. B. Wilson; sixteenth, *J. G. McHenry; seventeenth, J. Murray Africa; eighteenth, W. Jonathan Kiefer; ninteenth, Isiiah Scheeline; twenty-first, W. C. Heinle.

* Present members.

TRIAL AT NEWBERN.

Cutting Affray on Recent Excursion—Boy Injured in Street.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., June 4.—The trial of E. D. Buck, of Morehead City, who stabbed Thomas Styron of the same place in this city last Thursday will be held Monday afternoon. A number of witnesses have been summoned from Morehead City and it is more than probable a hard fought legal battle will be engaged in by the attorneys on each side.

While crossing Middle street this afternoon, Earl, the 3-year-old son of Mr. Chas. P. Bartling, was struck by a heavy wagon which is used by Bowe & Page for hauling sand, and in consequence was knocked down and severely bruised. When picked up the little fellow was in a semi-conscious condition and some time elapsed before he was able to walk around the room.

B. & O. EXPRESS DERAILED

Passenger Train Ran Into Open Switch Near Wilmington, Del.—Seven Were Injured—Engineer Pinned Under His Train.

Wilmington, Del., June 4.—A Royal Blue express on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad from Washington to New York was derailed from an unknown cause three miles from here tonight, resulting in the injuring of several of the train crew. No passengers were injured.

The express went through a switch and overturned. The baggage car partially overturned.

A. J. Rubezsch, of Baltimore, was pinned beneath the engine for more than two hours. He bravely directed his rescuers how to get him out and did not lose consciousness. He was removed to the Delaware Hospital here. The doctors believe he will recover, but he is in a serious condition.

Charles Smith, aged 55, the engineer, of Baltimore, sustained a broken rib and severe lacerations to the face.

George Rittenberg, of Washington, express messenger, and J. R. Grayson, of Philadelphia, baggage master, were locked in the baggage car when the accident occurred. They cut their way out with an axe and were not injured.

The passengers continued their way north after a delay of three and a half hours.

ENGINE MEN WIN.

Increase Granted by Federal Arbitration Board.

Chicago, June 4.—The Federal Arbitration Board which has been taking testimony in the wage controversy between 27,000 enginemen and 49 railroads west of Chicago, late this afternoon handed down a decision in favor of the engine men. The arbitration board granted employes 60 per cent. of their demand for a 21 1-2 per cent. increase.

The men involved in the wage controversy are members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen.

Under the ruling the wages vary with the different classes of service.

The hearing before the arbitration board has been on for three weeks. Scores of witnesses testified regarding the high cost of living. The railroads opposed the increase on the ground that they could not afford to meet it.

TWO KILLED; 40 HURT.

Result of Collision Between Interurban Cars.

Steubenville, Ohio, June 4.—Two motormen were killed and 40 passengers were more or less seriously hurt by the collision of two interurban cars on the Steubenville and East Liverpool Traction Lines tonight. The cars were running at high speed and no cause for the collision has yet been assigned.

None of the injured will die although fourteen were taken to a hospital.

Get an E. M. F. "30." **

POLITICAL EYES TURNED TO IOWA

Immediate Centre of Nation's Interest in Republican Politics Just Now.

PRIMARIES ON TUESDAY

Fight to Fnish Between "Standpatters" and Progressives—Senator Cummins Involved—Administration is Issue.

Des Moines, Ia., June 4.—This State, rising to the requirements of its position as the immediate centre of the Nation's interest in Republican politics, refused to close the primary campaign with tonight's meetings throughout the commonwealth.

Not until the last "standpatter" and the last progressive have returned to their homes on Monday night will the candidates be content to enter the primary battle of next Tuesday.

State officers and representatives in Congress will be nominated. Broadly speaking, the issue in the Republican ranks is the present Republican administration. The general feeling is that Tuesday's primaries will test thoroughly the position of Iowa Republicans on the insurgent and standpat question.

To a degree the prestige of Senator Cummins is involved in the fight between Governor B. F. Carroll and Warren Garst for the gubernatorial nomination. Cummins is said to have been forced to support Garst by the "stand pat" maneuver of placing the present Governor under the banner of the National administration. The formation of a "Taft" club in support of Carroll was the principal play in this development. Thus the re-nomination of the Governor will be hailed, if it takes place, by the so-called reactionaries as a slap at Cummins. The Governor has said that he does not propose to be dictated to by Cummins and Dolliver.

On Congressional nominations the contests exciting greatest interest are in the first, seventh and ninth districts—in the last named greatest of all.

In the first district, Congressman Charles A. Kennedy, of Montrose, is being subjected to the assaults of those who do not approve of his so-called "stand pat" record. The "progressive" candidate is Smith W. Brookheart.

Judge S. F. Prouty, for the fourth time, is seeking to wrest the nomination from Representative John A. T. Hull, in the seventh district. At the primaries two years ago Hull won over Prouty by only 40 votes, although Des Moines, the largest city in the State is in the district.

In the ninth Congressman Walter I. Smith is being tried on his record as a staunch wheelhorse of the regular organization at Washington. Smith was a member of the old Cannon rules committee. His opponent is H. Byrs, the present attorney general of the State.

In the second, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighth and eleventh districts there are no contests among the Republicans.

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL PASSED.

Measure Goes Through House—Carries $110,000,000 Appropriation.

Washington, June 4.—After serving as a vehicle for political debate in the House of Representatives for nearly a month, the sundry civil appropriation bill, carrying proposed appropriations aggregating $110,000,000 was passed today.

During this time there were a great many speeches inserted in the Record without delivery and will be scattered over the country, under the license of government franks, to figure for what they are worth in the Fall campaigns.

There have been heard in the discussions of this bill predictions of success for both of the great parties, attacks upon the sugar trust and the Philippine land sales, assaults upon the administration of soldiers' homes and speeches on other subjects not germaine to the bill.

OUTLINES.

President Taft declared socialism to be the great problem that confronts the American people in a speech yesterday at Jackson, Mich. It is believed that this will be an issue in the coming campaign——William Pittham, an American, has been captured by the Madriz troops in Nicaragua and is held a prisoner awaiting trial by court martial. The State Department will see that he is given justice——The Royal Blue express on the Baltimore & Ohio was derailed last night near Wilmington, Del., and seven persons injured——The sundry civil appropriations bill, carrying appropriations of $110,000,000 was passed by the House yesterday——A hail and wind storm at Bristol, Tenn., yesterday caused thousands of dollars in property damage and the ruin of the wheat crop in that section——Primary elections were held throughout Pennsylvania yesterday ——New York markets: Money on call nominal; spot cotton quiet, middling uplands 14.90, middling gulf 15.15; wheat steady No. 2 red 1.04 nominal, No. 1 northern 1.10 5-8 nominal f. o. b.; corn spot easy, No. 2, 65 3-4 nominal elevator domestic basis; oats spot dull, mixed nominal; turpentine quiet.

SAYS SOCIALISM IS THE PROBLEM

President Taft Spoke With Great Earnestness in Michigan Yesterday.

ISSUE IN NEXT CAMPAIGN

Spoke at Unveiling of Tablet Commemorating Organization of the Party—Again Upholds Republican Doctrine.

Jackson, Mich., June 4.—President Taft today proclaimed socialism as the great problem that confronts the American people and the issue that is sure to come and that must be skillfully met. By its history, he declared, the Republican party had shown itself capable of dealing with the great question effectively and wisely and he predicted that the American people must soon determine whether it shall trust the same party with the solution "of that problem than which we have had no greater in the history of the country."

Mr. Taft spoke with great earnestness and his remarks seemed deeply to impress his hearers. By many his words were taken as framing an issue for the coming campaign.

The President disclaimed any purpose of making a partisan address, but the occasion of his visit here was the unveiling of a bronze tablet commemorating the organization of the Republican party "under the oaks" in 1854, and he could not altogether refrain from a comparison of the party with its opponents which was not altogether favorable to the opponents. He also declared that popular government must be a government of parties and in this connection there was just a passing hint at insurgency. The President declared that unless individuals are willing to sink minor considerations to the will of the majority in a party, there would come a rule by groups. "In that event" he added "the Lord only knows where your government would be and what it would accomplish."

The President left here tonight at 8:40 o'clock for Washington. The President's reference to socialism came at the conclusion of a brief history of what the Republican party has done.

He said: "The issue that is being framed as it seems to me, is the issue with respect to the institution of private property. There are those who charge to that institution the corporate abuses, the greed and the corruption that grew out of those abuses, the unequal distribution of property, the poverty of some and the undue wealth of others, and therefore say, 'We will have none of it and we must have a new rule of distribution that for want of a better name we shall call socialism.'

"On the other hand it is contended that it is not the institution of private property that shall be abolished, but only that the time has come in which it is necessary to day down certain rules restricting and regulating the use of that private property which shall not deprive the world of individual effort but which shall still keep the law and the opportunity to use private property under such control that these abuses may be wiped out and the boon of individual effort still be left to us.

"Now, my friends, that presents a great and difficult problem that I am quite willing to admit we have not yet solved and the question which the country will have to determine after all is, which party it is which has heretofore shown sufficient skill and effectiveness in dealing with great issues, which party can be trusted to solve that problem than which we have had no greater in the history of the country."

Mr. Taft spoke at Keeley Park to a grand stand filled with a throng which gave him a demonstrative welcome.

After stating that the Republican party was born or a moral issue, the President declared that one of the characteristics of that party is its ability to do things and then proceeded to enumerate the issues which, he said, had been met successfully and effectively.

Continuing, he said: "But it only shows that the running of a government is the meeting of great and sometimes unexpected issues and what you need in command is an organized force, that has shown itself in the past able to meet those issues and to have the effectiveness and the skill and the energy to meet them with credit to the people of the country and that is what the Republican party has done down to this day."

Mr. Taft dined tonight with Representative Charles E. Townsend. Senators Burrows and Smith were also there. Mr. Townsend is an announced candidate for Senator Burrows' seat.

The President divided his day between Monroe and Jackson. At Monroe he spoke at the unveiling of a statue of General George Armstrong Custer.

Get an E. M. F. "30." **

Get an E. M. F. "30." **

AMERICAN HELD PRISONER OF WAR

Pittman Awaits a Court Martial at Hands of Madriz.

STATE DEPARTMENT ACTS

Will See That He is Accorded Treatment Humane and Regular—Estrada's Victory in Nicaragua is Complete.

San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua, June 4.—William P. Pitman, the American, who laid the mines at Bluefields for the insurgents, was captured by the government troops and will be tried by court martial.

This was made known today following the receipt by the government of the details of the capture of Bluefields Bluff by the forces of President Madriz.

The troops passed to the assault over five mines, only one of which was exploded. Pittman was wounded and captured, it is said, as he was engaged in operating the mechanism through which the hidden engines of destruction were released. Pittman hails from Boston.

Washington, June 4.—The State Department has acted promptly in the case of William P. Pittman, an American engineer, who is said to have been captured by the Madriz forces while operating with the Estrada army.

The following is a paraphrase of telegrams sent by the State Department today to the American consulate at Managua and Bluefields and to Commander Gilmer, of the Paducah:

"There is a newspaper report from San Juan Del Sur to the effect that William P. Pittham, an American citizen, so is alleged, to have laid mines while operating with the Estrada forces, has been made prisoner by the Madriz forces and is about to be tried by court martial. It is unnecessary to point out that this government will jealously scrutinize the treatment accorded him which must be humane and regular. You will immediately make inquiry and report to the Department.'

If any further evidence were needed to confirm the officials here in their belief that Madriz is following closely the case of Pittman. It is said Pittman possibly may suffer a fate similar to that which befell Grooce and Cannon last November. The intimation was clearly given the Madriz government that some one would suffer if any summary or irregular action should be taken against him.

What action this government will take will depend largely upon the reports from the United States consuls at Managua and Bluefields and from Commander Gilmer.

Washington, June 4.—The complete route of the Madriz forces is shown by belated telegrams received at the State Department. These telegrams confirm the reports of the total defeat of the troops which have been operating in the neighborhood of Rama, Nicaragua.

A dispatch received today from Consul Moffat at Bluefields, dated last Thursday morning, says that the whole of the Madriz forces operating in the vicinity of Rama had abandoned their position after several hours of severe fighting and were in full retreat, having left many dead and wounded on the field, and that General Mena, in command of the Estrada Army at Rama was in hot pursuit.

All dispatches received during the last several days from the East coast of Nicaragua indicate that the Madriz armies at Bluefields and at Rama practically have been destroyed and that the end of fighting on the East coast, at least, seems to be in sight.

So far as known at the State Department the only force which Madriz now has on the East Coast, except the few scattered bands now being pursued by the revolutionary armies, is on Bluefields Bluff and it is problematical whether they will not be taken prisoners.

Seeks Taft's Aid.

Cambridge, Mass., June 4.—William P. Pittman is the son of Mrs. Rachael Pittman, of 178 Spring street, this city. Tonight Edwin Pittman, a brother of William Pittman, in behalf of his aged mother sent the following message to President Taft: "As a mother, grief stricken over the news of the danger of my boy, William P. Pittman, who the newspapers state may be shot for his part in the Nicaraguan revolution, I seek your interference in his behalf. He had been for four years in the United States government service in Panama. I only ask what is my right as a mother, but if there is anything you can do I implore you to do it.

"MRS. RACHAEL PITTMAN."

CAPT. ORTMANN DEAD.

Friends of Capt. F. W. Ortmann will regret exceedingly to learn of his death which occurred at his home this morning at 3:25 o'clock. He was one of Wilmington's most highly esteemed German citizens and had been a resident of this city for many years. No arrangements have as yet been made for the funeral.

EARLY AGREEMENT ON RAILROAD BILL

Indications Were Pointing that Way in Washington Yesterday.

AN EARLY ADJOURNMENT

This Would be the Effect on Congress. House to Accept the Senate Measure—Bosses Get Together on Question.

Washington, June 4.—Although it came as a surprise to many, there were numerous indications today that the Senate and House might reach a prompt agreement on the railroad bill through practical acceptance by the House of the Senate bill.

While there was no certainty that such would be the case there were many straws pointing that way. This would have the effect of hastening the adjournment of Congress and members prophesied that with the railroad bill agreed upon, adjournment would come within three weeks.

Early today Senators Aldrich, Crane and Elkins were on the House side engaged in conferences with Speaker Cannon and Representative Mann, of Illinois, who has charge of the House bill. Mr. Mann said that as far as he was concerned, personally, he would agree to the Senate bill. He said there were many things in the House measure which were not in the one adopted by the Senate upon which he would insist. Also there were some things in the Senate bill to which he objected. There was, however, said Mr. Mann, a strong movement among some of the "insurgent" Republicans as well as "regulars" who voted together to amend the bill when it was in the House to accept the Senate bill as being a near approach to what they desired. It was learned also that the Democrats were practically prepared, or at least those who have led the fight on the railroad bill on that side were prepared, to accept the Senate bill rather than take chances on what a conference between the two houses would evolve.

The subject will be called up in the House next Tuesday when Mr. Mann will move non-concurrence and appointment of conferees.

If conferees are named, no one is willing to predict how long it might take to secure a mutually satisfactory outcome nor what the ultimate agreement would be.

The principal difficulties which would cause trouble in conference are the sections in the House bill providing for physical valuation and the regulation of the issue of stocks and bonds which are not in the Senate bill, and the long and short haul and telegraph and telephone clauses, which widely differ in the two bills.

CONGRESSMEN HAD TILT.

Rainey and McKinlay on Floor of the House.

Washington, June 4.—A lively tilt between Representative Rainey, of Illinois, and Representative McKinlay, of California, occurred in the House late today over an accusation by the former that the latter had inserted in the Congressional Record a speech not delivered on the floor and prepared by Attorney General Wickersham.

In his speech a defense was made of the Attorney General and Henry W. Taft, brother of the President, against charges of being attorneys for the sugar trust, as made by Mr. Rainey on April 14th, this charge that Mr. Wickersham had written his speech was indignantly denied by Mr. McKinlay, who said he had gathered the facts and prepared the document himself.

"I charge here," said Mr. Rainey, "that the Attorney General has not denied that he received a part of the immense fee paid the firm of Strong &Cadwalader for services for the sugar trust. That fee, according to the statement in the record, was $27,500 and he states that he and six other persons received their proportionate interest in it as members of the firm."

In reply to Mr. Rainey, Mr. McKinlay said he had inserted his speech in the Record because the Illinois member had attempted to show that the President was favoring the sugar trust and was not acting in good faith in the prosecutions of the trust.

NI-BEER PLACES CLOSED.

Thousand Dollar Tax Too Much for Asheville Dealers.

Asheville, N. C., June 4.—Panic-stricken by the action of the local Board of Aldermen which last night placed the annual tax for "near beer" licenses at $1,000, 32 "soft drink" emporiums closed their doors today in the hope that the city fathers will relent and restore the former tax of $250.

The action of the board was the outcome of strenuous agitation against the "near beer" saloons, in which the W. C. T. U. and Judge J. C. Pritchard, of the United States Circuit court, took a prominent part. It was argued that the low license tax of $250 had resulted in an alarming growth of undesirable "near beer" establishments.

Many of the "soft drink" men declare that the profit on near beer is so small that the payment of the $1,000 tax would be practically impossible.

IN THE REALM OF SPORTS

ROUNDING INTO FINE FORM

Brooks, New Acquisition of Sailor Crew, Pitched Phenomenal Game, Closing Door on the Heels of Raleigh.

Results Yesterday.

Fayetteville 2, Wilson 3.
Raleigh 0; Wilmington 3,
Goldsboro 1; Rocky Mount 0.

Where They Play Tomorrow.

Rocky Mount at Wilson.
Wilmington at Raleigh.
Goldsboro at Fayetteville.

"Old King Kelly is a wary old soul,
And a wary old soul is he;
He tried his bunters; and he tried his swatters,
But didn't get a hit—Tee Hee!"
—Sailors' Chanty.

In one of the fastest games seen on the local diamond this season, Wilmington won from Raleigh three to naught at League Park yesterday afternoon before some 1,100 spectators. Brooks, the new acquisition from Lynchburg, ascended the mound for the locals, and proved the modern seventh-day wonder, allowing not a single hit, neither a ball out of the infield. All the new men showed up well and the team seems now on a winning basis. Confidence is being restored among the fans and the slogan now adopted is "Watch Wilmington Win!"

Turner essayed the mound in the opening sessions for Raleigh, but in the third inning he was struck in the head or shoulder by a pitched ball by

HAWKINS AT FIRST TOOK THEM RIGHT OFF THE GRIDDLE.

Brooks and had to retire in favor of Richardson. But the Sailors had on their batting investments and took care of their own in the field so that at no time was the result in doubt. It was really classy ball and the kind that will receive a generous support in this city.

Clemmons, the first Red Bird to face the slants of the invincible Brooks, had his wings clipped while Simmons, next up, flied to pitcher; Prim hit to short and was safe on error of short, but was caught immediately thereafter pilfering second. For Wilmington, Cooper was robbed of a hit by Phoenix's beautiful throw, second to first, Dubbs fanned and Tydeman grounded out to the infield.

In the second, Richardson popped to to pitcher, Hobbs grounded to first and Phoenix popped to second. Wilmington started her runs when Doak singled over third, was sacrificed by Kluttz and scored on Burke's sacrifice. Hawkins then drove to right for a safety, Hudson ambled and went to second on passed ball, Brooks then hit to second and Hawkins scored, Hudson advancing to third, dying there when Cooper fanned.

In the third, Keating was safe on an error of the infield, Sherrill flew to right and was retired on a pretty running catch of second base. Turner was hit by a pitched ball, Clemmons flew to second but Simmons was out at first. For Wilmington Dubbs singled to right and was sacrificed by Tydeman, but Doak fanned and Kluttz flew to the infield.

In the fourth, Simmons flew to second, Prim to second and Richardson was out at first. Wilmington: Burke popped to short, Hawkins fanned. Hudson singled over third and Brooks was out pitcher to first.

Fifth—Hobbs whiffed, Phoenix popped to pitcher, Keating was out from the infield. Wilmington: Cooper grounded out to short, Dubbs out short to first, Tydeman singled through second but was caught trying to stretch it.

Sixth—Sherrill fanned, McCormick popped to first, Clemmons out third to first. Wilmington: Doak failed to

KLUTTZ IN THE MIDDLE GARDEN GATHERED THEM IN.

beat out a bunt, Kluttz hit over short and was out at second, Burke flew to third.

Seventh—Simmons popped to pitcher, Prim out on infield fly, Richardson short to first. For Wilmington Hawkins started with a Texas Leaguer, Doak beat out a bunt, Hawkins later scoring on a double steal and an error behind the bat. Brooks ethered and Cooper flew to centre.

Eighth—Hobbs was out for batting out of order; Phoenix out short to first, Keating second to first. Wilmington: Dubbs flew to short, Tydeman to left and Doak to second.

Ninth—Sherrill flew to second, McCormick and Clemmons out second to first.

The Tabulated Score.

Raleigh.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Clemmons, lf	4	0	0	1	1	0
Simmons, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	0
Prim, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Richardson, 1b and p	3	0	0	5	3	1
Hobbs, cf and 1b	3	0	0	4	2	0
Phoenix, ss	3	0	0	2	3	0
Keating, 2b	3	0	0	5	2	0
Sherrill, c	3	0	0	5	2	0
Turner, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
McCormick, cf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Total	27	0	0	24	15	1
Wilmington.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Cooper, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	0
Dubbs, ss	4	0	1	0	3	1
Tydeman, lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Doak, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Kluitz, cf	2	0	1	0	0	0
Burke, 2b	2	0	0	4	4	0
Hawkins, 1b	3	2	2	16	5	0
Hudson, c	3	0	2	4	1	0
Brooks, p	3	0	1	2	4	0
Totals	28	3	9	26*18		1

*Hobbs batted out of order.

Score By Innings.

Raleigh .....000 000 000—0 0 1
Wilmington .....020 000 10x—3 9 1

Summary — Sacrifice hits, Tydeman, Kluttz and Burke; stolen bases, Doak and Turner; struck out, by Turner 3, Richardson 2, Brooks 4; hit by pitched ball, by Brooks 1; passed ball, Sherrill; left on bases, Raleigh 1, Wilmington 4; time 1:20; attendance 1,030; Umpire Barre.

"Sniggers"

Wow!

Which was 'er game.

How about it, Mr. Bane?

B-r-o-o-k-s spelled C-o-n-t-r-o-l.

"My; how that does rool on the tongue."

Burke got two put-outs and one assist in the 4th.

How about giving Carroll a little show at short?

The Sailors were doing the interior wall work this time.

The Red Birds only qualified as Fledglings yesterday.

Not a ball was knocked out of the infield off Brooks' serve.

"If this business keeps up much longer, it will go to my head."

His Umps is the best arbiter that has appeared here—Barre none.

Brooks was surely the Bon Bon Youngster around town last night.

The new twirler, Thompson, has arrived, and will get a try-out shortly.

Brooks was as cool as the shady side of an iceberg; and additionally.

Dubbs' juggle in the 1st was the only discord in a rather harmonious setting.

Such a metamorphosis! From the ridiculous to the sublime in three days.

Well, Wilson did manage to get one game after all. Get busy, Mister Harriss!

Tydeman got his usual hit; and Hudson and Hawkins poled out two each.

Mills will join the team in Raleigh, and Gilmore, backstop, will likely be with him.

No hits—no walks—no swats out of the infield—and no runs! How's that for a record?

Can that Phoenix in shortfield for Raleigh be the same man that once tried out here?

Wilmington's hits in the second session were grouped like a pawn-broker's coat-of-arms.

Phoenix pulled off a tasty cruising mailed mauler catch in the first frame that brought a good round of applause from the stands.

Foxworth, a new aspirant for receiving and infielding honors, and "Coast Line" Green, appeared on the lot in local upholstery.

After pitching rings all around the Birdies, Brooks showed he was some fielder, pulling off four assists and two put-outs by his lonesome.

Mr. Barr's drawling enunciation of file slow-dragging across a sore tooth. file stlow-dragging across a sore tooth. But, maybe, he isn't right with the decisions.

Brooks made a classic nude hand scoop of Keating's bewhiskered driller in the 5th, and recovered prompt enough to catch the runner at the initial station.

The Sailors took a 100-to-1 shot when Hawkins scored in the 7th. That compound pathfinding was the only thing that resembled adipose-noodle work during the entire affair.

If anybody should have the temerity to ask, just whisper that Jack Hawkins played the game of his existence at and around the primary pillow. And that same Jack rung up a couple of swats.

Line up, Bugs, and drape yourselves over the matinee benches tomorrow. With new blood in the line-up, the Sailors intend to make a few strenuous riffles this week to land some needed games.

When Turner was hit by a pitched ball there was a little wandering comment from the grandstand that didn't resemble parlor talk at all;—but precious little. And we only trust it wasn't real Wilmingtonians behind the language.

The News and Observer carries a rumor that His Kinglets was on a still hunt for Moran, the Washington & Lee fan-out wonder. Unless the dope reaches us is incorrect, said gentleman will soon be a member of the Washington "Nationals."

The locals need to pick up a little in their coaching tactics. They're badly off in this important line. How about Manager Kite doing picket duty now and then? He can observe his batters and runners as well as from the bench. Don't embalm this, but think it over.

The second was the going inning; after Doak had singled over third, Kluttz laid down a neat sacrifice along the initial gutter line advancing Doak to third; and on Burke's martyrdom tap Doak crossed the pan. Hawkins safetied to right, Hudson got a life on passed ball, and on Brooks' clean swat over second, Hawkins checked in. Cooper ended the session by atmospshering.

THE GIANTS WON IN NINTH

Connected Hits Off Walsh at Conclusion of Game—Gave Victory to Goldsboro at Rocky Mount—Griffin Injured Slightly.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., June 4.—In an exciting climax the Giants put one man across the rubber in the ninth and won today from the crew. The Railroaders had many opportunities to break it up but never succeeded in circling the corners. Griffin pitched phenomenal ball but was hit on the finger and forced to retire in the eighth. Two connected hits in the ninth on Walsh won the game.

The Tabulated Score.

Goldsboro.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Gates, 3b	3	0	1	5	0	0
Sharpe, 2b	3	1	1	2	1	0
Wolfe, cf	3	0	0	2	0	1
Daily, c	4	0	2	8	2	1
Evans, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Crockett, 1b	3	0	0	9	2	0
Malcom, ss	3	0	0	1	3	0
Webb, rf	3	0	0	0	1	0
Stoehr, p	3	0	1	0	4	0
Totals	29	1	5	27	13	2
Rocky Mount.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Fergus, ss	3	0	1	3	2	1
Gillespie, 3b	2	0	1	3	1	0
Craegan, cf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Donnelly, rf	4	0	0	2	1	0
Phelan, 1b	4	0	2	8	1	0
Gastmeyer, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	0
Bonner, lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Cooney, c	3	0	2	5	1	0
Griffin, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Reeves, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Walsh, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	0	7	27	11	1

Score By Innings.

Goldsboro .....000 000 001—1 5 2
Rocky Mount .....000 000 000—0 7 1

Summary—Sacrifice hits, Sharpe, Wolfe, Craegan, Griffin, Gillespie, 2; hit by pitched ball, Griffin 1; bases on balls, Stoehr 1; struck out, Stoehr 5, Griffin 4, Walsh 1; double plays, Gates unassisted, Cooney to Gastmeyer; left on bases, Rocky Mount 5, Goldsboro 4; time 1:30; Umpire Davis; attendance 1,100.

A LANE AND LUYSTER BATTLE

Exceptionally Fast Game in Which Highlanders Lost Yesterday to Tobacconists—Features of the Contest.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Wilson, N. C., June 4.—In an exceptionally fast game the Highlanders lost to the Tobacconists today 3 to 2. The features were Lane's and Luyster's pitching; Dobson's catch of McGeehan's line drive at first; double play of Miller to Clapp; Guerrant's three sacker; Armstrong's and Schuman's two sackers, together with the all round playing of Dobson, McGeehan and Guerrant; also the head work of Westlake who caught the third base runner at home; Upchurch's umpiring, which was exceptional and devoid of any kicking whatever.

The Tabulated Score.

Fayetteville.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Mullen, cf	3	1	2	3	1	1
Dobson, 1b	3	0	0	11	0	0
O'Hallaran, 2b	4	0	0	1	0	0
Donovan, rf	4	1	0	2	0	0
Schumaker, lf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Luyster, p	3	0	1	1	1	0
Bunting, 3b	4	0	0	2	2	0
Chaney, ss	3	0	0	0	2	1
Galvin, c	3	0	0	4	0	0
Totals	31	2	4	24	6	3
Wilson.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Jacobs, ss	4	0	0	3	1	2
Guerrant, 3b	4	1	1	3	0	0
Schuman, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0
McGehan, 2b	4	1	1	1	3	0
Miller, rf	3	0	0	2	1	0
Clapp, 1b	3	1	1	12	0	1
Armstrong, lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Westlake, c	3	0	0	4	1	1
Lane, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	31	3	5	27	8	4

Score By Innings.

Fayetteville .....000 002 000—2 4 3
Wilson .....001 101 10x—3 5 4

Summary—Sacrifice hits, Dobson; hit by pitched ball, Luyster and hurt badly; bases on balls Lane 1; struck out Luyster 4; Lane 3; two base hits, Schumaker and Armstrong; three base hits Guerrant; double plays, Muller to Clapp; left on bases, Fayetteville 4, Wilson 4; time 1:45; Umpire Upchurch; attendance 650.

CONCERT AT SEASHORE.

Fine Programme at 11 O'clock This Morning—Travelers There.

The combined Lumina and Seashore Hotel orchestra of 21 pieces will give a sacred concert at the Seashore Hotel this morning at 11 o'clock and Capt. Edgar Hinton, the genial host, invites the public to come down and hear the music, which will be grand. The Seashore is rapidly filling with guests and last night the foyer of the hotel, the broad verandas and the new steel pier jutting out into the ocean presented a mid-Summer appearance. The dinner served a la family style in honor of the commercial travelers could not have been surpassed the genial knights of the road were profuse in their praise of the excellent service being given.

DIED FROM BURNS.

Little Daughter of Mr. J. L. Sutton Passes Away.

As the result of burns received while playing with lighted matches Friday afternoon, Catherine Sutton, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Sutton, of Greenville Sound, died Friday night at 11 o'clock. Many friends of the grief-stricken parents will tenderly sympathize with them in their sore bereavement. The body will be taken on the A. & Y. train this morning to Greensboro and thence to Summerfield, a small station beyond Greensboro, where the funeral and interment will take place.

Get an E. M. F. "30." **

Scared Into Sound Health.

Mr. B. F. Kelly, Springfield, Ill., writes: "A year ago I began to be troubled with my kidneys and bladder, which grew worse until I became alarmed at my condition. I suffered also with dull heavy headaches and the action of my bladder was annoying and painful. I read of Foley's Kidney Pills and after taking them a few weeks the headaches left me, the action of my bladder was again normal, and I was free of all distress." Robt. R. Bellamy.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

EASTERN CAROLINA LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Fayetteville	8	3	.727
Wilson	9	3	.750
Goldsboro	6	6	.500
Raleigh	4	7	.364
Rocky Mount	4	8	.333
Wilmington	4	8	.333

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	25	15	.658
New York	25	15	.625
Pittsburg	18	18	.500
Cincinnati	19	18	.514
St. Louis	20	21	.488
Brooklyn	20	21	.488
Philadelphia	14	22	.389
Boston	14	27	.341

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Philadelphia	26	11	.703
New York	24	11	.686
Detroit	25	16	.610
Boston	21	16	.568
Cleveland	15	19	.441
Washington	17	23	.425
Chicago	12	21	.364
St. Louis	7	30	.189

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, June 4.—Brooklyn made it three straight from Pittsburg this afternoon, besides registering their seventh successive victory. The score was 9 to 4. The locals won out by a great batting rally after the game had been tied twice before the seventh inning.

Pittsburg .....020 002 000—4 13 2
Brooklyn .....110 020 41*—9 11 0

Adams, Maddox and Simon; Knetzer, Wilhelm, Barger and Erwin. Time 2:03. Umpires Rigler and Emslie.

Philadelphia, June 4.—After scoring ten straight games Philadelphia managed to win today, St. Louis being beaten 4 to 1. Bates drove in three of Philadelphia's runs with a two-bagger and a triple.

St. Louis .....010 000 000—1 9 1
Philadelphia .....001 021 00*—4 7 2

Harmon, Willis and Phelps; Ewing and Moran. Time 2:07. Umpires O'Day and Brennan.

Boston, June 4.—An exciting contest between Chicago and Boston was decided in the latter's favor today when Sweeney hit the first ball pitched by Brown in the 12th inning over the left field fence for a home run, the only tally of the game. Both pitchers received sensational support, Herzog's playing being especially brilliant.

Chicago .....000 000 000 000—0 8 3
Boston .....000 000 000 001—1 9 1

Brown and Kling; Mattern and Graham. Time 2:10. Umpires Johnstone and Moran.

New York, June 4.—The Cincinnati Reds with Gaspar in the box broke New York's long string of victories today 8 to 2. Timely hitting by Cincinnati and poor fielding by the locals were the chief causes of the defeat. Griffith's men stole bases at will on Myers.

Cincinnati .....100 121 102—8 11 1
New York .....000 200 000—2 9 8

Gaspar and Clarke; Drucke, Raymond and Myers. Time 2:10. Umpires Kane and Klem.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, June 4.—Philadelphia went all to pieces in the third inning today and Detroit made seven runs on five hits, three passes and four errors. Willett was hit hard throughout but this lead pulled him through. In the ninth with the bases filled and two out and two runs in, Stroud was sent in. He retired the side without further damage.

Philadelphia .....012 001 102—7 13 8
Detroit .....017 101 00*—10 9 5

Krause, Coombs, Dygert and Lapp, Willett, Stroud and Stanage. Time 2:15. Umpires O'Loughlin and Perrine.

Cleveland, June 4.—Washington defeated Cleveland 8 to 2 this afternoon. Cleveland took the lead in the fifth on an error of judgment of Johnson, but Washington went to the front in the seventh on errors by Turner and Stovall followed by hits by Johnson and Milan. Six consecutive hits after two were out added five runs for Washington in the ninth.

Cleveland .....010 010 000—2 6 4
Washington .....100 200 050—8 12 5

Young, Link and Easterly; Johnson and Strout. Time 2:00. Umpires Egan and Evans.

Chicago, June 4.—New York defeated Chicago today by good batting 3 to 2. Singles by Wolter, LaPorte and Foster, and Chase's double, counted two New York runs in the sixth. LaPorte's double, Foster's out and Austin's single added another in the ninth

Chicago .....010 000 001—2 6 0
New York .....000 002 001—3 11 1

Scott and Payne; Hughes and Sweeney. Time 1:50. Umpires Kerin and Sheridan.

St. Louis, June 4.—Boston, by hitting at opportune times, defeated St. Louis today by 6 to 0. Wood held the locals to three hits.

Boston .....011 120 100—6 11 0
St. Louis .....000 000 000—0 3 1

Wood and Carrigan; Pelty, Stephens and Killifer. Time 1:57. Umpires Connolly and Dineen.

OTHER GAMES.

Carolina League.

At Charlotte 7; Spartanburg 2.
At Greensboro 6; Winston-Salem 4.
At Anderson 0; Greenville 3.

Virginia League.

At Lynchburg 10; Roanoke 6.
At Richmond 2; Norfolk 1.
At Portsmouth 3; Danville 5.
Second: Portsmouth 1; Danville 5.

South Atlantic League.

At Savannah 4; Macon 3.
At Augusta 3; Columbia 1.
At Columbus 3; Jacksonville 1.

Southern League.

At Atlanta 10; Montgomery 2.
At Chattanooga 4; Birmingham 7.
Others postponed, rain.

College Games.

At New Haven: Princeton 2; Yale 4.
At Cambridge: Harvard 8; Cornell 1.
At West Point: West Point 4; Bucknell 6.
At Hartford, Conn: Trinity 1; Columbia 1. (11 innings.)
At Middletown, Conn: Fordham 5; Wesleyan 0.
At Hanover, N. H.: Dartmouth 12; Mass. Agricultural 9.
At Worcester: Williams 11; Holy Cross 4.

OLD-TIMEY BALL.

Thursday's Game Recalls Another Played in Wilmington in 1871.

Editor Star:—That reminds me, (the game Thursday between Wilmington and Raleigh), of another game of baseball played in Wilmington in 1871 between the Athletics and Harnetts of this city, in which the former won the Championship of the State by a score of 33 to 30. The line up, as well as I can remember was as follows:

Athletics		Harnetts
Jim Wilson	1b.	Horace Springer
Percy Cowan	2b.	John Hessenger
Alex. Sprunt	3b.	Joe Bowden
Geo. Quince	lf.	Courtney Servoss
Ed. Polley	rf.	Aaron Neff.
Ed. Orr	c.	Hen. Servoss
Henry Bauman	p.	Jim Heaton

The shortstops and centre fielders I cannot recall.

The game was played on the then vacant lot, southeast corner of Sixth and Orange streets. Time of game somewhere between 3 1-2 and 4 hours.

No one was allowed to catch in his hat or with gloves. The underhand pitch was then in vogue, and no coaching tolerated. Every man worked out on his own merits. The umpire was a young Methodist Deacon, who only consented to act when it was understood that all vigorous language should be cut out, and his decisions respected. I remember that in any protest either club had with him on a play, he always closed the argument with "Ye-verily-I've decided, play ball," and we played, as you can judge—from the score. After the game was decided in our favor, we were presented with a fine pair of Foul Flags, had our club photographed by Van Orsdell and wound up with a banquet at John Haar's on Front street.

We were very proud of carrying off the honors on this occasion, as we were only a club of young fellows playing against grown up men. I sincerely hope the above will inspire the young fellows of the Wilmington baseball club who are playing against grown up men, not to lose heart, but make it interesting for those Red Birds in the games the coming week by turning the tables, even if they have to choke both the umpire and King Kelly, to win out.

33 TO 30.

CITY LEAGUE TEAMS.

Two Games at Junior Baraca Grounds Yesterday Afternoon.

The first game played yesterday afternoon at the Carolina Heights diamond by the David G. Worth Bible Class team and the Pirates proved a walkover for the Y. M. C. boys after the fourth inning. In the fourth they crossed the dish three times; in the fifth, six times; in the seventh, four times and once again in the ninth, making a total of 13 runs to the Pirates' one. Capt. Thompson, for the Pirates, deserves special mention because of the fighting spirit he had when the odds were ten to one against him. He did not give up until the last man was out in the ninth. Batteries: Jones, Fowler and Thompson, for the Pirates; LeMoyne and Lewis, for the Y. M. C. A.

The second game proved much more interesting for both players and spectators and was classy from the start to the finish. Blue and Fick both pitched heady ball and came off even in striking out batters. The Boys' Brigade's two two-baggers and a single did not come at the right time to help them win out from the Junior Baracas with only two singles. The score was 5 to 4 in favor of the Baracas. Batteries: Fick and Burnett, C., for Boys' Brigade; Blue and Wessell, for Junior Baracas. Umpire R. S. McClelland. Scorer J. B. Huntington.

Fast Game at Wrightsboro.

In a fast and snappy game of baseball at Wrightsboro yesterday, between Wrightsboro and Masonboro, the first named won out by the score of three to one. The game was in doubt until the ninth inning, when, with two men on bases, Boswell, of Wrightsboro lined out a three-base hit, bringing in two runners. Batteries: Wrightsboro, Jones and Seitter; Masonboro, Buck and Darrell.

LUYSTER BADLY HURT.

Hit in Head by Pitched Ball—In Hospital Unconscious at Wilson.

(Special Telegram.)

Wilson, N. C., June 4.—This afternoon in a game between the Fayetteville team and Wilson Champs, Luyster, pitcher for the visitors, was struck just over the temple by a pitched ball while at the bat in the ninth inning when two men were down. He was hurried to the Wilson Sanitorium where he now lies in a critical condition, unconscious from the blow. At 9 o'clock his condition is unchanged.

Get an E. M. F. "30." **

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY. }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

SEAL

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New Books.

The following is a list of the "best sellers" among the recent publications:

"A Splendid Hazard," by Howard MacGrath.
"The Illustrious Prince," by E. Phillip Oppenheimer.
"A Modern Chronicle," by Winston Churchill.
"Going Some," by Rex Beach.
"The Rosary," by Florence L. Barclay.
"The Butterfly man," by George Barr McCutcheon.
"The Crowds and the Veiled Woman," by Marian Cox.
"Kilmeny of the Orchard," by L. A. Montgomery.
"The Man Higher Up," by Henry Russell Miller.
"Lady Merton, Colonist," by Mrs. Humphrey Ward.
"The Fortune Hunter," by Louis Joseph Vance.
"Mary Cary," by Kate Langly Bosher.

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ma 21 2m

THE WEEK AT LUMBERTON

Commercial Club Rally—Politics Local and Otherwise—Rates to the Beach Wanted—Telephone Improvements—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., June 4.—Plans for the most interesting event which has occurred in Lumberton for some time are being formulated for a big banquet to be given on Thursday night, June 16th, under the auspices of the Commercial and Industrial Club. This is to be a banquet participated in by the citizens in general and is not restricted to the membership of the club.

Among the speakers for the occasion will be a representative of the Seaboard Air Line, the presidents of the Raleigh & Charleston and Virginia & Carolina Southern Railways, the president of the Kingsdale Lumber Company, and several speakers of note from other industrial enterprises from different sections of this and other States. President R. D. Caldwell, backed by every member of the Club, will leave nothing undone to make this the greatest success of anything they have yet attempted, and it is sincerely hoped that every citizen here, whether a member of the club or not, will do all in his power to help make the occasion a pleasant as well as a profitable one. This nor any other town can expect to grow and prosper if it does not advertise itself. Let all work together for the upbuilding and prosperity of Lumberton and Robeson county.

When Congressman Godwin gets ready to get out another edition of his paper, with his picture on the front page and its columns filled with clippings of endorsements from other papers, he will find some mighty interesting facts and figures in the last issue of the Robesonian. He should save a copy for future reference. Truly he has introduced many bills.

The street committee appointed only a few days ago by Mayor Rowland is already in hot water. May 19th was the day appointed by the civic association for a general clean-up day, people who owned homes were urged to get busy and put their premises in good order, instructions were given to put trash out where wagons could get to it so it would be removed at once. The trash was raked and piled all over town, and a large number of teams were promised to do the work. On the day appointed one man kept his promise and sent his team. Mr. A. K. Morrison, we are told, was the only man who had his team on hand at the appointed time. The town has one team which is expeted to haul off the trash, keep the streets sprinkled, and haul coal from the railroad to the power plant, very near half a mile. Now, because all the stuff has not been removed on account of the failuse of some citizens to assist in doing the work, the street committee is catching the mischief on all sides. They are simply doing all they can do with the facilities at their command. An earnest effort has been made to hire teams in and out of town to rush this work to completion, but all teams are engaged either on the farms or in doing other hauling of which there seems to be an abundance at this time. It is said that some of the kickers are among those who have not paid their town taxes for last year and those who will not pay until they are forced to it.

About noon yesterday the roof of the kitchen of the residence of Dr. R. M. Norment was discovered to be on fire. Prompt action on the part of neighbors extinguished the flames with little damage. The early discovery was fortunate as the wind was blowing a gale.

The singing class from the Oxford Orphanage delighted a packed house here Tuesday night. Every available seat was occupied, many were standing, and a large number were unable to gain admittance. The prices charged were 15, 25 and 35 cents. The door receipts amounted to $102 and the collection which was taken during the concert amounted to $130, making a total of $232. Lumberton is always delighted to have the orphans come and never fails to show its appreciation by giving liberal donations.

One of the oldest and most highly esteemed ladies in Robeson county is Mrs. Archie Buie, who resides at Buie on the Atlantic Coast Line, ten or twelve miles above Lumberton. Mrs. Buie is 93 years old, and while she had the misfortune a few years ago of losing her eyesight, her general health is said to be good. She is the mother of ten children, seven of whom are living. Her oldest sons, who were twins, are both living, being now 77 years old. The twin brothers, Messrs. D. A. and D. C. Buie, are among Robeson's most honored citizens.

Some person or persons started the report that at the meeting of the rural carriers held here Monday a resolution was unanimously adopted endorsing Congressman Godwin for another term in Congress. We have been asked to state that there is no truth in, or foundation for such report. While Mr. Godwin was invited to address the carriers, there was absolutely no mention of politics in the meeting. The carriers come under the civil service class and do not, or should not, mix up in politics. Improvement of the public roads and the rural mail service were the subjects discussed by Mr. Godwin.

The family of Mr. S. R. Spivey, who have been spending some time visiting at Monroe, returned home this week.

Mr. T. N. McDiarmid left Thursday evening for Black Mountain where he goes in the hope of regaining his health, which for some time has been very unsatisfactory to himself and friends. It is hoped that the change will prove of great benefit to Mr. McDiarmid.

Rev. and Mrs. E. M. Hoyle left Thursday morning for Trinity College, where they will spend several days, returning about the last of next week. In the absence of Mr. Hoyle services will be conducted in the Methodist church tomorrow morning by Messrs. A. W Peace and R. L. Ferguson.

As an evidence of the confidence the Seaboard officials have in Mr. Beverly, the clever agent at this place, as a trainer for young men entering the railroad business, they give him a new man every few days to break in. As soon as one is far enough advanced to check a trunk as far as the next station either way, he is transferred and another sent in.

Tax listing began Wednesday, but as is usually the case, very few made any effort to be first to list. List-taker Parmele was the first to go down, no one else being in waiting when the time arrived. About the last day in June people will begin to get busy and fall over each other in the effort to be kept from being last

Capt. Tom Cox, who has for some time been running the local freight between Lumberton and Marion, has resigned and is succeeded by Capt. Rogers.

It is safe to predict that some of the political wire-pulling now going on in this county is going to hurt somebody, or a lot of people are going to be badly fooled. It is next to impossible to make a confidant of everyone and when letters are already written and sent to people with the request to sign and return somebody is going to tell tales out of school. Some people give these secrets away just as others attend secret meetings and then go out and blow the whole thing.

"W. Speight, of Lumberton", is reported to be engaged in discovering gold and silver over about Bennettsville, S. C., by the use of a magnetic rod. Willis was formerly of Lumberton, but it was so long ago that few people here now know anything about him. The little house just opposite the artesian well at the wooden bridge, west side of the river, is where Willis made his last venture here. If we remember correctly, cider could be sold here in those days.

At a meeting of the Graded School trustees held Thursday afternoon, Miss Mary Milliner, of Leaksville, was elected a teacher to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Miss Gill.

Rev. Ira E. Wishart, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Wishart, three miles from town, returned Wednesday from Louisville, Ky., where for the past two years he was a student in the Southern Baptist Seminary. He expects to return to Louisville for the Fall session.

Dr. Jno. Norman arrived Tuesday from Chattahoochie, Fla., where for some time he was connected with the State hospital of Florida. Dr. Norman will probably decide to locate here for the practice of his profession, and will be welcomed by a large circle of friends. He formerly lived here, having been for some time connected with the McLean-Rozier Drug Co. (now Lumberton Drug Co.)

Forest fires a few miles northeast of here yesterday afternoon must have done much damage, judging from the dense smoke which lasted for several hours.

During the past few days several nice dogs around town have been poisoned. The trouble about the matter is the worthless dogs are the ones to escape the poison when it must be intended for them.

Dr. W. A. McPhaul left yesterday evening for St. Louis, Mo., where he goes to attend the session of the American Medical Association. While away Dr. McPhaul will visit in Nashville, Tenn., where he was once enguged in the drug business.

Mr. Raymond Reynolds has resigned his position with the Pope Drug Company and is succeeded by Mr. Erdman Grantham, of Fairmont. Mr. Grantham is a brother of Mrs. Dr. McPhaul.

The question that Lumberton people would like for the Seaboard to answer is why no Summer rates are given to Wilmington and the beaches as well as to other Summer resorts. There is probably fifty people going from here to the beach for every one going to Jackson Springs, but the beach gets no rate and the Springs do. This must surely be an oversight on the part of the Seaboard. Give us the rate and we'll ride.

Work is expected to begin Monday on rebuilding the telephone plant. Everything will be made new, the work being completed in a few weeks. It is not definitely known yet which building will be occupied by the new exchange, but either one being considered will be a good location. It is supposed that by the time the work is completed here the long distance connections will be made with the outside world. We rejoice at the improvement in the service, but don't want any change in management. Messrs. Branch and Randall are all to the good on the job.

The art exhibit which has been shown at the court house during the past three days under the auspices of the Civic Association, has been well attended, but we understand that from a financial standpoint it was not the success it should have been.

The term of court beginning June 20th will not amount to much, and will probably not be in session over one day. No jury cases will be tried. Only motions being heard.

Mrs. J. J. Crow left Wednesday for Jackson Springs where she expects to remain until about July 1st, after which she will spend some time at Wrightsville Beach. Mrs. Crow was accompanied to the Springs by Dr. Crow, who returned yesterday evening.

Rev. R. W. Townsend, who was hurt a week ago in a runaway near town, is reported to be still suffering from injuries received, and it is said he will not be able to walk for some time.

Dr. and Mrs. R. T. Graham left this morning on the early train for Rowland in response to a phone message last night informing them of the illness of Dr. Graham's mother.

The first native grown apples of the season were offered for sale this week. The fruit crop in this section seems to be an abundant one, the trees in many places already giving away under their heavy loads.

The weather for the past few days has been something out of the ordinary for this section at this season of the year. The minimum temperature on the 2nd was 46, while during the entire month of June last year 60 degrees was the lowest recorded here.

The Robeson Loan and Realty Company was organized here Thursday night. The business of the company will be buying, selling and improving real estate in this and other counties. Officers will be elected at a meeting to be held next week. The movement is backed by considerable capital, represented by business men in Robeson and adjoining counties.

Senator Shaw is all smiles—he has read the Governor's call for an extra session of the Legislature. The Senator says business is awful dull here right at this time, and he is almost glad of a chance to go away for a while, even if the State does foot the bill.

Indigestion Remedy Free

To any victim of indigestion the offer is made that if he or she will send name and address, a free sample of a remedy that is daily curing indigestion will be sent. This remedy is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Instead of taking the advice of your friends, or using lozenges, peppermints and such things, write for this free sample and see what that will do for you. There is no remedy that has been more successful in the cure of indigestion, sick headache, heartburn, etc., than this grand laxative tonic, because instead of being simply a breath perfume it goes to the root of the trouble, which is poor bowel movement, and cures that. Once the bowels are relieved the stomach has a better chance to do its work. Thousands in the past have accepted the offer of a free sample and later became steady users of Syrup Pepsin. All that Dr. Caldwell desires is that you allow him to prove to you, at his own expense, that his remedy will do as claimed. When you have used the sample and are convinced, you can buy a further supply of your druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, just as others are doing who once sent for a free sample. You will learn to abandon "dyspepsia cures" for indigestion and cathartic pills and salts for constipation, for Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a permanent cure, while these are but temporary reliefs. Here is a mild, pleasant, non-griping remedy that can be given to a child with perfect safety. In fact, it is especially adapted to children's ills. Read the many letters of recommendation that users have written for Syrup Pepsin, then try it yourself and you will see that these claims are justified. Thousands of the best American families have Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin constantly in the house.

Use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

Dr. W. B. Caldwell, Monticello, Ill.

Dear Sir:—I was highly pleased with the sample sent me and wish other people who have stomach trouble would know about it. Should be pleased to distribute samples to others who are suffering with stomach troubles.—T. K. WELLER, 1314 Kittatinny St., HARRISBURG, PA.

Your letter and sample at hand. Thought I would answer and tell you that it is the thing I have been looking for. I find it to be the best medicine I have ever used. I am going to get my third bottle this week as I would not be without it. I give it to my children all the time and it acts like magic, and will never be without it. I am thankful to you for it.—MRS. MARY BELFORD, 1710 Coke St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

DR. CALDWELL PERSONALLY WILL BE PLEASED TO GIVE YOU ANY MEDICAL ADVICE YOU MAY DESIRE FOR YOURSELF OR FAMILY PERTAINING TO THE STOMACH, LIVER OR BOWELS, ABSOLUTELY FREE OF CHARGE. EXPLAIN YOUR CASE IN A LETTER AND HE WILL REPLY TO YOU IN DETAIL. FOR THE FREE SAMPLE SIMPLY SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS ON A POSTAL CARD OR OTHERWISE. FOR EITHER REQUEST THE DOCTOR'S ADDRESS IS DR. W. B. CALDWELL, 8.525 CALDWELL BLDG., MONTICELLO, ILL.

Its double strength cuts the coffee bill in two; Its superior quality gives it a value double its price.

THE REILY TAYLOR CO.
NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A.

Is Drinking Your Stumbling Block?

YOU can't hold your job if you drink liquor to excess. You know it and so do I Let's pass over all the other phases of the drinking question and look at the matter from a cold dollars and cents standpoint. Just the same as any other business question.

If your health was badly impaired and you could be restored again to perfect vigor and strength for a few hundred dollars you would gladly spend the money, wouldn't you? You would consider it a good investment.

Now that's just the situation in taking the Keeley cure. The drinking habit is impairing your health and your earning power, until even your job is uncertain.

You say you could stop drinking if you wanted to. Perhaps you could. But then you don't. So the same endless loss goes on

We can stop this loss of earning power for you and stop it *now*. In just a few weeks we can give you new health, new energy and new ambition, and put you again on the high road to greater business success. It's a business opportunity that will pay you many thousand per cent. on the investment. As a cold business proposition—isn't it worth looking into?

Write for booklet.

W. H. OSBORN, President

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

Greensboro North Carolina

:: Clothing and Shoes ::

Our line of Hamberger Bros., Clothing is Complete.

If you Wish to Save Money and go well dressed, then you should see our line by all means.

Our line of Oxfords this spring is by far the prettiest line we have ever shown.

Ladies Ankle Strap Pumps, one and two eyelet Ties, Patent Leather Suede, and tan.

"Man's Urifit" Oxfords for men

Ask to see the "New Yorker, it's a corker."

J. W. H. Fuchs.

Sole Agent for Holeproof Hosiery.

128 to 138 S. Front St. Wilmington, N. C.

:-:When in Need of:-:

Something Good

Flour and at a low price SEE.

J. W. BROOKS

Wholesale Grocer, — Wilmington, N. C.

The Real Attraction

Is not the man in the window, but the hundreds of useful articles of Furniture on our floors. Our stock is by far the most complete, the largest, the newest in the city. As usual, our prices are much lower. All are cordially invited to walk through and be convinced.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

Garrell Building. 126-128 Princess St.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

These time tables are corrected to June 5th, 1910, but their correctness nor the arrivals and departures are not guaranteed, the figures being given as the best available information as to schedules of this company and its connections.

48	42-86	48-80	a via Petersburg. *Daily	89-49	83-41	49
*8:40am	*7:00pm	*8:40am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	6 15pm	9 45am	6 15pm
11 37am	10 05pm	11 37am	Ar. ..... Goldsboro ..... Lv.	2 59pm	6 40am	2 59pm
12:36pm	11:05pm	12:36pm	Ar. ..... Wilson ..... Lv.	1 52pm	5 49am	1 52pm
1 18pm	11 45pm	1 18pm	Ar. ..... Rocky Mount ..... Lv.	12:58pm	5:05am	12:58pm
.....	2:35pm	4:55pm	Ar. ..... Weldon ..... Lv.	11:30am	3:25am	.....
.....	4:00am	7:00pm	Ar. ..... Petersburg ..... Lv.	9:13am	1:40am	.....
5:50pm	a8:00am	.....	Ar. ..... Norfolk ..... Lv.	.....	a8:00pm	*8:15am
.....	4 40am	8 00pm	Ar. ..... Richmond ..... Lv.	8:15am	1:00am	.....
.....	8 00am	11:50pm	Ar. ..... Washington ..... Lv.	4:20am	9:40pm	.....
.....	9:53am	1:20 am	Ar. ..... Baltimore ..... Lv.	2 46am	8 20pm	.....
.....	11:53am	3:40am	Ar. ....West Philadelphia.... Lv.	12 19am	5 44pm	.....
.....	2:15pm	6:30am	Ar. ..... NEW YORK ..... Lv.	*9 25pm	*3 25pm	.....

42-86 and 83-41 carries Pullman buffet sleeping car between Wilmington and Washington connecting with New York trains with Pullman service.

48 and 49 carries Pullman Buffet parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.

	53-89	51-83	*Daily	82-50	80-54	
.....	*3:15pm	*5:35am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	12:55am	1:40pm	.....
.....	7:25pm	9:20am	Ar. ..... Florence ..... Lv.	9:05pm	9:30am	.....
.....	11:20pm	1:35pm	Ar. ..... Charleston ..... Lv.	5:55pm	5:20am	.....
.....	2:40am	6:45pm	Ar. ..... Savannah ..... Lv.	1:20pm	12:15am	.....
.....	11 55am	2 20am	Ar. ..... Albany ..... Lv.	1 25am	1 55pm	.....
.....	9:40m	1:45am	Ar. ..... Thomasville ..... Lv.	2 05am	2 05pm	.....
.....	5 50pm	8 50am	Ar. ..... Montgomery ..... Lv.	6 50pm	6 05am	.....
.....	7:15am	.....	Ar. .... JACKSONVILLE ... Lv.	9:15am	7:35pm	.....
.....	2:05pm	.....	Ar. ..... Sanford, Fla..... Lv.	2 10am	2 55pm	.....
.....	7:00pm	.....	Ar. ..... TAMPA ..... Lv.	9 00pm	10 30am	.....
.....	8:55pm	.....	Ar. ST. PETERSBURG Lv.	.....	6:45am	.....
.....	10:20pm	.....	Ar. FORT MYERS Lv.	*3:00pm	*6:45am	.....

55-89 and 82-50 Pullman service. 51-83 and 80-54 Pullman service south of Florence. *Sleeper on No. 50 may be occupied in Wilmington until 7:00 A. M.

55	51	*Daily.	32-50	54
*8:15pm	*5:35am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	12:55am	1:40pm
7:25pm	9:20am	..... Florence ..... Lv.	9:05pm	9:30am
9:20pm	11:20am	Ar. ..... Sumter ..... Lv.	5:55pm	7:40am
11:10pm	12:55pm	Ar. ..... COLUMBIA ..... Lv.	4:10pm	*6:00am
.....	.....	Ar. ..... AUGUSTA	2:30pm	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... ATLANTA ..... Lv.	7 30am	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Macon ..... Lv.	8 55am	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Chattanooga ..... Lv.	3:00am	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Nashville ..... Lv.	9 30pm	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Memphis ..... Lv.	1 00pm	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Louisville ..... Lv.	2 45pm	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... CINCINNATI ..... Lv.	*10 55am	.....

55 and 50 Pullman sleepers between Wilmington and Columbia which may be occupied at terminals until 7:00 A. M.

57	51-97	55	*Daily	Daily except Sundy.	54	98-50	58
*6:25pm	*5:35am	*3:15pm	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.		1:40pm	12:55am	8:30am
8:10pm	7:30am	5:00pm	Ar ..... CHADBOURN ..... Lv.	*11:40am	*11:02pm	6:45am
11:10pm	11:50am	.....	Lv ..... CHADBOURN ..... Ar.	.....	5:00pm	6:40am
12:45am	1:30pm	.....	Ar ..... CONWAY ..... Lv.	.....	13:30pm	*5:15am

53	*Daily.	52
*8:45am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	8 05pm
11 45am	Ar. ..... Fayetteville ..... Lv.	4 50pm
12 10pm	Lv. ..... Fayetteville ..... Ar.	4 45pm
1 40pm	Ar. ..... SANFORD, N. C. ..... Lv.	*3 30pm

68	62	64	Daily except Sun. xSun. only	60	63	65
x6:45pm	13:25pm	5:50am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON .... Ar.	10:15am	12:50pm	6:50pm
8:30pm	5:17pm	7:48am	Ar. ....Jacksonville, N. C.... Lv.	8:22am	10:56am	4:51pm
9:55pm	6:44pm	9:10am	Ar. ..... Nor & Sou. Jct..... Lv.	7:05am	9:35am	3:35pm
10:00pm	6:50pm	9:15am	Ar. .... NEWBERN, N. C. .... Lv.	x7:00am	9:30am	3:30pm

For folders, Reservations, rates of fares, etc apply to the undersigned.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.

T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

WILMINGTON, N. C.
PHONE 160.

TO THE BEACH
SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect May 28, 1910.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Sts. East Bound.	Leave The Beach. West Bound.
6:30 a. m.	6:15 a. m.
	7:15 a. m.
and every half hour thereafter until.	and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 p. m.	11:45 p. m.
12:00 p. m.	

Freight

Leave Ninth and Orange streets 6:00 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m., and 7:00 p. m.

Freight depot open from 5:30 to 6.00 a. m., and from 8:00 a. m. until 7:00 p. m. Freight received at Ninth and Orange streets only.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Sts. East Bound.	Leave The Beach. West Bound.
7:00 a. m.	7:15 a. m.
8:30 a. m.	7:45 a. m.
	9:15 a. m.
and every half hour thereafter until.	and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 p. m.	11:45 p. m.
12:00 p. m.	

Freight.

Leave Ninth and Orange streets at 11:00 a. m.

Freight depot open from 10:00 to 11:00 a. m.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office or S. A. L. Railway Freight Office Telephones No. 1294 or No. 3.

Trains Leave Wilmington Effective May 15, 1910.

NO. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for Raleigh and points North.

NO. 39—3:45 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:45 P. M.; leave Hamlet 8:05 P. M., arriving Charlotte 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington

NO. 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.

NO. 44—12:20 A. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North at Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 84 for Washington and New York and No. 32 for Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor Car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 39 leaving Wilmington at 3:45 P. M., and No. 40 arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON, Union Ticket Agent, Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Agent. Phone No. 3.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent., Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. BRYAN, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

ma 19 tf

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and North west.

Block System. Rock Ballast 85-lb Rail.

Schedule in Effect May 15, 1910.

Lv. Norfolk	8:15 a m	8:00 p m
Lv. Petersburg	10:50 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:35 p m	2:30 a m
r. Cincinnati	7:30 a m	6:25 p m
r. Columbus	6:45 a m	7:05 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:35 p m	8:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

Steamer Wilmington

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

In Effect From June 1st, 1910.

Leave Wilmington Daily Except Sunday for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9 A. M. and for Carolina Beach at 2:30 P. M. Last Boat leaves Beach at 6 P. M.

SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9:15 A. M. and 2:30 P. M., and for Carolina Beach at 7:30. Last Boat leaves Beach at 8:45 P. M.

FREIGHT.

Will be received for the 9 o'clock Boat Only. No dogs allowed at Carolina Beach. Ma 31-tf.

Atlantic Coast Line

Very Low

EXCURSION

Rates to the

EAST

From Wilmington

To Washington	$16.00
To Baltimore	$18.00
To New York	$26.00
To Philadelphia	$22.80

Final Return Limit
OCTOBER 31, 1910.
Liberal Stop-Overs.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
Phone 160.

n 1 tf

Clyde Steamship Company

to

NEW YORK

and

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
S. S. "Carib".....Friday, June 3rd.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Friday, June 10th.

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Saturday, June 4th.
S. S. "Carib".....Saturday, June 11th.

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
S. S. "Carib".....Monday, June 6th.
S. S. Navahoe".....Monday, June 13th.

Steamship "Carib" does not carry passengers.

Steamship "Navahoe" has good passenger accommodation.

Through bills of lading and lowest brough rates guaranteed to and from all oints in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.

H. H. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
W. E. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., phone 813, So. Bldg.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage made by J. R. Turrentine, Jr., and wife to the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association and registered in Book 58, Page 74, et seq. of the Records of New Hanover County, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder at public auction for cash on Saturday, June 25th 1910 at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, N. C., the following lot of land in said city: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Fifth street, 99 feet south of southern line of Walnut street, runs thence south with said line of Fifth street 33 feet, thence east parallel with Walnut street, 165 feet, thence north parallel with Fifth street, 33 feet; thence west 165 feet to the beginning, being part of west one-half lot 2, Block 208.

WILMINGTON HOMESTEAD AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.
By John D. Bellamy, Aattorney.
ma 25 30d

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY (Inc.) Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under act of Congress, March 2nd 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms No. 61. Call either if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will be invariably rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

Saturday, June 5th, 1910.

The Colonel could have made a better impression for the Yankee Nation by simply posing during his European tour. To the contrary, he has been simply imposing on the foreigners.

Says the Greensboro News: "We are living in hopes of finding a cure for crabonitis at Wrightsville." Come on, Bob. We'll give you the cure when we get you down on the beach next week.

The Greensboro News (Republican) remarks: "It is believed there will be some bright new faces in the North Carolina Legislature next Winter." That's no joke. We're going to vote for all the lantern-jawed opposition to stay at home.

If the people in Col. Roosevelt's audiences had carried their Bibles they could have used it to trace up the origin of all his truisms. People will actually find that the original is more impressively phrased than the paraphrase of the Colonel.

It is stated in literary circles that Kipling will write a poem on Roosevelt. Now we can look out for a poem with teeth, containing lines that zigzag like lightning and measure that sounds like thunder playing in concert with a volcano.

If the Senate attempts to take Senator Lorimer's seat away from him the Illinois Senator can prove by four witnesses that he bought and paid for it. He can take advantage of the plea that the constitution of the United States guarantees his vested rights.

According to medical experts a very small dose of strychnine is more potent than a half gallon of whiskey for neutralizing the poison of snake bites. The substitute may be all right, but those who go fishing will stick to the old remedy rather than run the risk of contracting the morphine habit.

For Bribing a city councilman a Pittsburg bank president was fined $500 and sent to jail for two months. His cashier was fined $500 and got a sentence of four months. This may look like light punishment but no doubt the extenuating circumstance was that the councilman who was bribed is only a cheap skate.

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, is said to have "impoverished himself in the public service and is $40,000 in debt." It seems that it would impoverish some Senators to buy their seats while it impoverishes others to keep their seats after they get them. Nearly every seat in the United States Senate apparently has tacks in it.

Mrs. Clara Shortridge Foltz, a woman lawyer of Los Angeles, Cal., has been appointed assistant United States Attorney, the first woman to occupy such a position in Uncle Sam's service. It is stated that she was appointed because "she proved so able in arguing cases." No doubt this "Colonel" Foltz is also well up on hypothetical questions as it is a reasonable hypothesis that she had a fine opportunity to ply old man Foltz with a few cracker-jacks.

The Hon. Tom Watson of Georgia, who strayed off into Populism, has confessed the error of his way and has come back into the Democratic party. His first appearance in the camp is to make a fight on Congressman Sam Hardwick of the Augusta district and set the party by the ears in order to prevent Hardwick's re-nomination. The red-headed penitent should be given to understond that he should remain at the mourners' bench awhile before he shall be permitted to act like a man with full membership and the rights which all Democrats enjoy of raising a row.

THE DRUMMERS MADE GOOD.

The U. C. T. made good. The Grand Council of the Carolinas which has been holding its annual session in Wilmington for two days, has finished its work and the meeting in every respect has been a fine success.

The boys demonstrated in the city yesterday and frolicked last night at Wrightsville Beach as the culmination of an occasion which no doubt has been pleasant for the visitors and which certainly has been exceedingly interesting and greatly enjoyable to the people of Wilmington.

Elsewhere in the Star is carried the news stories of the commercial travelers, so it is not necessary to speak of that here. However, it must be said that the parade of the drummers yesterday morning was a fine demonstration of the individuality of their organization. That individuality was contributed by the good looking fellows who were on dress parade. The dress-up for the occasion was chick and nobby and the parade was viewed by thousands of bright-eyed Wilmington girls who turned the heads of the festive fellows as if they had been set on pivots. Wilmington's long suit is her charming girls and that is the reason why everybody loves Wilmington and wants to come back.

The parade was representative of the U. C. T. and that means that it was all right. The men made a handsome appearance and the music by Metz's Charleston band, the Fort Caswell Post band, and Charlotte's rattling Drum Corps added a highly enjoyable feature to the spectacular part of the demonstration. All that is told about in the Star's news columns and we only refer to it here in order to say that Wilmington has been delighted with her guests. The gentlemanly samples which the various Councils sent to Wilmington looked good. If all the goods are like the samples, Wilmington would like to have the whole shooting match.

At any rate, the U. C. T. had the freedom of the city while here, and they can have it again whenever they want it. Wilmington will always be delighted to have within its precints a class of gentlemen so representative and superior as the commercial travelers of the Carolinas.

Wilmington adheres to the open door policy, and will always be rejoiced at an opportunity to entertain the gleeful and clever Knights of the Grip.

CURIOUS HISTORY COMMEMORATED.

In Charlotte on Friday Stonewall Jackson Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, unveiled a tablet to mark the grounds used as a "navy yard" by the Confederate States in the latter part of the Civil War. Think of a navy yard 184 miles from any ocean port!

Two of our esteemed Charlotte con, temporaries advocate the ship subsidy proposition and now we know why they are so deeply interested in a movement which, it is alleged, is to be the instrument by which the American merchant marine is to be revived. A mail subsidy which is to amount to about $4,000,000 a year may restore Charlotte to the prestige of a naval station! Nevertheless, it is an interesting historical fact that the Confederates during their momentous struggle against vast odds were reduced to the dire extremity of having a naval repair station and arsenal in the city of Charlotte, then a small town compared with the industrial Queen City of today—the City of Electrical Energy.

The tablet which was unveiled on Charlotte's navy yard on Friday will serve to commemorate a curious and important bit of history, illustrating the distressful emergency of the Nation within a Nation, and at the same time it will be another mute and sad reminder of a Southern heroism and valor that has not been surpassed in the history of the world.

Mark well that the Charlotte tablet was unveiled by women of the South—a self-sacrificing, devoted, loyal and magnificent womanhood that deserves a monument and must have it as the tribute of brave men to the highest type of woman the world ever produced. Let us hope that the tablet at the Charlotte navy yard may not fall a prey to the vandalism of a ruthless industrialism that is constantly obliterating the old landmarks to make way for the further development of the modern and progressive Charlotte.

The Democrats and Republicans of Congress are to have another game of baseball and Speaker Cannon has agreed to act as umpire. Now there is another instance where the umpire will have to take all that is coming to him.

Governor Harmon is a former judge, and as Col Bryan also is a lawyer he should have known that the Governor was fully aware that he need not necessarily answer any questions that would tend to incriminate himself.

"When is a woman happily married?" inquires a woman's magazine. When she has a husband who is so docile that he will stand hitched till the lecture is over.

After some Senators buy their seat they don't know what to do with it till the time comes to vote against the interests of the people.

THE IRREPRESSIBLE CONFLICT.

The past week has been made notable by a momentous circumstance that doubtless will prove gravely eventful. We allude to the fact that twenty-five transcontinental and interstate railways served notice upon the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington of a considerable increase in freight rates, and the counter fact that injunction proceedings were immediately begun to restrain the railroads from putting the increased rates into effect.

In addition to the general indictment that the combined action of the railroads is in restraint of trade and, therefore, a violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Ast, one allegation of the opposition to the increase of rates is that if the agreement of the combined railroads is carried out it will mean that they will squeeze shippers out of $6,000,000 in addition to the rates now paid. The railroads, of course, set up a general denial of the charges of the government against them and have appealed to Caesar. Many railroad presidents, therefore, will be in Washington on Monday to confer with President Taft concerning the situation.

This is one of the most serious questions of the day. It is a matter of immense magnitude to the railroad companies and is of equal magnitude so far as the interests of the people are concerned. It is not the impending conflict. It is the inevitable conflict. It is the irrepressible conflict between the people and the common carriers of this country.

The conflict is one of long standing and the end is not yet. So far as the railroads are concerned, it might have been anticipated that they would increase rates—we might say, would have to increase rates. They are also the victims of the prevalent high prices of commodities and supplies, and the general increase in wages has no doubt made a demand upon the carriers for the creation of more revenue. The increase comes out of their patrons, the people, the consumers, and the "ultimate", he pays the freight.

This increase of rates is the vexed question of the hour. Its settlement is a problem deeply affecting the railroads and the people and it is hoped that it will be settled without affecting property interests tied up in the railroads and without detriment to the people. We expected the increase and we feared the result after the severe financial strain under which this country suffered in 1907 and is yet suffering.

As between practical confiscation of railroad properties through the courts and the burdening of the people with the carriers' charges, there appears to be a serious problem and we dread the drift of it. The Hon. William J. Bryan, in the famous New York speech which doomed his Presidential chances, predicted it and no doubt he is biding his time, considering present conditions and the future. If there is not some equitable solution of the problem we fear the ultimate fulfilment of his prediction of government ownership of railroads. Sorry the day!

After all, is not the question of discrimination in freight rates a greater and more serious question than that of an increase of rates? An increase bearing equitably on all distributing points would not create near so much dissatisfaction as the unjust discrimination that arouses and continues to arouse fierce antagonism to the railroads. The railroads have to "live" and have the resources for bettering their operations, or we will have no railroads. Any course that will bankrupt them will be ruinous to the people as well, and we do not think the people are ready to do that and not yet willing to face the consequences—the "ultimate solution" that has been predicted.

We know that the people will be insurgents as long as discrimination is practiced, and so whither are we drifting? Where are the master minds—the statesmen—the patriots—to find solution of this irrepressible conflict?

The Europeans probably have been led to believe that he is our Teddymagne.

Perhaps it will make London a little cautious how she tenders the freedom of the city to Rough Riders.

It is said that when Senator Aldrich retires he will go to farming. Let him come South where he can raise more cane.

It is again announced that perpetual motion has never been discovered. It doesn't have to be discovered. Col. Roosevelt is it.

It is all right to "lay up something for a rainy day", but it doesn't mean that you can lay up an umbrella that doesn't belong to you.

Augusta wouldn't want to pay President Taft's traveling expenses if the Augustinians thought he would travel in the wrong direction.

WHERE IS GREENWOOD? Everybody is asking. Get on the free street cars at Front and Princess, 3 P. M. Monday, June 6th, and they will take you right to the grounds. Penny Bros., Twin Auctioneers. **

Today at Lumina concert afternoon and night by 16 piece orchestra. **

DON' FLY THE TRACK.

Georgia's irrepressible Tom Watson having abjured Populism and again accepted the Democratic faith, it is right and proper to state that it took him many years to come to the realization that the party knew more than he did. All men who may get it into their heads that they can judge party standards better than all the old standbys can contemplate the meanderings of Tom and learn a lesson from the facts. The best thing for a prodigal to do is to stay at home and save himself the trouble of coming back with a stain on his loyalty.

If a man will follow his honest convictions he will not go very far wrong. He may meet up with disappointments, and dissatisfaction may sometime come his way, but the straight track is always better than the sidetrack. The main line goes somewhere while the sidetrack means a slowdown, a halt and a wait. Don't sidetrack. Keep straight ahead.

When a man sees a will-o'-the-wisp and follows it he is bound to get swamped. The man who strays off after false gods will get confused and lose his way. If a man doesn't stray off he will not have to come back, neither with apologies nor excuses.

Tom Watson, brilliant, versatile and impulsive, put his foot in it when he tried unknown fields for the exercise of his genius. Motives may have led him away or he may have thought he was following his convictions, but verily, verily no man should let his motives fool him into the belief that they are convictions.

This is intended as a warning for all good men to keep from flying the track. Keep your head level. A level head will carry you on a further stretch than can be reached by any flight of genius. Genius in nothing unless horse sense is its pilot.

The real object of these brief remarks is to enjoin men not to fly the track at every false signal.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Roosevelt has dined with the editor of London Punch. The juxtaposition was a happy one; the renovator of stale aphorisms and Noah's ark truisms on one side the festive board, and the retailer of jokes which date back to pre-Adamic days, and as pointless as a mush pudding, on the other.—Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.

The Charlotte Drum Corps will assist the local traveling men in showing Wilmington just how live this city is. We might state further that both organizations are to be envied their opportunity to taste genuine old-fashioned hospitality as the term is understood in New Hanover.—Charlotte Observer.

"Keep on watching Wilmington's progress," advises the Star. The fine old city by the sea is shaking herself in great style recently, and we doubt if there is a city in the South, outside of Charlotte, that is making a business and commercial expansion to match what Wilmington is doing in that line.—Charlotte Chronicle.

The bonds to be refunded are an old debt refunded. They do not add a single dollar to the State's indebtedness. This for the information of the 2x3 little Republican editors who are trying to make political capital in North Carolina out of the stringency in the money market in every part of the United States.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Senator Simmons' proviso designed to protect boat lines against cuts made by railroads on the familiar trust principle is an excellent measure, and we are glad that it met with acceptance The practice of killing water competition at the expense of non-water points and often depriving even the water points of any ultimate benefit has gone quite far enough.—Charlotte Observer.

The final estimate of coton acreage, compiled from 1,845 replies of special correspondents of The New York Journal of Commerce of an average date of May 22nd, shows an increase of 3.6 per cent over last year, representing an area planted of 33,448,090 acres, Virginia excluded. This is the largest acreage on record, exceeding slightly the year 1908. A month ago its preliminary report indicated an increase of 3.2 per cent.—Charlotte Chronicle.

The Index is eternally opposed to the way this franking privilege is used. It gives the man who is in Congress the advantage of constant communication with his constituency without cost for postage. Seeds, letters, and all kinds of advertising matter calculated to boost the Congressman who desires to retain his seat can be sent to the thousands of voters in his district without expense. This is where a large part of the postal deficit comes in.—Fayetteville Index.

The amendment which Senator Simmons got into the railroad bill, had special reference, we take it, to conditions on the Cape Fear, between Wilmington and Fayetteville. His amendment provides that "When application is made to the commission by a carrier to fix a lower rate for longer than for shorter distances on account of water competition, said application shall not be granted if the commission, after investigation, shall find that the lower rate asked for will destroy water competition." Explaining his amendment, Senator Simmons "gave instances in which railroad companies had put down rates to drive out boat lines and then with this result accomplished had increased the rates again." And that is just what has happened at Fayetteville.—Charlotte Chronicle.

If Roosevelt's speech expresses the ideas of modern Americanism, Patrick Henry's patriotic words should be torn from the First Readers of young Americans and Roosevelt's truckling twaddle substituted. Let our sons no longer be taught to declaim "Give me liberty or give me death!" but let them be taught to plead for imperialism and oppression. If Patrick Henry's speech was treason to the throne, then Roosevelt's speech is treason to the Republic. Mr. Roosevelt should go home for the relief of his country and for his own advantage. The United States is being misrepresented abroad by a tin soldier, by a toy colonel, who, though unwilling to submit to military discipline for the few days that he was in the army, has been forever since trying to inflict military methods and arbitrary rule upon his own people and upon others. Mr. Roosevelt should go home and should study more closely and carefully the free republican institutions that have made his country and have permitted him.—W. R. Hearst's Cablegram in New York American.

The mayors of North Carolina could not spend their time in convention more profitably than upon such subjects as the taxation handicap placed upon cities, the freight-rate discrimination against North Carolina, and typhoid fever prevention. They are likely, because it is within their particular province, to give the tax question more thought than any other, though some of them will hardly speak out quite as loud and bold as Mayor Hawkins of Charlotte did Thursday. The fact is, this question presents embarrassment in its political aspect. As a well-known public man declared some years ago, there can be no question that the North Carolina tax system is grossly unjust to the towns. So long as those profiting by the abuses have 87 per cent of the votes, added this statesman, however, prospects for reform will remain distant. Meanwhile it is obvious to the most casual observer that throughout the State counties are almost without exception financially prosperous, while towns, bearing the great brunt of county and State taxes in addition to taxes of their own, are almost without exception pinched. The inequality of burdens, moreover, tends to grow as time passes. It is well that the mayors should discuss this problem, even if no actual step toward a solution can be made.—Charlotte Observer.

YOU BUY LOTS at Greenwood Monday at your own price. In the past the other fellow has made the price. Don't fail to get on the cars at 3 P. M., at Front and Princess. **

The Twins will sell land at auction on Nixon street on June 6th, 10:30 A. M. It is worth your while to go out and hear them. **

Happy, Happy, Use TIZ

A Marvel For Sore Feet. Acts Right Off.

Sore Feet? Never After Using TIZ—

Good-bye sore feet, aching feet, swollen feet, sweaty feet, smelling feet, tired feet.

Good-bye corns, callouses and bunions and raw spots.

You've never tried anything like TIZ before for your feet. It is different from anything ever before sold.

It acts at once and makes the feet feel remarkably fresh and sore-proof.

TIZ is not a powder. Powders and other foot remedies clog up the pores. TIZ draws out all poisonous exudations which bring on soreness of the feet, and is the only remedy that does. TIZ cleans out every pore and glorifies the feet—your feet.

You'll never limp again or draw up your face in pain, and you'll forgot about your corns, bunions and callouses. You'll feel like a new person.

If you don't find all this true after trying a box of TIZ, you can get your money right back.

TIZ is for sale at all druggists at 25 cents per box, or it will be sent you direct if you wish from Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill.

BATH SUITS

Ladies', Men's and Boys' Suits. Great Variety of Styles and Cloths.

Ladies' Suits.....$1.50 to $5.00
Men's Suits.....98c to $5.00
Boys' Suits.....50c to $2.00
Hammocks.....$1.50 to $5.00

Traveling Bags, Suit Cases and Trunks.

Indian Tents, Indian, Cowboy and Rough Rider Suits.

Boys' Wash Suits.....$1.15 and $1.50

Everything for the Beach.

We close Friday at 1 o'clock.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Deltox Rug.
30x56 75
36x72 .....$1.39
9x12 .....$7.50

THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

DAVID'S

You dont believe all the fish stories you hear; "the one that got away" is always the big one; but it is seldom as big a "whopper" as the story he tells about it.

You don't believe all the clothes stories you hear, either; some of them are like the fisherman's tale; there's no way to prove it. Now, we've got a good clothes story to tell you; it's about

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

and we've got the goods to prove what we say about them. Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are better than any description of them; they're all-wool, which means a lot more than those words convey. They're correct in every detail of style and tailoring; they give a man a correct fit, and make him look and feel well-dressed.

That's why we sell them; and that's why you ought to buy them.

Blum & Kochs' Straw Hats.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes and other good things to wear for Men and Boys.

The A. David Company
Tailors and Clothiers.

The BELLE of CAROLINA

Is the Finest Product of the Vine.

It's a rich, dark red wine, light in alcohol, and made from the largest and choicest Flowers Grapes. Its flavor is delightful. Connoisseurs all over the country unite in praising this product of Carolinas' sunny vineyards.

Bear's "Belle of Carolina," served with any informal dinner, adds much to the pleasure of the occasion.

One case containing 12 bottles (5s) will be shipped express prepaid for $7.00. Write for booklet containing Price List and many helpful hints on the selection and serving of wine. All of our goods are guaranteed under the National and State Pure Food Laws.

SOL. BEAR & COMPANY,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE

French Millinery Parlors.

Big reduction of Summer models in large and small hats in plain and fancy straws. Beautiful trimmed hats for all dress occasions in great variety. All ribbons, flowers, etc, greatly reduced. We invite your inspection.

ELEVATOR SERVICE

3rd Floor A. D. BROWN'S

THE FRENCH MILLINERY PARLORS.

TRAVELERS RETURN

Exercises of Fourth Annual U. C. T. Convention Concluded Last Night.

ENTERTAINMENT FEATURES

Grand Street Parade, River Trip, Dinner at Seashore and Elaborate Dance at Lumina Marked the Closing Day.

A grand street parade in the morning, traversing the principal thoroughfares of the city, a delightful trip down the historic Cape Fear river, embracing a stop at and inspection of Fort Caswell, an enjoyable dinner at the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, in the evening, followed by an elaborate and attractive souvenir dance at Lumina marked the closing day of the fourth annual meeting of the Grand Council of the Carolinas, United Commercial Travelers, conceded by all to have been the largest attended, most pleasant and profitable gathering of the traveling men and their families in the history of the rapidly growing organization. From early in the morning until late last night the visitors were on the go, there was something to attract their attention and enlist their interest every moment in the day.

Although the fourth annual meeting of the Grand Council formally passed into history with the grand ball at Lumina and thoughts of many are now turning to the next meeting in Greensboro, the traveling men and their fair companions have not forsaken the city and pleasure resorts, but many will remain over for several days, drinking in the refreshing and invigorating sea breezes. One and all declare this to have been their best meeting in every respect and they are profuse in their expressions of appreciation of the manner in which they were entertained by Cape Fear Council, No. 374, and the cordial reception given them by the people generally of Wilmington. For many it was the first visit they had ever made to Wilmington and the unsurpassed Summer resorts adjacent and they were so favorably impressed that many will return later in the season for several days sojourn at the beaches and will bring with them a number of their friends.

Grand Street Parade.

A day filled with interest and pleasure for the visitors and the many townspeople who joined them in their festivities, was begun with a grand street parade in the morning, the procession moving promptly at 9:30 o'clock. The procession was the largest in the history of the Grand Council and was reviewed by hundreds of Wilmingtonians who crowded the various points of vantage along the line of march. The procession formed at corner of Front and Chesnut streets in the following order: Six mounted policemen—Messrs. W. R. Applebury, C. G. Jones, W. G. Brinkley, T. M. Hall, B. W. Jacobs and Leon George; Metz's Charleston Band, Grand Council officers in automobiles, Charleston Council, Raleigh Council, Charlotte Drum Corps, Charlotte Council, Columbia Council, Fort Caswell Band and Wilmington Council. The procession moved up Chesnut to Third, thence on Third to Red Cross, on Red Cross to Front, on Front to Nun, on Nun to Third, on Third to Market and on Market to the steamer Wilmington's wharf.

The Charleston and Fort Caswell bands discoursed delightful music as they marched through the streets and the selections were greatly enjoyed by all within the sound of the tuneful instruments. The Charlotte Drum Corps, a credit to the Queen City, made a splendid showing in the parade and received the compliments of many citizens gathered along the streets. The traveling men, most of whom wore the prescribed uniform of white duck trousers, blue or black sack coat, regulation cap of the order and official badge, and all carrying an umbrella in the colors of the order, blue, white and gold, attracted considerable attention and were applauded all along the line of march.

Capt. E. A. Metts, of the Wilmington Light Infantry, was chief marshal and he had as his assistants Messrs. R. E. Tapp, John VanB. Metts, Horace H. Pearsall and Ashley B. Bowden. The parade was well managed by the chief marshal, passing off without a hitch anywhere.

With the exception of Metz's band of Charleston, which had to return home in the afternoon, all those taking part in the parade and a hundred or more ladies, boarded the handsome steamer Wilmington at 11 o'clock for a trip down the river. The party arrived at Fort Caswell at 1:30 P. M. and were cordially received by the officers in charge who took pleasure in showing the visitors over one of the most modern forts on the Atlantic coast. A baseball game between two fort teams was one of the features of the stay on the government reservation. The party returned to the boat at 3 o'clock and left immediately on the return trip. Shortly after re-embarking upon the steamer an elegant luncheon was served by Mr. Emil A. Herbst, the caterer. Arriving here at 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon the party went to Wrightsville Beach, where at 7:45 P. M. dinner was served at the Seashore Hotel, a'la family style and it was greatly enjoyed by all.

The crowning feature of the meeting was the souvenir dance at Lumina, beginning at 9 o'clock. The event was given by the Tidewater Power Company complimentary to the visitors and it was one of the most attractive of the many that have been given at the pleasure resort. In addition to the visitors there were in attendance hundreds of townspeople, the pavilion being literally crowded with people throughout the evening. Lumina was brilliantly lighted from top to bottom. The music furnished by Lumina's new orchestra of 16 pieces, being the same that appeared in the Music Festival a few days ago, was superb. It is as fine an organization of its kind as will be found anywhere. It was regretted that the famous Metz's band of Charleston, S. C., had to return home in the afternoon and was therefore not able to be present and supplement the music of the orchestra. The Charlotte Drum Corps gave a fancy drill which met with a most enthusiastic reception. Every figure was heartily cheered. During the progress of the drill two large United States flags were unfurled from the ceiling, and a little later on a large Confederate flag was unfurled, dropping between the two United States flags, amidst the enthusiastic applause of the large crowd.

The dance last night, which was one of the prettiest ever given at Lumina, marked the formal opening of the pleasure palace for the 1910 season and from now on there will be something doing at Lumina every night. The whole pavilion was decorated in colors of the organization—blue, white and gold. A festooning of these colors extended clear around the ball room floor, and all the posts were prettily draped with the colors. In each of the large post holes near the ceiling was displayed a large monogram of the initials of the organization, lighted from behind. Numerous forms in the shape of the monogram were hung about the ball room floor, suspended from the ceiling, these forms being wire frames covered with paper festooning. Placed around the walls, draped with colors, were numerous dress-suit cases making a very appropriate decoration for the occasion. One of the features of the decorations which attracted considerable attention, especially from the traveling men, was a lay-figure, dressed as a "knight of the grip", carrying a suit case on which were the initials "U. C. T."

Very handsome souvenirs were given to the ladies. They were in the form of hatpin holders in leather of many colors. There were 300 of these distributed, and as souvenirs on occasions of this kind are only given to the ladies that form in line for the grand march, it means that there were about 600 people on the floor for the grand march.

The Dinner at Seashore.

Undoubtedly one of the most enjoyable features of the visitors' sojourn here was the dinner at the Seashore Hotel last night. Manager E. L. Hinton received the praise of all the guests for the excellent menu and splendid service. The dining room was attractively decorated in the colors of the order with United States flags suspended here and there. The dinner really marked the formal opening of the Seashore and the season was certainly auspiciously begun. Many of the visitors are at the Seashore and will spend Sunday there.

The supper was presided over by Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, and he extended through Mr. W. O. Page an invitation to all the traveling men who spend Sunday here to attend services at his church this morning.

On board the steamer Wilmington on the outgoing trip yesterday there were a number of impromptu talks by representative traveling men, and nearly every speaker made a pleasing reference to Wilmington and the royal entertainment provided for her guests.

LELAND PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Closed a Most Successful Eight Months' Term Last Tuesday.

The public school of Leland closed a most successful term of eight months Tuesday, May 31st. Under the very capable management of Miss Jennie Corbett, of Wilmington, assisted by Miss Mary Adams, of Leland, the 55 pupils did most creditable work.

The entertainment given by the school last Tuesday evening was a neighborhood event. A large crowd, numbering many visitors from Southport, Wilmington, and the surrounding country, gathered at the school house early in the evening. Seats had been placed outside the school building and an improvised stage erected, this arrangement making it possible for the entire crowd to have a full view of the stage.

The Old Maids' Convention, participated in by a number of the young folks of the community elicited hearty applause. The personal Page, read by the secretary of the Convention furnished much merriment, dealing as it did with the eligibility of the young men of the neighborhood.

Recitations by the little folks was followed by the comedietta, "A Case of Suspension," which was most creditably presented.

Mr. Ward, of Winnabow, Mr. Mc Keithan, of Town Creek, Miss Erma Davis, of Southport, Miss Bettie Schuken and Mrs. H. E. O'Keef, of Wilmington, assisted Miss Corbett and made for themselves many friends in the community.

THE UNITED WIRELESS.

Investors Given Another Opportunity For Stock—Mr. Farmer.

Investors in Wilmington and elsewhere in the State will be interested in the announcement that Mr. J. Bailey Farmer, of this city, has been appointed sales agent for North Carolina of the United Wireless Telegraph Co., and that he has opened an office in the Garrell building, Room 20, from which the business in this State will be directed. Much of this stock is already held in Wilmington and in North Carolina and its upward tendency during the past few months has been watched with interest. The United Wireless is doing 85 per cent. of the wireless business of the world and has for its patrons the leading governments of the two continents. It is now offering its 7 per cent. preferred participating stock at $50 per share until June 15th, at which time the securities will be taken off the market. Mr. Farmer would be glad to answer any inquiries relative to the fine investment opportunity which he has to offer in this stock.

A Woman's Great Idea

is how to make herself attractive. But, without health, it is hard for her to be lovely in face, form or temper. A weak, sickly woman will be nervous and irritable. Constipation and Kidney poisons show in pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. But Electric Bitters always prove a godsend to women who want health, beauty and friends. They regulate Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood; give strong nerves, bright eyes, pure breath, smooth, velvety skin, lovely complexion, good health. Try them. 50c. at Robert R Bellamy's.

JONES-HOPE DUEL RECALLED

Desperate Battle at Old Point Comfort Between Young Civilian and U. S. Naval Officer—Interesting Incident.

The following editorial from the New York Sun of Friday, May 27th, the day following the announcement of the death at Pasadena, Cal., of Capt. J. Pembroke Jones, well known in Wilmington where he spent many years and where he had a number of intimate friends, will be read with much interest, especially in view of the fact that this important incident in the life of Capt. Jones was overlooked at the time of the death:

A Forgotten Duel.

"The issue of the Baltimore Sun of May 2, 1849, contained an account of a desperate duel fought at Old Point Comfort between James Barron Hope, a young civilian, and John Pembroke Jones, an officer of the United States navy. Both fell, mortally wounded apparently, but both survived, Hope to become a poet and man of letters, and Jones to reflect distinction on Virginia as a brave naval officer in the Mexican and Civil wars. Hope died years ago, and Jones on Wednesday at Pasadena.

"The duel in which the hot headed youngsters engaged was one of the most celebrated in a day when resort to the code for satisfaction, no matter how trivial the quarrel, was an honored custom. Especially were naval officers addicted to duelling, but not to such a degree as in the early part of the century, when men could boast of having been out a score of times. The Jones-Hope meeting was purely an affair of honor. Midshipman Jones resented invidious remarks about his absent brother by Hope, a grandson of Commodore James Barron, who killed Commodore Stephen Decatur in a famous duel, and Jones challenged Hope; the latter protested that he had no quarrel with Midshipman Jones, whom he very much respected, but an indiscreet friend of the young naval officer made an encounter inevitable by suspicions of Hope's courage. In the duel that followed James Barron Hope used the pistol with which his grandfather at Bladensburg killed the intrepid Decatur, to his lasting sorrow during a career that carried him to the head of the navy.

"Civilian Hope and Midshipman Jones, scions of 'The first families of Virginia,' stood at ten paces when they exchanged shots at Old Point Comfort with such accurate aim, and as Hope lay on the ground he gallantly sent his compliments to the prostrate midshipman and hoped that he was not seriously hurt. They were sworn friends afterward, attending the same church and attracting the envy and admiration of their friends and neighbors in Tidewater Virginia. Hope, although believing in the efficacy and need of the code duello to the last (he died in 1887) was a gentle soul greatly esteemed for his intellectual qualities; and Pembroke Jones, as his intimates called him, was a modest and amiable gentleman.

"In an anthology of Virginia poetry James Barron Hope's verses would find a place, and as an accomplished editor he is still remembered. The fame of Pembroke Jones is part of the history of the Civil war. He was executive officer of the Merrimac in her memorable battle with the Monitor, and all through the four years' conflict he served with great distinction. There is now another oldest graduate of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, for the distinction belonged to Capt. Jones before he drew his last breath. In sketches of his life that appeared in yesterday's newspapers mention was made of his career in the old navy and of his exploits in the Confederate service, but the duel at Old Point Comfort 61 years ago, one of the last affairs of the kind in which an American naval officer engaged, had been forgotten. We may be sure it will long be treasured in the archives of the Hopes and the Joneses as a heroic example of the chivalry of feudal ancestors, however false some of their standards appear to later generations."

The following interesting incident in connection with the story of the duel as narrated above was told Capt. J. Alvis Walker, and it came originally from a sister of Capt. Jones, who had been told of it by her mother, and adds interest to the duel in question:

"It seems that Capt. Pembroke Jones was anxious to keep all knowledge of the approaching duel from being known by his father, being fearful it might in some way be prevented. He, however, went with a story of it to his mother, a Virginia mother, who boasted of 17 children and who in spirit deserved to be classed in history with those of Sparta. She listened to the story calmly and sympathetically and, going to her bureau, took out her old and yellowed wedding gloves. They were no longer white but they were full of sacred memories to her. Cutting them up for wadding for the pistols she walked with her boy across the woods surrounding the place to a wheat field, out of sight of passersby, and handing the boy the pistol she said, 'Lee, shoot the tallest blade that waves backward and forward in the breeze; take your aim.' As the golden head fell at the first shot, he was applauded and encouraged until after an hour's practice, she walked, with firm step and confident spirit, back to the old home with him. This old home, nestling in the midst of virginal forest, on the banks of the Great James, which had been a kingly grant to his ancestors and which to the day when he breathed his last at Pasadena, it was his proud boast had never belonged to anyone but a Pembroke Jones."

After the land sale at Love Grove Monday go to the afternoon sale at GREENWOOD, the beautiful new suburb. **

A NOTRE DAME LADY'S APPEAL.

To all knowing sufferers of rheumatism, whether muscular or of the joints, sciatica, lumbagos, backache, pains in the kidneys or neuralgia pains, to write to her for a home treatment which has repeatedly cured all of these tortures. She feels it her duty to send it to all sufferers FREE. You cure yourself at home as thousands will testify—no change of climate being necessary. This simple discovery banishes uric acid from the blood, loosens the stiffened joints, purifies the blood, and brightens the eyes, giving elasticity and tone to the whole system. If the above interests you, for proof address Mrs. M. Summers, Box B, Notre Dame, Ind.

FIRST ANNUAL TOURNAMENT

Cape Fear Golf Club Will be Represented at Events at Greenville Next Week—May Come Here Next Year.

The first annual tournament of the Carolina Golf Association, composed of a large number of the golf clubs in North and South Carolina, will be held at Greenville, S. C., June 16th, 17th and 18th, and the Cape Fear Golf Club, of this city, will be represented by a strong team to be selected within the next few days. The association was organized at Charleston, S. C., last year with a large and enthusiastic membership.

The tournament will be conducted over the links of the Sans Souci Golf Club, near Greenville. Accommodations for the contestants can be had at the club which is delightfully situated and has running water and gas throughout. Those desiring to stop in Greenville can find accommodations in the "Mountain City" and those interested in the rates should apply to Mr. J. E. Sirrine, secretary of the Sans-Souci Golf Club.

The following are the events announced: Thursday, June 16th—Forenoon qualifying round 18-round holes medal play and team match; afternoon, one round championship match (first 16). Friday, June 17th—Forenoon two round championship match; one round defeated eight (consolation); one round, third eight; one round, fourth eight; afternoon semi-finals all events. Saturday, June 18th—Finals all events (36) holes. Handicap match in the morning or afternoon at option of players. Finalists not eligible.

The rules of the United States Golf Association to govern, with such exceptions as the committee may announce during the days of the tournament. The tournament committee will interpret the rules and decide disputes, its decisions to be final, subject to right of appeal under the governing rules.

It is understood that a determined effort will be made to bring the second annual tournament to Wilmington and members of the Cape Fear Golf Club believe that they will be able to land the meet.

CONCERTS AT LUMINA.

Two Interesting Programmes There This Afternoon and Night.

The first concert with the whole orchestra will be given at Lumina today. An excellent programme has been arranged. The orchestra this season is the finest that has ever played at Lumina, being the same one that furnished the music for the May Festival. There are 16 pieces in the orchestra and every player is an artist of ability. Among the numbers for the afternoon concert today is the "Yankee Girl," "Joycelyn," "Knight for a Day." At the night concert one of the features will be a selection by the Kneisel string quartette. The programmes are as follows:

Afternoon.

March—Blaze of Glory.....Holzmann
Musical Comedy—"The Yankee Girl" .....Silvio Hein
(Blanche Ring's latest success)
a "Berceuse" from Joycelyn..Goddard
b Scarf Dance.....Chaminade
Characteristic—"Teddy after Africa" .....Pryor

Part II.

Operetta—"Knight for a Day" .....Raymond Hubbel
Zug Der Frauen—"Lohengrin" Wagner
Cornet Solo—Selected..Frank Schirch
Grand Selection—Maritana...Wallace

Night.

"Gloria"—from 12th Mass.....Mozart
Comic Opera—"The Dollar Princess" .....Leo Fall
"Softly! Unawares!".....Paul Lincke
Overture—"Semiramide"... ..Rossini

Part II.

Remicks Successes 1910..J. B. Lampe
Kneisel String Quartette.....
Sacred Song—"Calvary".Paul Rodney
Military March No. 2—Pomp and Circumstance.....Edward Elgar

MR. S. W. HOLDEN INJURED.

Well Known Citizen Struck by Street Car and Painfully Hurt.

In crossing Front street at the intersection of Walnut about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Mr. S. W. Holden, one of Wilmington's oldest citizens, was run down by street car No. 23 and painfully, though not seriously, injured. He was taken to his home and attended by Dr. Joseph Akerman, who found that there were no bones broken, but that there were painful bruises on the left shoulder, left side of face and left elbow. Mr. Holden was resting very comfortably yesterday afternoon and unless some complications arise he will be able to be out in a short time.

High School Honors.

In the list of honors at the Wilmington High School as read on commencement night by Supt. Blair, third in the list for the freshmen class should be the name of Miss Emily Hammond 98.2 while the fourth should have been Miss Katherine M. Hammond with an average of 97.7. Both are the attractive daughters of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Hammond, of this city, and have taken a very high stand in scholarship in the Wilmington Schools.

Zeb Winner will play the piano at Joyland every day. **

Get an E. M. F. "30." **

Home Fat Reducer

Works Rapidly and Safely—Requires No Exercising and Allows You to Eat What You Like—Cut This Out.

For the benefit of those who wish to reduce their flesh quickly and safely, we will give the receipt and directions in full for a simple house-hold remedy that can be obtained at trifling cost from any good drug store; 1-2 ounce Marmola, 1-2 ounce Fluid Extract Cascara Aromatic and 3 1-2 ounces Peppermint Water. All three are cheap and wholesome, but you should take care to get an unbroken package so that you get Marmola and not a substitute. When you get home mix the three together by shaking them together in a large bottle and take one teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime.

Follow these directions and you will have the best fat reducer that money can buy. It will take off the flesh at the rate of at least two pounds a week without disarranging the stomach or causing wrinkles, while best of all, no exercising or dieting is required to help it out. You can get results and at the same time take things easy and eat what you like—as much as you like—and whenever you like.

BOYS' BRIGADE EXCURSION

Annual Outing to Carolina Beach on Tuesday of This Week—Several Attractive Features Are Arranged for the Day.

The Boys' Brigade is making big preparations for its annual excursion to Carolina Beach Tuesday, June 7th. This is always one of the most popular excursions that Capt. Harper handles during the course of the season and the boys are stirring this year to make it even more so. As an incentive to hard work among the members of the Brigade to dispose of tickets, two of the organization's very good friends have helped out most graciously.

Capt. Harper has given a season ticket to the beach to be awarded to the member of Company A., who sells the largest number of tickets, and Mr. George Honnet has offered a beautiful pair of cuff buttons as a prize to the member of Company B., who disposes of the greatest number. All indications are for a record-breaking number sold.

Several interesting events will feature the day. A baseball game is scheduled between two of the city teams. A "chicken strike" is also on tapis for those desiring to take part in this fun-making affair. Capt. Francis Harrison, who generously furnished the rooster to be "stricken" for, will preside over the ceremonies, and guarantees good order and ample protection to the spectators. The contest is open to either sex, but is limited to persons between the ages of six and eighty.

Refreshments may be had all during the day and the music furnished will be of a very high order. The steamer Wimington, which has been equipped with one of the finest self-playing musical instruments that could be bought, will make three trips to the beach. The boat will leave her wharf at 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:45 P. M. The boys promise that nothing will be left undone that will make for the pleasure and comfort of their guests

The management has requested The Star to announce to the contestants for prizes that all tickets and money must be turned over by 6 o'clock on the evening of Monday, June 6th, if they are to be counted.

Today at Lumina

concert afternoon and night by 16 piece orchestra. **

Get an E. M. F. "30." **

Take in That Newbern Excursion Monday, June 6th, Will be the Excursion of the Year.

The first excursion of the year to Newbern will be run over the Atlantic Coast Line by Thomas H. Knight, whose excursions are always a delightful treat. Don't let this opportunity to go to historic Newbern go by, but get in line and be counted among the happy throng of those who know a good thing, and enjoy a day of genuine pleasure among people whose hospitality is proverbial.

Train will leave Union Station at 7:30 A. M. and will leave Newbern on the return at 10:00 P. M.

The fare is so small that no one need miss it—only $1.50 for the round trip.

It will be a hard matter to find a better trip, especially when the cost is considered. ma 27-9t.

Old and Strong!

This bank has always maintained a conservative policy that has attracted depositors from nearly every state in the Union.

Our nine thousand depositors have their accounts here with total deposits aggregating one million and a quarter dollars to their credit.

The People's Savings Bank

ju 5 tf

Some new Driving Horses

—at—

CITY LIVERY CO.

Phone 15.

ju 5

SEABOARD UP-TOWN OFFICE.

Will be Located in Orton Building Convenient to Travelers.

Workmen have begun remodeling the south entrance to The Orton on Front Street, and the same will be fitted up as a handsome up-town office for Mr. F. A. Fetter, commercial agent of the Seaboard Air Line in charge of freight and passenger traffic out of Wilmington. This will afford an office 9x20 feet in size and it will have entrances both from Front street, into The Orton writing room and lobby and will be most conveniently located not only for patrons of the hotel but for the public generally. The work on the office will be pushed to completion so that Mr. Fetter will be able to occupy the quarters in time to take care of the heavy passenger business which is the Seaboard's own during the beach season.

Marvelous Discoveries.

mark the wonderful progress of the age. Air flights on heavy machines, telegrams without wires, terrible war inventions to kill men, and that wonder of wonders—Dr. King's New Discovery—to save life when threatened by coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, croup, bronchitis, hemorrhage, hay fever and whooping cough or lung trouble. For all bronchial affections it has no equal. It relieves instantly. Its the surest cure. James M. Black, of Asheville, N. C., R. R. No. 4, writes it cured him of an obstinate cough after all other remedies failed. 50c. and $1.00. A trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Robt R. Bellamy.

At Brooklyn Baptist Church.

Rev. C. F. Whitlock, pastor of Brooklyn Baptist Church, will begin two series of special sermons today. This morning he will preach on the subject: "The Name Baptist and the Infallible Standard," and this evening "The Young Man and the Home" will be the subject. The evening sermon will be directed especially to young men. A feature of the service will be the musical programmes. All are cordially invited.

Today at Lumina

concert afternoon and night by 16 piece orchestra. **

Today at Lumina

concert afternoon and night by 16 piece orchestra. **

Teach the Young Man Business

the accounts of young men, young ladies, housekeepers, store keepers, clerks, stenographers, laborers and all others who desire to systematize receipts and expendiures are sought by this bank. It is not the amount of business you do, but the way you manage it, which counts. START AN ACCOUNT TODAY.

THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

Silk Petticoat Special

On Wednesday, June 1st, we will sell for one day only 100 heavy black and colored Taffeta Petticoats, a $5 value for..... $2.98

Limit one to a customer.

On Thursday, June 2nd, our stock of Cotton Foulards, Satin Stripe Reps and the other 25c and 35c goods for 20c a yard, this day only. $1.25 and $1.50 gents' and Ladies' Umbrellas this day, $1.00.

On Friday, June 3rd, will be our Silk day. $1.25 Taffeta, black, yard wide, warranted, for 89c. 50c Tussah Silks, this day, 35c. 35c Japonika Silk, 23c. $1.25 Foulards, 36 inches wide, this day only. 75c.

On Saturday, Jnne 4th, we will hold an Underwear Sale for gents and ladies. Our 50c gents' Shirts and Drawers this day, 35c. Ladies' $1.00 Gowns and Drawers this day, 69c. Ladies' $1.25 Gowns and Skirts this day, 95c.

Ladies' Wash Suits, Ladies' Mull Dresses, Ladies' Colored Lawn Dresses just received. Ten per cent reduction on all parasols.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Brief Mention, News of Societies, Meetings, Etc.

Mr. Wm. M. Shaw, Jr., a student at Davidson College, has returned home to spend his vacation.

* * *

Mr. W. E. Thompson has returned from Davidson College, where he was a student the past year.

* * *

Many friends will learn with sincere regret of the critical illness of Mrs. James H. Taylor at her home, corner Seventh and Grace streets.

* * *

Prof. Herman Shaw, of the chair of English in the Fredericksburg College, Fredericksburg, Va., has arrived to spend his vacation in Wilmington, being a guest of his father, Rev. W. M. Shaw, No. 302 South Second street.

* * *

Mrs. Elizabeth Green and daughter, Miss Helen Green, have returned to the city from Georgetown, S. C., where they visited relatives. Before going to Georgetown Mrs. Green made pleasant visits to Edenton, N. C., and Suffolk, Va.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. E. Lawson will leave this afternoon for Columbia, S. C., where she will visit her mother, Mrs. M. A. Huiet, and sister, Mrs. S. H. McLean, and before returning home will visit relatives and friends at Newberry, S. C., her former home, and at Union, S. C.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Latimer will sail June 8th by White Star Liner "Teutonic" for Southampton; Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Vollers and daughters, Misses Louise, Katherine and Myrtle, sail by Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, June 14th for Plymouth, returning by White Star liner Adriatic, and ex-Judge and Mrs. E. K. Bryan and Major D. O'Connor sail June 22nd by White Star liner Majestic for Southampton.

* * *

Prof. M. Barozzi is organizing a party to tour Europe during July and August and would be pleased to hear from anyone desiring information regarding the proposed trip. This is an exceptional year for sight-seeing in the "Old Country," and tourists will be given an opportunity to witness the celebrated "Passion Play," at Oberammergau, a scene from which was recently printed in the Sta, the Universal Art Exhibition in Venice and the great World's Fair at Brussels. It will be an exceedingly interesting trip and Prof. Barozzi is making efforts to get ten members for his party.

* * *

The Senior Class and faculty of the Wilmington High School were entertained in a rather novel, but most delightful way, last Tuesday evening by Misses Maggie Bowden and Fannie Starr Mitchell, at the home of the first named, No. 120 Red Cross street. The invitations were in the form of an excursion poster, the trip extending from Wilmington to San Francisco. A "Travel Game" and "The Tour of the Nations" were played, the prize for the first, a silver baggage tag, being won by Mr. Douglas Taylor, while the prize for the second, a "game of nations", was won by Miss Mae Willson. The color scheme was black and gold, those being the class colors, while the decorations were carried out in the class flower, the black-eyed Susan. The punch room was decorated in banks of these flowers, Southern smilax and butterflies, the entertainment having been a pretty and altogether delightful one.

* * *

DAUGHTERS OBSERVED JEFF DAVIS' ANNIVERSARY.

Friday was observed throughout the South as the birthday anniversary of Jefferson Davis, the first and only President of the Southern Confederacy, with simple, but suitable, exercises at the W. L. I. armory at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Quite a large number of the members assembled to do honor to the memory of the great American soldier, patriot and statesman. There were several readings and recitations pertaining to the life and character of Davis, and an especially charming recitation was by Miss Eunice Tucker, whose selection was given in a most pleasing manner. Following the exercises refreshments were served under the direction of Miss Jane Meares, chairman of the committee having this part of the programme in charge.

* * *

DR. AND MRS. MENDELSOHN TO SPEND SUMMER ABROAD.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. S. Mendelsohn will leave Wilmington Monday, June 13th, for New York, whence they will sail June 15th on the steamer Pennsylvania of the Hamburg-American Line, and will spend the Summer abroad. Dr. Mendelsohn's flock, the Congregation of the Temple of Israel, of this city, whose beloved pastor he has been for 34 consecutive years, while sorry to spare him from their midst for such a length of time, have cheerfully granted him this prolonged leave of absence. They have also shown their personal regard and their appreciation of Dr. Mendelsohn's faithful services by a substantial gift, which will materially enhance the pleasures of his well earned holiday period. The immediate object of the trip is a visit to Mrs. Mendelsohn's venerable father and other relatives at Berlin, Germany; but visits to numerous other places of interest in the Fatherland will be included in the journey. The many friends of Dr. and Mrs. Mendelsohn join the Temple of Israel in wishing them a most enjoyable trip and a safe return.

* * *

ANNUAL RECEPTION OF HIGH SCHOOL ALUMNI ASSN.

The annual reception of the High School Alumni Association to the Senior Class was given in the armory of the Boys' Brigade, corner Second and Church streets, last night from 8:30 to 11 o'clock and in every way was the most enjoyable and successful event of the kind ever given by the association. The attendance was unusually large and the programme, though informal, was elaborate. The association was called to order at 8:30 o'clock by the retiring president, Miss Bessie LeGwin, who presented Mr. J. J. Blair, superintendent of the city schools, who welcomed the new class to alumni. It was a very entertaining short address in course of which several amusing anecdotes were told. The remainder of the programme was informal and included recitations, contests and musical selections. Mr. Nicholas Post recited "Mather Goose's Rhyme"; there were vocal solos by Miss Emily Westbrook, Miss Katie Foard and Miss Lillie Post; piano solos by Miss Mae Willson and Sallie Bowden. In the guessing contest Miss Jessie Holmes was the winner of the prize. Miss Lodie Frink won the prize in the drawing contest. During the evening dainty refreshments were served. The following are the officers of the association for the ensuing year: President, Miss Deborah Shier; vice president, Miss Jennie Jackson; secretary, Miss Jennie Corbett; treasurer, Mr. Paul Lupo.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Col. H. H. Ludlow, of Fort Caswell, spent yesterday in Wilmington and returned to the fort late in the afternoon.

—Mr. Rowlett G. Davis, who holds a position with the A. C. L., left yesterday for a week's visit to Washington and Baltimore.

—Rev. Jos. P. King left yesterday for Four Oaks, Johnston county, to fill the pulpit of the Second Advent Church at that place today.

—Many friends will regret to learn that the condition of Capt. F. W. Ortman, who has been ill for some time, was regarded as critical last night.

—Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor of Bladen Street M. E. Church, left yesterday morning for Durham, where he will attend Trinity Commencement this week.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Rev. C. F. Whitlock, pastor of Brooklyn Baptist Church, will preach at Wrightsboro Baptist Church this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

—Nora Nixon, colored, charged with an assault with deadly weapon on another negro woman, was tried before the Recorder yesterday morning and fined $10 and costs.

—The boys' meeting in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. at 10 o'clock this morning will be addressed by Mr. J. B. Huntington, the physical director. All boys over 14 years old invited to be present.

—The trial of the cases against Ralph Kennedy, indicted late Friday afternoon by A. E. Peschau, was continued yesterday until Monday morning. The hearing will be before Justice Harriss.

—The opening regatta of the season of the Carolina Yacht Club announced to be held at Wrightsville Beach yesterday was postponed until June 18th on account of the absence from the city of several of the boat captains.

—It was J. R. Guthrie, Jr., little son of Mrs. J. R. Guthrie, of 302 South Sixth street, who was injured on a street car Friday afternoon, instead of a little son of Mrs. James Curtis, as erroneously stated in yesterday morning's Star.

—John Mask Jones, a colored youth, arrested some days ago on the charge of stealing a $10 gold piece from the residence of Mr. A. S. Holden, was released from jail yesterday afternoon, having given the necessary bond for his appearance at trial before Justice Bornemann Monday morning.

—The Fire Department was called out at 4:30 P. M. yesterday by an alarm from box 51, corner of Seventh and Ann streets, on account of a blaze at 712 Nun street, house owned by J. C. Hawkins and occupied by Rosa Williams, colored. The fire was caused from a spark from a chimney and the damage is estimated at $50.

—There will be an important meeting of the Choral Society of Wilmington at the Y. M. C. A. Monday at 8 o'clock, at which time the business affairs relating to the Music Festival will be discussed. This will be the last meeting until October. There are still a number of the books out and it is desired that they be delivered to the director at No. 106 North Front street.

—Contributions to Catherine Kennedy Home, May, 1910: Mr. Herbert Holden, strawberries; Miss Fanny Waters, books; a friend, groceries and wood; Mr. Cumming, $5; Mrs. Roger Moore, $1.25; Mrs. S. Solomon, magazines; Mrs. Haywood Clark, strawberries; Mrs. Sam Bear, magazines; Mrs. E. N. Penny, canned goods; Mr. Springer, ice daily; Mrs. H. F. Wilder, Irish potatoes, canned goods and buttermilk; a friend, coffee; Mrs. B. Solomon, magazines; Mrs. Hicks Bunting, drugs; Mr. R. R. Bellamy, drugs.

VESSEL IN DISTRESS.

Schooner Mary L. Crosby Asks Assistance—Wireless From Steamer.

A wireless message received at Beaufort yesterday from the steamer Creole, of the Southern Pacific Line, reported the schooner Mary L. Crosby bound from Baltimore to Charleston partly dismasted and leaking, off the North Carolina coast, 43 miles south, southwest of Diamond Shoals lightship.

Capt. Hatch, of the schooner, requested that a tug be sent to his assistance. The message was communicated to C. D. Maffitt & Co., ship chandlers here, and the owners of tug boats were notified. It is estimated that the Crosby is about 200 miles from the Cape Fear bar and the distressed vessel will doubtless be passed by the Merrit, Chapman tugs, which left Norfolk yesterday for Wilmington to carry the steamer Ellen Rickmers away tomorrow.

The Crosby is a vessel between 25 and 30 years old and some years ago was towed into this port from Frying Pan shoals. The schooner was partly submerged when she was towed here for repairs. The Crosby was libelled here but only $250 was obtained by the libellants. On account of the distance the Wilmington tugs will not respond to her assistance. Tugs from other ports will likely respond to the call.

Today at Lumina
concert afternoon and night by 16 piece orchestra. **

Extracts of Quality.
This is just another name for Blue Ribbon Lemon and Vanilla Extracts. Try them today.

"Bl... & Company's line is busy." "Well, get me Smith & Jones; I'll give them the order."

Adequate Bell Telephone Facilities Prevents Loss of Business.

WHEN all your telephone lines are in use, your telephone doors are closed. Customers who try to reach you by telephone cannot do so. If they frequently find your telephone lines busy, they will become exasperated and send their orders to another concern—one that has adequate telephone facilities and an open telephone door.

Telephone buying is on the increase. It has already become a habit with hundreds of thousands of people. A concern desiring telephone trade can no more afford to have inadequate Bell telephone facilities than it could afford to have so few entrances that prospective customers could not walk into the store without waiting in line.

It is not difficult or expensive to correct busy telephone conditions. An additional central office line, or an additional telephone installed in a growing department, is frequently all that is needed.

Now is the time to look into the matter of your telephone arrangements. We will gladly co-operate with you in an effort to fit telephone service to your needs.

CALL CONTRACT DEPARTMENT

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company

Every Bell Telephone is the Centre of the System

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, church edifice Market and 17th streets. Services at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M. Subject of lesson sermon: "God the Only Cause and Creator." All are welcome.

St. Thomas' church, first mass 7 A. M., last mass, sermon, 10:30 A. M., vespers) sermon, 7:45 P. M.

Trinity Methodist Church—Rev. E. R. Welch, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M.

St. James' church, Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., pastor. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 A. M. Evening prayer at 5 P. M. Everybody welcome.

In the absence of the pastor, Rev. W. L. Rexford, the services at Bladen Street M. E. Church, will be conducted this morning by Mr. H. G. Bowden, assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A., and in the evening by Rev. Josie Jerome, a student of Trinity College.

Rev. J. W. S. Harvey will preach at Sixth street Second Advent Church at both services today in the absence of the pastor, Rev. Jos. P. King.

St. Matthews' English Lutheran Church, North Fourth street, Rev. H. E. Beatty, pastor. Morning service at 11 A. M., evening service at 8 P. M. Sunday school at 10 A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor. Second Sunday after Trinity. English service of Confession and Absolution, 10:30 A. M. English service with the Holy Communion, 11 A. M. English vesper service, 8 P. M. Sunday school, 9:45 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

Advent Christian Church, Fourth and Church streets, Rev. C. H. Sweet, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M., subject: "Martha's Mistakes." Sunday school at 3 P. M. Preaching at 8 P. M., topic: "The Last Supper," followed by the Communion of the Lord's Supper. The Earnest Workers meet Wednesday at 5:30 P. M. Mid-week prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

St. John's Church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox rector. Litany, Holy Communion and sermon 11 A. M. Sunday School 4 P. M. Evening Prayer 5 P. M. All are cordially invited.

There will be no after meeting at Fifth Street Methodist Church tonight, the services closing at the usual time.

EDISON AMBEROLA PHONOGRAPH

The Latest in the Talking Machine Line Placed on Sale Here.

Messrs. J. W. Robinson & Co., 205 Princess street, dealers in talking machines of all kinds and descriptions, musical instruments, etc., has just received an Edison Amberola Phonograph, the latest thing in the talking machine line, and it has been heard by many of the customers of the store who are carried away with its magnificent tone. The Amberola is a greatly improved phonograph. Its horn and mechanism are enclosed in a handsome cabinet, which also includes drawers for holding 100 records. The one on exhibition at the store of Messrs. Robinson & Co. is finished in mahogany and it is a most attractive piece of furniture and would be a credit to any drawing room or music-room. Among the features not found in other Edison phonographs is a larger, new style reproducer, giving a reproduction of unusual volume and richness of tone. The machine at the store of Messrs. Robinson & Co. was selected by Mr. Robinson from a number of the kind that were on exhibition at the recent Piano Exposition held in Richmond, Va.

Keep The Complexion Beautiful
Nadine Face Powder
(In Green Boxes Only)

Produces a soft, velvety appearance so much admired, and remains until washed off. Purified by a new process. Will not clog the pores. Harmless as water. Prevents return of discolorations. White, Flesh, Pink, Brunette.

By Leading Toilet Counters Or Mail. Price 50 cents.

MONEY BACK if Not Entirely Pleased.
Prepared by NATIONAL TOILET CO., PARIS, TENN

J. M. Solky & Co.
One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

BELTS of all leathers to fit any waist, 50c. to $1.50.

FANCY WORSTEDS AND SERGES for seaside wear, $10 to $25 a Suit.

SHIRTS

GET A HEAD and we can supply the HAT OR CAP in any style STRAW HATS AND PANAMAS.

FOR MEN AND BOYS we furnish TROUSERS and KNEE BREECHES of every description

J. M. Solky & Company
Phone 617. Masonic Temple.

Commencement Slippers
Many New Styles
PETERSON & RULFS

ma 28 tf

$1.00 A WEEK

What is the object in paying cash for clothing when you can buy exactly the same styles and qualities on easy terms?

Our guarantee assures you of entire satisfaction.

We have separate departments for men's and women's garments, and both are brimful of the season's best styles.

Complete Outfits, $12 to $30

OPEN YOUR ACCOUNT—NOW

FARLEY & CO.,

116 Market St.

A. D. Brown

Linen Department.

Irish and Scotch Satin Table Damask, Dinner Napkins, Pure Linen Huckaback Towels, Turkish Bath Towels, Silence Cloth, Plain and Hemstitched Cotton Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Wash Dress Goods.

Flaxons, Ginghams and Percales, Linens, Ramie and Congo Cloth, Crashe, Cotton Foulard and Gallitia.

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department—Tailored Suits, Wash Suits, Separate Skirts, Muslin Underwear, Dressing Sacques and kimonas, Tailored and Lingure Shirt Waists.

Agents for Black Cat Hosiery, American Lady Corsets and Butterick Patterns.

Out of town orders will receive prompt attention.

A. D. Brown

The Edison Amberola

surpasses in beauty of tone, grace and design and elegance of finish any Phonograph on the market today. It is conceded by the best critics to represent the highest development of sound reproducing instruments. We would like to have you investigate that statement, if only to satisfy your curiosity.

The Amberola is on view in our store at all times. Drop in and hear a free concert at any time. We also carry a full line of other styles of Edison Phonographs and complete stock of Edison records.

J. W. Robinson & Co.
205 Princess St.

jn 5 tf

Today at Lumina
concert afternoon and night by 16 piece orchestra. **

Today at Lumina
concert afternoon and night by 16 piece orchestra. **

Whisper, Lady

Have you seen our new Pumps? They are winners.

With the drop shank, it fits under the arch, hugs the heel, has no strap and does not slip. The latest achievement in pumps. Tans, gunmetals, and cravenettes, $4.00.

A pleasure to show you.

HEWLETT & PRICE
Save Our Register Checks.

Brick! Lime! Cement!

Weatherproof Compo Roofing. "Ivory" Gypsum Cement Plaster. Higginson White Cement for mortar. "Boora" Gypsum Cement plaster. Alpha Portland Cement. Large stock, quick delivery.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL

COTTON MARKET CONDITIONS

Market Nervous and Irregular During Yesterday's Trading—Bulls Buying July and August—Weather Report Favorable.

New York, June 4.—Cotton market was very nervous and irregular during today's trading, but unsettled by rumors that the Federal grand jury had handed down indictments in the cotton case which were subsequently denied.

The market closed steady, net 2 points higher to 7 points lower. The opening was steady at an advance of 3 points on July as a result of overnight covering orders and bull support, but generally 2 to 6 points lower in response to poor cables and favorable weather reports. During the early session the market showed considerable strength. The big bulls were buyers of July and August and July sold up to 14.87, or 9 points net higher and 72 points above the low figures of the Thursday price. Later positions meanwhile rallied to about the closing prices of last night, but on this advance bull support was withdrawn, and rumors that injunctions tying up the bull campaign might follow a Federal grand jury indictment and the market turned easy with prices selling off to a net loss of about 8 to 16 points. The rumors of an indictment were denied, however, and the whole list firmed up late in the morning on a renewal of bull support and covering. Last prices were 7 to 10 points up from the lowest. The week end figures proved very bullish showing large spinners takings and a good decrease in the visible supply, but seemed to have had little influence in Liverpool, where prices were considerably lower than due. Weather conditions were considered generally favorable and weekly reviews of the crop outlook indicated a further improvement in the condition of the plant. Selling of the new crop months, however, was restricted by the strength of the statistical portion and the aggressiveness of the old crop support.

Receipts at the ports today 4,573 bales against 5,168 last week and 6,752 last year; for the week 35,000 bales against 36,463 last week, and 51,323 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 1,962 bales against 1,754 last year.

Spot quiet; middling uplands 14.90; middling gulf 15.15; sales 1,000 bales.

Futures opened steady and closed steady.

Month.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	14.67	14.69	14.75
July	14.77	14.87	14.80
August	14.36	14.37	14.21	14.39
September	13.11	13.16	12.08	13.10
October	12.31	12.37	12.26	12.33
November				12.24
December	12.18	12.20	12.10	12.17
January	12.13	12.15	12.10	12.13
February				
March	14.13			14.17
April				

Port Movement.

Galveston—Steady, 14 5-8; net receipts 978; gross receipts 978; sales 519; stock 50,811.

New Orleans—Steady, 14 5-8; net receipts 1,962; gross receipts 1,962; sales 705; stock 87,232; continent 3,100.

Mobile—Firm, 14 3-8; net receipts 9; gross receipts 9; sales 200; stock 6,797; coastwise 102.

Savannah—Nominal, 14 5-8; net receipts 1,096; gross receipts 1,096; stock 28,747; coastwise 270.

Charleston—Nominal; net receipts 1; gross receipts 1; stock 4,816.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts 7; gross receipts 7; stock 8,164.

Norfolk—Steady, 14 1-2; net receipts 183; gross receipts 183; sales 42; stock 11,298; coastwise 90.

Baltimore—Nominal, 14 7-8; stock 6,515.

New York—Quiet, 14.90; net receipts 337; gross receipts 637; sales 1,000; stock 235,747; Great Britain 5,555; continent 300.

Boston—Quiet, 14.90; gross receipts 1,165; stock 6,202.

Philadelphia—Steady, 15.15; stock 1,070.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 4,573; Great Britain 5,555; Continent 3,400; stock 452,373.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 4,573; Great Britain 5,555; Continent 3,400.

Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 7,044,237; Great Britain 2,240,447; France 855,544; Continent 2,452,869; Japan 80,370; Mexico 13,824.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Steady, 14 9-16; net receipts 257; gross receipts 257; shipments 496; sales 451; stock 24,255.

Augusta—Steady, 14 5-8; net receipts 63; gross receipts 88; shipments 1,075; sales 69; stock 21,392.

Memphis—Quiet, 14 7-8; net receipts 75; gross receipts 282; shipments 1,574; sales 200; stock 45,151.

St. Louis—Quiet, 14 7-8; net receipts 33; gross receipts 852; shipments 1,391; stock 25,973.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 345; gross receipts 345; shipments 358; sales 408; stock 12,352.

Little Rock—Quiet, 13 1-2; net receipts 1; gross receipts 1; shipments 4; stock 22,845.

Total today—Net receipts 574; gross receipts 1,806; shipments 4,808; sales 1,120; stock 151,558.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Spot Eight Points Higher Yesterday. Sales and Futures.

Liverpool, June 4.—Spot cotton quiet; prices 8 points higher. American middling fair 8.46; good middling 8.16; middling 8.02; low midling 7.92; good ordinary 7.66; ordinary 7.41. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 5,600 American. Receipts 4,000 bales including 300 American.

Futures opened quiet and steady and closed quiet. June 7.71; June and July 7.63; July and August 7.58; August and September 7.26; September and October 6.81; October and November 6.59 1-2; November and December 6.50 1-2; December and January 6.47 1-2; January and February 6.46; February and March 6.45; March and April 6.44 1-2.

FINANCIAL MRAKET.

New York, June 4.—Money on call nominal. Time loans easier, sixty days 3 1-2 per cent., and ninety days 3 3-4; six months 4 to 4 1-4. Close: Prime mercantile paper 4 3-4 to 5 1-4 per cent. Sterling exchange weak with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8375 to 4.8390 for sixty day bills and at 4.8665 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 1-4 to 3-4. Bar silver 53 1-2. Mexican dollars 44.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, June 4.—The dry goods market was quiet for the day. Cotton goods remain fairly steady. Yarns are quiet. Linens are firm. Burlaps are inactive. Fine and fancy cottons are quiet in first hands.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, June 4.—Flour quiet and barely steady; Spring patents 5.15 to 5.35; Winter patents 4.80 to 5.15.

Rye Flour—Quiet; fair to good 4.15 to 4.40.

Corn Meal—Steady.

Wheat—Steady, No. 2 red 1.04 nominal c.i.f.; No. 1 northern 1.01 5-8 nominal f.o.b. Options closed at 1-8c decline to 1-4c net advance; July 1.00; December 96 1-2.

Corn—Spot easy; No. 2, 65 3-4 nominal elevator domestic basis. Options closed unchanged to 1-4c net lower; July 67 1-4; September 67 1-4; December 64.

Oats—Spot dull; mixed nominal.

Lard, Rice and Molasses—Steady.

Tallow—Dull.

Sugar—Raw steady; refined sugar steady.

Butter—Weak; creamery specials per pound 28 1-2 to 28 3-4; extras 28 to 28 1-4; thirds to firsts 26 to 27 3-4.

Cheese—Steady; exports none; prices unchanged.

Eggs—Steady; prices unchanged.

Potatoes—Weaker; Bermuda per barrel 2.00 to 3.00.

Cabbages—Easy; Eastern shore per crate 50 to 65c; do per barrel 50c to 60c; Southern per crate 40 to 65; do per barrel 50 to 60.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Coffee—Futures closed steady; Spot coffee quiet; Rio No. 7, 8 1-4; Santos No. 4, 9 3-8; mild coffee quiet; Cordova 9 1-4 to 12 1-2c.

Cotton seed oil was quiet but steady on local commission house buying, rather light offerings and with firmness of hog products. Closing prices were 20 points higher on June and generally 1 to 5 points higher on other months. Sales 2,700 barrels. July 7.86 to 7.90; September 7.80 to 7.82; October 7.30 to 7.31; December 7.43 to 7.44; prime crude nominal; prime Summer yellow 7.80 to 8.00; prime prime winter yellow 8.20 to 8.65; prime summer white 8.00 to 8.70.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, June 4.—Belief that after a 17c break in wheat the short side of the market had become too popular and also dangerous put up prices today at the close. It was not until the grain could be had at 89c a bushel for September delivery, the lowest figure this season that the outcry was raised. Compared with last night's final quotations today were up a shade to 5-8 to 3-4. Corn closed unchanged to 1-4 lower and oats unchanged to 1-4c higher. The finish in provisions was irregular 12 1-2 above to 12 1-2 below the previous close.

Chicago, June 4.—Cash wheat close: No. 2 red 1.00 to 1.01; No. 3 red 94 to 99. No. 2 hard 94 1-2 to 97; No. 3 hard 90 to 93; No. 1 northern 1.00 to 1.02; No. 2 northern 98 to 1.01; No. 3 spring 90 to 98.

Corn—Spot No. 2, 57 3-4 to 58; No. 2 white 61 1-2 to 62; No. 2 yellow 58 1-2 to 3-4; No. 3, 57 to 57 1-2; No. 3 white 60 1-2 to 61; No. 3 yellow 57 3-4 to 58 1-4; No. 4, 52 to 58 1-2; No. 4 white 53 to 57; No. 4 yellow 53 to 56.

Oats—No. 2 white 39 1-2 to 40; No. 3 white 36 3-4 to 38 1-2; No. 4 white 36 to 37 1-2; standard 38 1-2 to 39 1-2.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat				
July	93⅞	83½	92	93⅛
Sept	90⅝	90½	89	90⅛
Dec.	89⅞	89¼	88⅝	89⅛
Corn				
July	58¼	58¼	57⅝	58
Sept	58⅞	59	58⅜	58⅝
Dec.	56⅜	56⅜	56	56⅛
Oats				
July	37	37	36⅞	36⅞
Sept	35½	35½	35¼	35⅜
Dec.	30½	30¼	35¼	35⅛

Mess Pork, per bbl.

July	21 30	21 42½	21 07½	21 25
Sept	21 10	21 15	20 80	20 95

Lard, per 100 lbs.

July	11 92½	11 97½	11 85	11 95
Sept	11 85	11 92½	11 80	11 90

Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.

July	12 05	12 17½	11 95	12 12½
Sept	11 80	11 95	11 75	11 87½

NAVAL STORES.

New York, June 4.—Turpentine quiet.

Savannah, Ga., June 4.—Turpentine firm 55 1-4; sales 552; receipts (2 days) 1,579; shipments 2,231; stock 6,613. Rosin firm; sales 2,594; receipts (two days) 4,172; shipments 4,770; stocks 45,900. Quote: A, B, C, 4.17 1-2 to 4.25; D, 4.40 to 4.47 1-2; E, 4.80 to 4.85; F, 5.00; G, 5.05 to 5.07 1-2; H, 5.00 to 5.12 1-2; I, 5.15; K, 5.20; M, 5.20 to 5.25; N, 5.40 to 5.55; WG, 5.70 to 5.80; WW, 5.90 to 6.15.

Charleston, S. C., June 4.—Turpentine firm 55 3-4. Rosin firm. Quote: A, B, C, 4.15; E, 4.75 to 4.82 1-2; F, 4.90 to 5.00; G, 4.95 to 5.05; H, 5.10; I, 5.00 to 5.10; K, 5.20; M, 5.25; N, 5.40 to 5.60; WG, 5.70 to 5.85; WW, 5.95 to 6.15.

PEANUTS.

(Reported to Rogers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., May 31.—Spanish—market firm at $1.35 per bushel. Receipts light. Virginias—Market firm at 4 1-4 to 4 1-2c for Jumbo; 4c for fancy hand picked; 3 1-2c to 3 3-4c for machined picked; 2 to 2 3-4 for shelling stock.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, June 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market, steady $2.75.

TAR—Market, firm, $2.25 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market, firm $3.00 per barrel for hard; $4.25 for dip and $5.25 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 37, rosin $2.65, tar $1.70, crude turpentine $1.75 and $2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	23
Rosin	77
Tar	3
Crude turpentine	89

Receipts, same day last year 20 casks spirits turpentine; 120 barrels rosin; 1 barrel tar; 104 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nothing doing. Quotations corresponding day last year 8 9-16 cents.

Receipts—7 bales, same day last year 34 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith May 21st.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina, No. 1 $1.20 to $1.25 per bushel; Spanish $1.40 and $1.50; Virginias $1.00 and $1.10.

CORN—Firm 85 cents per bushel.

N. C. HAMS—Dull; hams 19 to 20; shoulders and sides 16 cts.

EGGS—18 to 19 cents.

CHICKENS—Spring 20 and 35; grown 45 to 50, scarce.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26 to 27c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2 to 5c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Good demand 80c. per bushel for yams.

HIDES—Dr., flint 14c; green 8c per pound

WOOL—Burr 18c; free of burr 24 to 25c.

GEESE—Out of Season.

PORK—Out of Season.

SHEEP—Grown $1.00 to $2.50.

LAMBS—Good demand $1.50 to $3.00.

PEAS—White black eyes $2.25 and $2.50; lady fingers $2.75; clay and cow peas $1.75, [illegible]

IRISH POTATOES—New crop 65 cts per bushel, dull.

GREENWOOD The beautiful new suburb, will be sold under the hammer on the grounds, at 3 P. M., Monday, June 6th, by the famous twin auctioneers; property is on the car line and only one block from the new Castle Street Boulevard. Free cars leave Front and Princess at 3 P. M. **

IRREGULAR WEEK FOR STOCKS

Effect of Headlong Downward Plunge of Prices—Decrease in Activity in Dealings at Higher Levels—Conditions.

New York, June 4.—The closing up of the week in the stock market gave evidence of the extent to which the bears position has become extended in the course of the headlong downward plunge of prices. The usual disposition was manifested to close up contracts with the end of the week. The demand thus developed from the uncovered bear operators constituted a sustaining power.

Sudden and violent rebounds from rapid declines in one or two stocks, notably Union Pacific and Reading, indicated the subsidence of the pressure of liquidation and prompted to a more general demand. There was a feeling of relief from some of the more hysterical forms of alarm which were an influence indiscriminate throwing over of stocks yesterday. The decrease in the activity in the dealings at the higher levels was a notable feature which is regarded as indicative of uncertainty still remaining in speculative sentiment. The market closed with a rather wavering fluctuation of prices in progress.

The contest between the government authorities and the railroads over the increasing freight rates kept up its dominant quest. The report that a conference was to take place next week between President Taft and the railroad executives had some effect in inducing a suspension of influence of the subject, but this did not extend beyond a desire to await further developments. The passage through the Senate of the railroad bill was not regarded as more than a step towards the settlement of a question which is expected to continue a unsettling influence in the stock market until it is out of the way.

The decrease of nearly 12,000 cars in the net surplus of freight cars in two weeks to May 25th reported by the American Railway Association was an encouraging factor.

The bank statement revealed but slight effect on the loan item as a result of the week's heavy liquidation in stocks and there was an unexpected decrease of over $4,000,000 in actual cash holdings.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales par value $1,000,975. United States 2s have declined 1-8 per cent. in the bid price on call since last week. Total sales for the day 362,400 shares.

N. Y. Bonds.

U. S. ref. 2s registered	100 5-8
U. S. ref 2s coupon	100 5-8
U. S. 3s, registered	102
U. S. 3s, coupon	102
U. S. 4s, registered	114 3-8
U. S. 4s, coupon	114 1-2
Allis Chalmers 1st 5s	77 1-2
American Agricultural 5s	101 1-4
American Tel. & Tel. 4s	90
American Tobacco 4s	78 3-8
American Tobacco 6s	105 1-2
Armour & Co. 4½ 28	91 3-4
Atchison gen. 4s	98 1-2
Atchison cv. 4s	105
Atchison cv. 5s	106 3-4
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	93 1-2
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	98
Baltimore & Ohio 3 1-2s	90
Baltimore & Ohio S. W. 3 1-2s	89 3-4
Brooklyn Transit cv. 4s	82 3-4
Central of Georgia 5s	104 3-4
Central Leather 5s	98 3-4
Central R. R. of N. J. gen 5s	122 1-2
Chesapeake & Ohio 4 1-2s	101
Chesapeake & Ohio ref s	94
Chicago & Alton 3 1-2s	70
Chicago, B. & Q. joint 4s	95 3-8
Chicago, B. & Q. gen. 4s	97 1-2
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. gen. 3 1-2s	92
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. R. col. 4s	77 1-2
Chicago, R. I. & P. Ry. rfg. 4s	87 1-2
Colorado Industrial 5s	77 1-2
Colorado Midland 4s	77
Colo. & Southern ref & ext 4 1-2s	97
Delaware & Hudson cv. 4s	98
Denver & Rio Grande 4s	93
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s	91 1-2
Distillers 5s	68
Erie prior lien 4s	82 5-8
Erie Gen. 4s	70 1-2
Erie cv. 4s series "A"	73
Erie cv. 4s series "B"	66
General Electric cv. 5s	135
Illinois Central 1st ref 4s	97 1-2
Interborough Met. 4 1-2s	86 1-8
Inter. Merc. Marine 4 1-2s	64
Japan 4s	90 1-4
Japan 4 1-2s	95
Kansas City Southern 1st 3s	72 1-2
Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931)	93
Louisville & Nash. Un. 4s	98
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s	97 1-2
Mo., Kan. & Texas gen. 4 1-2s	87 1-2
Missouri Pacific 4s	77 3-4
Nathional Rys. of Mexico 4 1-2s	94 1-4
New York Central gen. 3 1-2s	88 7-8
New York Central deb 4s	92 1-4
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford cv. 6s	131 1-2
Norfolk & Western 1st con 4s	99
Norfolk & Western cv. 4s	100
Northern Pacific 4s	101
Northern Pacific 3s	71 1-2
Oregon Short Line rfdg 4s	93
Penn. cv. 3 1-2s (1915)	95 1-4
Penn. Con. 4s	102 3-4
Reading Gen. 4s	98
St. Louis & San Fran. fg 4s	81 1-4
St. Louis & San. Fran. gen. 5s	87 1-4
St. Louis S'western con	76 1-2
St. Louis S'western 1st gold 4s	91
Seaboard Air Line 4s	72
Southern Pacific col. 4s	90
Southern Pacific cv. 4s	98 3-4
Southern P. R. R. 1st ref 4s	94
Southern Railway 5s	105
Southern Railway gen. 4s	77
Union Pacific 4s	100 1-2
Union Pacific cv. 4s	102 7-8
Union Pacific 1st and ref 4s	96 1-2
U. S. Rubber 6s	102
U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	103
Virginia Car. Chemical 5s	98
Wabash 1st 5s	109 1-2
Wabash 1st and ext 4s	91 1-4
Western Md., 4s	83
Westinghouse Electric cv. 5s	88
Wisconsin Central 4s	90 1-2

Closing Stock List.

Allis Chalmers pfd	31
Amalgamated Copper	64
American Agricultural	42
American Beet Sugar	32 3-4
American Can	9
American Car & Foundry	52 7-8
American Cotton Oil	59 3-4
American Hide & Leather pfd	34 1-2
American Ice Securities	21 1-2
American Linseed	12
American Locomotive	41 1-2
American Smelting & Ref'ng	73 3-4
American Smelting & Ref'ng pfd	102 1-2
Amer. Steel Foundries	49 1-2
American Sugar Refining	119
American Tel. & Tel	133
American Tobacco, pfd	95 3-4
American Woolen	32 1-4
Anaconda Mining Co.	40 1-2
Atchison	102 1-4
Atchison pfd	100
Atlantic Coast Line	118
Baltimore & Ohio	110 7-8
Bethlehem Steel	25
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	76 7-8
Canadian Pacific	194
Central Leather	26
Central Leather pfd	105 1-2
Central of New Jersey	280
Chesapeake & Ohio	81
Chicago & Alton	40
Chicago Great Western	25 1-4
Chicago Great Western pfd	45 1-2
Chicago & Northwestern	143
Chicago, Mil & St. Paul	126 1-8
C., C. C. & St. Louis	79
Colorado Fuel & Iron	33 5-8
Colorado & Southern	50 1-2
Consolidated Gas	132 1-2
Corn Products	14 5-8
Delaware & Hudson	162 1-2
Denver & Rio Grande	34 3-8
Denver & Rio Grande pfd	76 1-2
Distillers' Securities	28 1-8
Erie	25 5-8
Erie 1st pfd	43 1-2
Erie 2nd pfd	32
General Electric	141
Great Northern pfd	128
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	59
Illinois Central	130
Interborough Met	17 7-8
Interborough Met pfd	48 5-8
Inter Harvester	94 3-8
Inter-Marine pfd	17 3-8
International Paper	11
International Pump	45
Iowa Central	19
Kansas City Southern	30 7-8
Kansas City Southern pfd	65
Laclede Gas	100 5-8
Louisville & Nashville	141 1-2
Minneapolis & St. Louis	32 1-2
Minn., St. P. & Sault St. M.	135
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	38
Missouri, Kansas & Texas, pfd	66
Missouri Pacific	65
National Biscuit	104
National Lead	72 1-4
Nat'l Rys. of Mexico 2nd pfd	86 7-8
New York Central	114 1-4
New York, Ontario & Western	43 1-8
Norfolk & Western	99 1-4
North American	68 1-2
Northern Pacific	122 7-8
Pacific Mail	33 1-2
Pennsylvania	129 7-8
People's Gas	104
Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis	95
Pittsburg Coal	18
Pressed Steel Car	42 1-2
Pullman Palace Car	169
Railway Steel Spring	32
Reading	151 1-8
Republic Steel	27 7-8
Republic Steel pfd	96
Rock Island Co.	29 3-8
Rock Island Co. pfd	85
St. Louis & San Fran. 2nd pfd	40 3-4
St. Louis Southwestern	29 1-4
St. Louis Southwestern pfd	71
Sloss Sheffield Steel and Iron	69
Southern Pacific	118 1-8
Southern Railway	24 3-4
Southern Railway pfd	58 3-4
Tennessee Copper	24 7-8
Texas & Pacific	28 1-2
Toledo, St. Louis & West	26
Toledo, St. Louis & West pfd	69 1-2
Union Pacific	165 7-8
Union Pacific pfd	91 1-4
United States Realty	70
United States Rubber	36 1-2
United States Steel	76 1-2
United States Steel pfd	115
Utah Copper	42 1-4
Virginia Car. Chemical	58 5-8
Wabash	18 1-2
Wabash pfd	41 3-8
Western Maryland	43
Westinghouse Electric	59 1-2
Western Union	64
Wheeling & Lake Erie	3 1-2

THE COTTON REVIEW.

Hubbard Bros. & Co. Take Optimistic View of the Price Outlook.

(Special Star Telegram.)

New York, June 4.—Liverpool reacted from the advance of yesterday which led to a decline after an opening rally but at no time did the market, though small, show the weakness of a few days ago. So long as spinners continue to take cotton at the rate they have been doing during the past week, it is evident that the old crop is and can be strongly held. There was some short selling of August today for Europe account which we think most dangerous as our stock is being rapidly shipped away and there is only a small amount of cotton left in the country. About 12 1-4 to 12 cents there appears to be a demand from the spinners for the new crop in which a moderate short interest has been created by the good weather of the past fortnight.

HUBBARD BROS. & C.

It might be to your interest to attend the Auction Sale of lots on Nixon street, near the Wynnewood Lumber Company Plant, 10:30 A. M., June 6th. **

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Str. C. W. Lyon, Smith, Fayetteville, C. P. Love.

CLEARED.

Str. Navahoe, Hale, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Holmeside (Br.) 2,401 tons, Perry, F. A. Fetter, Agent.

Sophie Rickmers, (Ger.) 2,962 tons, Kohn, Heide & Co.

Ellen Rickmers (Ger.) 2,652 tons, Hubsche, F. A. Fetter, Agent.

Schooners.

Alice Holbrook, 643 tons, Ellis, C. D. Maffitt.

Herald, 474 tons, Simmons, C. D. Maffitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., June 4, 1910.

W. & W. Railroad—1 barrel tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—6 bales cotton, 13 barrels rosin, 30 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—1 bale cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels tar, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & N. Railroad—5 casks spirits turpentine, 26 barrels rosin.

Str. Alice—50 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr. Bessie Moore—8 casks spirits turpentine, 40 barrels rosin.

Total—7 bales cotton, 23 casks spirits turpentine, 79 barrels rosin, 3 barrels tar, 89 barrels crude turpentine.

FIELD PEAS

200 Bushels Mixed Field Peas.
25 Boxes Nice Lemons.
50 Boxes Little Brothers Lunch and Soda Biscuit. If the consumer gets hold of a package of these biscuit he will certainly have no other.
10,000 Muckalee 5c. Cigars. The best smoker on the market. Try one.

Let us book your salt orders—shipment any time during the year. Prices guaranteed. Nothing to lose and a good deal to gain. If prices advance you get at the prevailing price and if they decline you are protected

Send us your orders.

D. L. GORE CO.

Whole Grocers and Importers.

jn 4 tf

WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S ASTHMA REMEDY?

Gives prompt and positive relief in every case. Sold by druggists, price $1.00. Trial package by mail 10 cents.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props. CLEVELAND, O.

Sold by R. R. Bellamy

Special Summer Sale of Summer Dress Goods

We have just received an assortment of Black Jap Silk that is warranted by the Factory to be water proof, perspiration proof and spot proof, we are selling it for 45c and 59c per yard.

Japonica Silk, our 30c quality we sell for 24c per yard.

Kilkenny Linen Suiting in white only 18c quality, special price 10c.

Black Silk Grenadine, 75c quality at 38c.

All Linen Silk finish colored suitings, a 50c value for 25c, special.

We are selling 36-inch Linenettes in all colors at 10c per yard.

Splendid assortment of Linen Dress Goods selling them at 12 1-2c, 15c and 18c per yard.

A big assortment of colored Chambry, 10c quality for 8c, and the black diamond 12 1-2c quality for 9c.

Best quality of dress Ginghams at 10c per yard.

40-inch wide white Lawn, a nice quality at 10c per yard.

27-inch nice white Lawn fine thread, good quality at 5c per yard.

A big stock of Flaxons for 15c, 19c and 25c, the best wearing goods made in white goods.

40-inch Dimities in short lengths from 10 to 20 yard pieces at 10c.

French Lawn, 42 inches wide, a big stock on hand to move. We will sell our 25c quality for 15c, less than cost.

The very best quality of the American Prints, special price 6c.

Dress Ginghams, at 5c per yard.

37 1-2-inch wide Sea Island Shirting, goods that are worth 8c per yard, from 4 yards to 20 yard pieces we will sell by the piece at 6c per yard.

Anscoghan L. Bleaching, the best quality made for 9 3-4c per yard.

A beautiful soft Lonsdale Bleaching in 10 to 20 yard pieces, by the yard at 9c per yard.

In Fancy Silks

we have a good many things to close out, in this Department we will give a big reduction in most any style

Black Taffeta Silks, yard wide warranted, we will sell for 89c per yard.

Summer Shoes of all kinds, we have a beautiful line of Oxfords for ladies and gentlemen in black, tan, bronze and white. For children we have them in black, tan, bronze, white and red. We have all colors and all prices. A shoe that we sell for $1.50 in ladies is about the same of other people's $2.00 shoes.

Our $3.00 Men's Beacon Shoes look as good, wear as good and have the same style and fit as the regular $4.00 and $4.50 shoe has.

Ask to see our Beacon Oxfords, our prices are $3.00 and $3.50. They are a new light in the shoe business.

We have a large assortment of Hammocks that run in price from 98c, $1.69, $2.00, $2.25 and up to $5.00 each.

Mosquito Canopies at $1.19 complete, and largest sizes for $1.48.

The kind with the spring that fasten to the bed complete at $2.48.

Mosquito Netting by the bolt of eight yards in bolt for 50c.

Our Millinery Department

We have just received a big line of white chip and white hair hats. We have made a big reduction in our flowers and our ribbons.

We have also cut a good many of our hats from $1.50 to 98c each, not old stuff, but brand new, pretty shapes. You must remember that we trim all hats that we sell free of cost to the customers, which means a net profit of 50c to you.

35c yard No. 150 Ribbon we will sell for 25c per yard.

Gaylord's Big Store is filled with new goods for your inspection. He sells goods for strictly cash, thereby saves you a big profit on other merchants' losses. He gives premiums with all cash purchases and the best goods for the least money that can be bought.

At The
Big Department Store
On Front Street
Geo. O. Gaylord, Proprietor.

ju 5 1f

ORDER
FRUIT JARS
From Us Now
DON'T DELAY.

Mason's 1-pt. Jars
Mason's 1-qt. Jart
Mason's 2-qt. Jars

Jelly Glasses—only six dozen to a case.
Rubbers, all grades, Jar Tops.
Full stock, prompt shipments and right prices.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

ju 4 tf

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

LATEST AND BEST SELLING BOOKS

The Butterfly Man, by Geo. Barr McCutcheon.
The Green Mouse, by Robert W. Chambers.
The Running Fight, by William H. Osborne.
The Fortune Hunter, by Louis J. Vance.
Tower of Ivory, by Gertrude Atherton.
The Rosary, by Florence L. Barclay.
Lady Merton, Colonist, by Mrs. Humphrey Ward.
Poppy, by Cynthia Stockley.
Love the Judge, by Wymond Carey.
Cavanaugh, Forest Ranger, by Hamline Garland.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET
Bookseller & Stationer.

The COLUMBIA Refrigerator

If there is one thing more than another that a person should choose with care it is their refrigerator.

Your health is, to a certain extent, dependent upon it; for in it, for keeping, is placed the food you eat—your refrigerator must preserve.

The Columbia is the best by actual test—in it things keep perfectly—no taint—all parts easily removed for cleaning—we have them with both galvanized iron and white enamel linings. Prices $8.50 up. Water coolers all sizes.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

T-I-Z
THAT'S ALL.
It's for the feet and it is good. 25c.

St. John's Sunday School Gets the Piano.

St. John's Sunday School	32,539
Mrs. Williams	21,346
Miss Bornemann	19,762

Rubberset Tooth Brushes and Lather Brushes. The most complete line ever sent out from the factory. Specially selected for us, from 10 cents to $3.00 each—see display in our window.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.
FRONT AND GRACE STREETS.

ma 17 tf

CYPRESS SHINGLES

The largest stock in the city. King's Windsor Hard Wall Plaster, Atlas and Lehigh Portland Cement, Lime, Calcine Plaster, Wood, Coal Etc.

W. B. THORPE & CO., Inc.
Phone 789.

THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., June 5, 1910.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. Saturday, June 4th:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 64 degrees; 8 P. M. 68 degrees; maximum 76 degrees; minimum 56 degrees; mean 66 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; for the month, .00 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Friday 2.5 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Unsettled weather followed by shower and thunderstorms by Sunday night. Monday showers moderate southerly winds and squalls.

Port Calendar—June 4.

Sun Rises .....5:01 A. M.
Sun Sets .....7:20 P. M.
Day's Length.....14 hrs. 19 min.
High water at Southport 6:21 P. M.
High water at Wilmington 9:21 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Farley & Co.—$1 a Week.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Specials.
W. D. MacMillan, Jr.—E. M. F.
A. D. Brown—Linen Department.
Gaylord's—Special Summer Sale.
City Livery Co.—Driving Horses.
B. R. Lacy—Treas.—State Bonds.
Mrs. A. A. Nathan—Board at Beach.
National Realty & Auction Co.—Sale.
People's Savings Bank—Old and Strong.

Business Locals.

For Sale—Stocks.
Lost—Pair of Shoes.
C. D. Gilbert—Do You.
J. H. Corbett—For Sale.
Wanted—Table Boarders.
For Rent—Furnished Rooms.
For Rent—Furnished Rooms.
Prof. Barozzi—Tour to Europe.
M. C. Darby & Co.—For Rent.
For Sale—Lot on Carolina Place.
J. E. Crayton & Co.—Typewriters.
Red Cross Pressing Club—Wanted.
Wanted—Position as Stenographer.
James Owen Reilly—Beach Cottage.
California Cider & Ex. Co.—Wanted.
Union Cigar Co.—Male Help Wanted.
E. T. Malpass—Gas Engine for Sale.
Rochester Auto School—Men Learn.
Mrs. Wortham—Switches and Braids.
Bureau of Instruction—Young Women.
Automobile Institute—Young Men Wanted
Ramos Typewriter Co.—If You Will Send.
Ramos Typewriter Co.—If You Buy.
Ramos Typewriter Co.—Out of Adjustment.
Ramos Typewriter Co.—The Dictaphone. phone.

THE GREGG CASE.

Taking of Testimony for the Plaintiff Not Yet Completed.

The indications now are that the case of Mrs. Susan M. Gregg, administratrix of the estate of the late E. M. Gregg, against the city of Wilmington and Mr. James F. Woolvin, taken up in Superior Court Friday morning, will not reach the jury before some time Tuesday, and maybe not until Wednesday. The examination of witnesses for the plaintiff has not yet been concluded and there are a large number of witnesses to be called for the defendants. A recess was taken at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon until Monday morning. The major portion of the time of the session yesterday was taken up with the hearing of the testimony of Mr. J. A. Taylor, who told of the manner in which the brick and other building materials were piled in front of Mr. Woolvin's building as observed by him previous to the accident, that resulted in the death of Mr. Gregg, and also testified as to Mr. Gregg's earning capacity, the witness having had considerable business dealings with the deceased. The earning capacity and condition of the health of the deceased are very important to the suit, as upon this will the amount of damages be determined, should the jury be satisfied that Mr. Gregg was killed through the negligence of either or both of the defendants. Dr. Thomas R. Mask and John E. Taylor, both colored, were material witnesses for the plaintiff yesterday. They testified that they passed by the pile of brick the day before the accident and saw some of the brick fall and immediately notified parties interested of the danger.

RETURNS FROM TWIN-CITY.

Capt. T. D. Meades Back From Big Meeting in Winston-Salem.

Capt. Thos. D. Meares, clerk of the Board of Audit and Finance, returned yesterday morning from Wnston-Salem, where he attended the second annual meeting of the Carolina Municipal Association, of which he is secretary and treasurer. Captain Meares said that it was a great meeting and many matters of importance to the cities and towns of the State were discussed. The attendance was not as large as was expected, but what was lacking in numbers was made up in interest. The next meeting will be held in Raleigh, some time in January, the exact date to be selected later. A committee will meet in Raleigh just before the State convention for the purpose of considering matters that it is desired to be brought to the attention of the Legislators. Captain Meares was the only representative from Wilmington, the other delegates finding it impossible to attend.

VESSEL FARROW LOST.

Sprunk a Leak and Sank Off Massachusetts Coast.

Hyannis, Mass., June 4.—Springing a leak shortly after leaving Vineyard Haven yesterday, the old two masted schooner Mary Farrow, Port Reading for Machias, Maine, sang in seven fathoms of water, three miles west of Handkerchief lightship today. The information was brought to port by Capt. W. A. Johnson, of the two master, who was rescued with his crew of two men by the United States lighthouse tender Azalea, after taking to their boats.

The Mary Farrow registered 94 tons net and was owned in Bangor, Maine. She was built at Belfast, Maine, in 1845.

REV. A. A. JONES DEAD.

Oldest Presbyterian Minister in South Carolina.

Spartanburg, S. C., June 4.—Rev. A. A. James, the oldest Presbyterian minister in South Carolina, and one of the most remarkable men of his day, died at his home at Pacolet, in this county last night, in the 86th year of his age. Mr. James was born at Yorkville, S. C., graduating at Davidson College, North Carolina, and took his theological course at the Columbia Seminary. He served with distinction as chaplain in the Confederate Army. His entire ministry was spent at one country church, where he had served for over 59 years.

WELDON NOTES.

Personal and General Items From the Halifax Town.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Weldon, N. C., June 4.—Mr. W. R. Smith spent several days in Raleigh this week.——Eugene Daniel has returned home from Wake Forest College.——Miss Etta Powell, of Whitakers, is the guest of Capt. and Mrs. H. L. Allen——Miss Frankie Drewery has returned home from Littleton Female College.——Mrs. J. L. Williams and daughter, Miss Louise, are visiting relatives in Wilson.——Prof. R. H. Latham has resigned as superintendent of the Weldon graded schools. He has accepted the superintendency of the Winston graded schools.

Newton Shepherd has returned home from Horner's School, at Oxford.

Miss Lillie Stainback has returned home from school at Petersburg.——Miss Lindsay Phelps has returned home from the western part of the State, where she has been teaching school.——Miss Lillie Taylor, of Wilmington, who has been visiting Miss Tempe Green, has returned home.

Mr. T. S. Owen, who has been visiting his son, Mr. C. J. Owen, has returned to his home at Drake's Branch, Va.——Miss Mazie Stainback, who has been teaching school in Virginia, has returned home.——Misses Florence Alen Hart, Jessie Green and Jeannette Musgrove, have returned home from the State Normal College at Greensboro.

Mrs. B. E. Taylor, sister of Mr. J. S. Turner and Mrs. J. T. Pope, of this place, died at her home in Greenville county, Va., last week.

Miriam, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Dunn, of Enfield, died at the home of her parents in that town Monday. Rev. H. H. Phelps, of Weldon, conducted the burial service. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Green also went down to attend the last sad rites.

Rev. J. S. Wood has resigned the pastorate of the Enfield Presbyterian church to accept a call to the Presbyterian church at Littleton. Mr. Wood will continue to preach two Sundays in each month.

The construction company is pushing the work on the big concrete pillars for the Coast Line elevated road.

MR. NORMAN HERE.

Guest of His Friend, Mr. Martin Rathjen, for U. C. T. Meeting.

In the city the past two days for the United Commercial Travelers' Convention was Mr. R. C. Norman, proprietor of the New Hotel Rockingham, Reidsville, N. C., who is pleasantly remembered by many friends as having been previously connected with The Orton and The Purcell, in this city. Mr. Norman has an excellent hotel, steam heated, electric lights and bells, newly furnished throughout, and has with him a Wilmington boy, Mr. B. F. Rathjen, who, his friends will be delighted to know, is making good in every respect. While in the city Mr. Norman has been the guest of ex-Alderman Martin Rathjen, father of Mr. B. F. Rathjen, who has just returned to Reidsville from a visit to his old home, taking with him his mother, who is now his guest there. Mr. Norman has been royally entertained by Mr. Rathjen while in Wilmington and has had a great time with his genial and always clever host.

COMMANDER FIELDS HERE.

Recently Assumed Charge of the Sixth Lighthouse District.

On his first inspection trip of the Sixth Lighthouse District, Commander Fields, who recently assumed charge, arrived here yesterday on the buoy tender Cypress, and conferred with local marine authorities.

The new commander has headquarters in Charleston and has been over the district, which extends from Florida to Cape Hatteras. Capt. Edgar Williams, harbor master, at the request of Commander Fields went aboard the Cypress and gave him much desired information in regard to the port of Wilmington and the Cape Fear river.

The Cypress has been along the Carolina coast for several days and yesterday replaced some beacon lights in the river and several buoys, which were out of position.

This was the first visit of Commander Fields to Wilmington in his official position. The Cypress left for Charleston yesterday noon.

RACING UP THE COAST.

Motor Boats Returning From Havana to Atlantic City.

Havana, June 4.—The return race from Havana to Atlantic City of the four motor boats which took part in the Philadelphia to Havana race started at 6 o'clock this evening off Morro light. The power boats crossed the line together and immediately after the Berneyo, which won the race to this port, took the lead. She was followed closely by the Caliph, the Ilys and the Carolina. The boats were accompanied by Commodore Carbonells steam yacht Gipsy, with the judges and a committee representing the Havana Yacht Club, on board. They will make a stop at Key West to take on gasoline. The sea was smooth and a brisk northeast wind prevailed.

NEAR-BEER IN ASHEVILLE.

Only One Dealer Will Pay Higher Tax. Strict Regulations.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Asheville, N. C., June 4.—Increasing the tax on near-beer from $250 to $1,000 yearly, and regulating the hours of business from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M., allowing only a front entrance and no screens, the Board of Aldermen believe this action on their part will eliminate greatly the sale of this substitute. Only one of the two dozen or more dealers has signified his intention of paying the privilege tax.

NEGRO CENSUS TAKERS

1,295 In Southern States—No Complaint Says Nagel.

Washington, June 4.—Of the 55,000 enumerators employed in gathering population statistics for the 13th census 1,605 were negroes. Of these 1,295 were in the Southern States.

Secretary Nagel said today he had not heard a complaint against their work. They were appointed after examinations and thus, he said, a good class of men was obtained.

Figures are not available to show the increase in the number of negro enumerators for the 11th census over those employed in the census taken ten years ago.

FIRE IN CHARLOTTE

Mr. Henry Nathan's Store Gutted; Loss $20,000.

Charlotte, N. C., June 4.—From 2:30 till 5 o'clock this morning the Charlotte fire department struggled with a threatening blaze on East Trade street that practically gutted the Smith building, located between the Merchants & Farmers National Bank and the Weedington Hardware Company, and occupied on the ground floor by Henry Nathan, dry goods, and owned by W. I. Henderson.

The building is a three story structure and was fully insured by its owner, Mr. Henderson, while Mr. Nathan, who carried a stock of goods valued at between $15,000 and $20,000 was also well protected by insurance. The total loss to the building and the stock is about $20,000.

WORK ON INLAND WATERWAY.

Canal Will be Open in November—Dredging at Newbern.

Beaufort, N. C., June 4.—The work on the inland waterway is being pushed rapidly and the canal will be opened for traffic in November. The two dredge boats are about one mile apart. The United States government dredge Cape Fear is working on the bar. The sand is dumped aboard and taken to sea and dumped. There is about 18 feet of water on the bar now.

Get an E. M. F. "30." **

Newbro's Herpicide Stands The Test of Time

The Original remedy to kill the dandruff germ.

Any article depending solely upon its advertising to achieve success is never lasting.

The history of Newbro's Herpicide is one of continued success. There is nothing of romance about it, the story being simply one of natural irresistable growth.

Herpicide has been advertised to be sure, but its success is due more largely to real merit than to the Company's publicity campaign.

More Herpicide is sold every year by satisfied friends, by happy users singing his praises to others, than by the Newspaper advertising.

PRAISED BY THE MINISTRY

"I find Newbro's Herpicide, in every way, coming up to the highest standard of excellence. We have used it in our family for several years and have recommended it to many friends in need of such a remedy, and in no case have we ever heard anything but the highest praise from those who have used it."

(Signed) A. F. Raatz,
Pastor M. E. Church, Loveland, Fla.

HAS A NICE HEAD OF HAIR DUE TO HERICIDE

Such is the tribute of Mrs. Mae McDonald, 421 Main St., Flat 8, Jacksonville, Fla. She says:

"I was troubled very much from dandruff and my hair was getting thinner every day, but thanks to your wonderful remedy, my hair has stopped falling out and I am not troubled any more with dandruff. I have a nice head of hair just from using Herpicide."

WHEN A DOCTOR ENDORSES A PROPRIETARY ARTICLE, IT MUST BE RIGHT

"I find that Newbro's Herpicide will do all it is recommended to do. I have prescribed it a number of times and find its proper use stops falling hair. As a hair dressing there is nothing better."

(Signed) Dr. Wm. Gibson,
Defiance, Ohio.

There are no disappointments for users of Newbro's Herpicide. The results are always positive, satisfying, remarkable. It is the one preparation the claims for which are substantiated by its use.

Send ten cents for liberal sample of Herpicide and interesting book on "The Hair and Its Cure" to The Herpicide Co., Dept., 31B, Detroit, Mich.

Applications obtained at the best barber shops.

One dollar size bottles are guaranteed.

For sale at all Drug Stores.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY
Special Agents.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements always call the Star office No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

LOST—In postoffice box containing pair of lady's shoes. Suitable reward if left at 211 North Front street. ju 5 1t*

A TYPEWRITER out of adjustment is like unto a man with a sick headache. Phone 1134 for the doctor. We cure sick typewriters. Ramos Typewriter Co. ju 5 1t

LOT ON CAROLINA PLACE for sale at sacrifice. Reason for selling owner out of town. For particulars address P. O. Box 44, City. ju 5 3t*

FIRST CLASS presser wanted at once. Red Cross Pressing Club. ju 5 1t*

SWITCHES AND BRAIDS made from combings or cut hair. Mrs. Wortham, 507 North Fifth street. ju 5 1t*

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

YOU HAVE to be interrupted when dictating a letter and when you are it causes you to forget what you have dictated. How many busy men can afford to devote four hours a day to dictating? How many hours does your stenographer lose during the day? None? Yes, why because all the time she devotes to taking notes is lost. The Dictaphone is the only solution. See us and we will prove it. Ramos Typewriter Co., office appliances, 115 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. ju 5 1t

THE EDISON Business Phonograph not only doubles the speed of your typewriter operators, but doubles their actual transcribing time, because none of their time is given to dictation—that is actually quadruples their capacity. J. E. Crayton & Co., Dealers, Charlotte, N. C. ju 5 1t

TABLE BOARDERS—Wanted two or three by a private family. Fine cooking, good society. Write for information to P. O. Box 494, City. ju 5 1t*

FOR SALE—Two full blooded Berkshire male pigs, eligible to register. Ready for delivery June 15th. $5.00 each. J. H. Corbett, Currie, N. C. ju 5 1t*

COTTAGE ON WRIGHTSVILLE Beach for rent, in fine order, and furnished. Has 6 rooms and large piazza, and well located. Can be had for season. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. ju 5 3t

WANTED—Young men to learn automobile business by mail and prepare for positions as chauffeurs and repair men. We make you expert in ten weeks; assist you to secure position. Pay big; work pleasant; demand for men great; reasonable; write for particulars and sample lession. Empire Automobile Institute, Rochester, N. Y. ju 5 2t*

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent near street car line. Privilege of bath, electric lights, between Market and Princess streets. Apply to 14 North Fourth street. ju 5 1t*

IF YOU buy insurance to protect your estate after your death why not buy a Herring Hall Marvin Safe to protect it through life, the cheap so call Fire Proof safe will not do it. There is a reason. If you are interested in protection see Ramos. Ramos Typewriter Co., Every Known office Appliance, Wilmington, N. C. ju 5 1t

FOR SALE marine gas engine, 3.6 and 12 h. p. At a bargain. E. T. Malpass, 114 South Front street. ju 5 1t*

SALESMEN WANTED—Sell grocers, druggists and confectioners; $125 monthly and expenses. California Cider & Extract Co., 190 Leffingwell, St. Louis, Mo. ju 5 1t*

TOUR TO EUROPE—Instructive, economical, leaving in July, conducted by Prof. Barozzi. France, Italy, Switzerland, Germany (Passion Play.) Brussels World's Fair, England. Wanted to complete a party of ten members. Information, references, P. O. Box 515, Wilmington, N. C. Telephone 1705. ju 5 1t*

FOR RENT—Two well furnished rooms, very desirable for Summer. 306 Orange street. ju 5 1t*

WANTED—Position as stenographer at once. Experience more important than salary. Address "M" Box 659, City. ju 5 1t

IF YOU WON'T send a salesman out dressed like a tramp, why send out unsightly letters and cause them to be thrown in the waste basket by a disgusted reader? The Victor Typewriter Solves the problem. Ramos Typewriter Co. ju 5 1t

MALE HELP—$100 monthly and $5 daily expenses to men introducing and taking orders for high grade line of cigars. Experience unnecessary. Union Cigar Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. ju 5 1t*

FOR RENT—307 North Front, three-story nine room house, deep yard, and stables, beautiful view of river. Just put in good order. Call on M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate, 114 1-2 Princess street. ju 5 1t

YOUNG WOMEN—Prepare for postoffice clerks, bookkeepers, stenographers and other government positions. Salary $600 to $1,200. Bureau of Instruction, 402 Rochester, N. Y. ju 5 1t*

MEN—Learn automobile business. Wages $25 weekly. We teach by mail. Make $10 weekly while learning. Rochester Auto School, 402 Rochester, N. Y. ju 5 1t.

DO YOU WANT to make money, if so ship C. D. Gilbert your produce of all kinds, wool, tallow, hides and beeswax. You can always find him at 212 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. ju 5 tf

FOR SALE—Five shares of Carolina Ice Company's stock; 10 shares of United Wireless Telegraph stock; 50 shares of Collins Wireless Telephone. P. O. Box 664, Wilmington, N. C. ju 5 12 2t

DRESSED CHICKENS TO-DAY—Nice large fat hens, Spring chickens. Pineapples 10 to 15 cents each, best you ever saw for the price. Also all other fruits and vegetables to be found in the city. J. W. Batson. 'Phone 72. ju 4 tf

FOR SALE—One gentle pony in perfect condition. A bargain for immediate sale. Can be seen at 816 Grace street. ju 4 2t*

WANTED—A first-class blacksmith and horse shoer to run a shop in connection with a country store. Man with tools preferred. Address "Blacksmith," care of Star. ju 4 2t*

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MEN to become traveling salesmen. Experience unnecessary. Write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. ju 4 2t*

WANTED by gentleman and lady with child, room and board, location immaterial, place must be first class. Address "Room," Box 513, ju 4 2t*

WANTED—To lease one, two or three miles 10 or 20-pound T-iron. Write what you have. Moore & Moore, Ivanhoe, N. C. ju 3-2t*

NOTICE—Three pool tables and fixtures for sale. If taken at once will be sold cheap. Also store for rent, good locality. Address "M" care of Star. ju 3 4t*

WANTED—Bookkeeper in live town near Wilmington; would prefer one who can use typewriter. Cigarette smokers and drinkers need not apply. A good job to right man. Apply "W. E. P." Box 820, City. ju 3-5t.

W. C. ARMSTRONG & CO., wishes to announce that they have opened a wholesale fruit, produce and commission business at No. 4 Dock street and will be ready for business about June 1st. ju 2-4t.

FOR QUICK RETURNS on produce, send it to W. C. Armstrong & Co., No. 4 Dock street. They will handle anything you want to sell. ju 2-4t.

WANTED—By gentlemen room, preferably in private family, for month or six weeks. "W. E. L." care Star. ju 2-2t.

FOR QUICK RETURNS send your produce to W. C. Armstrong & Co., No. 4 Dock street. Shipping tags on request. ju 2-4t.

FOR RENT—Cottage at Front and Church streets, 503 Front; has five rooms, passage, bath and electric lights. Apply at 501 South Front or to J. E. Hall. ma 26 tf

FOR SALE—A few choice barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels at $1.50 to $2.00 each, also eggs for hatching at $1.50 per 15. Stock guaranteed as good as any in the State. O. F. Wolf & Son., Bolton, N. C. ja 9 sun 6 m.

NOTARY PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER: Expert typewriting and stenographic work. Multigraph circulars, imitation typewritten letters, forms, etc., startlingly cheap. Notary public also. Meares Harriss, 114 Princess street. 'Phone 708. ap 28 tu thu su tf

ROOSEVELT'S marvelous career and African trip. Authentic, low priced book. Liberal terms. Outfit free. Remarkably easy seller. Many agents making $10.00 per day. Act quickly. Universal House, 1012 Arch st., Philadelphia. ma 31 ju 2 5 7 9 12 6t

FOR SALE—One of the best combination buggy and saddle horses in the city. Sam'l Bear, Sr., & Sons, 18 Market street. ma 29 ju 1 4 3t

WANTED—Traveling salesman. Salary and expenses. Big demand for our goods. Answer quick as territory is limited. Sales Manager, N. 207 South Commercial street, St. Louis, Mo. ju 9 eo su 26t

TAILORING—A large line of fashionable Spring and Summer suitings and trouserings on exhibition at Leger Meyer's. Merchant Tailoring at modest prices. Smith uilding, second floor. ap 24 su tf

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

WANTED—To buy white comb honey in bulk or sections, large or small lots. W. A. Billings, Durham, N. C., ma 29 7t*

ANNOUNCEMENT—Messrs. Foltz & Kendrick wish to announce that they have taken possession of the U. C. Ellis Studio. They have placed it in a perfectly sanitary condition, and are prepared to make the finest class of portrait work ever shown in Wilmington. ap 24 tf

ARE YOU GOING on your vacation? See Uncle Charley for a good leather suit case, a good trunk, 108 Market street. Just a whisper from Front street. ap 28 tf

THE GILBERT HOUSE—Combines home comforts with hotel conveniences, Front and Princess streets, junction of all car lines. Electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best and rates reasonable. Transient $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. ma 20 tf.

DR. CHARLES T. HARPER—Practice limited to kidney, genito-urinary and rectal diseases. Offices 507-508 Southern Building, phone 1,186. ma 25 tf

IF IT IS GOOD workmanship and cleanliness that you are looking for, you can find both at The Orton sanitary barber shop. Six white barbers. Would appreciate a trial. ap 26 tf

SPECIALTIES—All sorts of fish and clam fritters; our regular dinners are growing in popularity every day; at the car junction, Front and Princess streets. Junction Restaurant. Phone 1598. ma 18 tf

WHEN YOU SELECT

An Article

from our stock whether it is for personal use or for the home, there's a feeling of absolute dependability goes with each purchase.

We are showing many moderately priced pieces of Jewelry—things necessary for daily wear. While not expensive they're still dependable.

Call and see them!

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER
104 North Front Street.

$2,211,000

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Balance of Refunding Bonds Not Sold May 28th.

dated July 1st, 1910, payable July 1st, 1950, without prior option. Interest four per cent per annum payable semi-annually January 1st and Jury 1st. Both principal and interest payable at National Park Bank, New York City. The undersigned, State Treasurer, will receive sealed bids at his office Raleigh, North Carolina, for said bonds until 12 o'clock M., June 10th, 1910. The legality of said bonds has been approved by Hubbard & Masslich, of New York, whose opinion will be furnished without cost to the purchaser. Printed circulars giving full information and blank forms on which all bids must be made will be furnished on application to the undersigned or to said Hubbard & Masslich.

B. R. LACY,
State Treasurer.

ju 5—2t.

Boarders Wanted

Good Board can be had at second cottage north of Lumina by day, week or month at reasonable rates.

ju 5-tf. MRS. A. A. NATHAN.

NOTICE.

Dog and dray licenses can be had at the office of City Clerk and Treasurer. All owners or keepers of dogs and drays not having license will be indicted after June 10th, 1910.

N. J. WILLIAMS,
ju 3—3t. Chief of Police.

WELCOME U. C. T.'s

We wish to extend to each visiting U. C. T. a hearty welcome to our city.

W. B. COOPER

Make Hay

While the mowin' is good. A Check Account at this bank NOW means MORE MONEY for you later on

American National Bank
113 N. Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

We have sold the last one.

We are daily expecting the arrival of another car load, and they, too, are sold.

These **E. M. F.** motor cars are good.

They were good enough for the largest vehicle and automobile concern in the world, in connection with the premier financial house in America, to take over at a premium of 800 per ct.

They are GOOD enough for you if you want a 4-cyl. 30 h. p. 5 pass. car.

They are GOOD enough to keep a plant that is turning out 70 cars per day, from four to to six weeks behind on deliveries.

We are getting some due us in the early spring. We can make quick deliveries.

W. D. MacMILLAN, JR.
The Only Dealer in the City Carrying Motor Cars in Stock.

ju 5 1t

Greatest Farm, Stock & Land Sale

Ever Held in Eastern North Carolina, Will be Held on the Premises of Mr. Frank Wesley, at

CHADBOURN, NORTH CAROLINA

—ON—

Wednesday, June 8th, 1910

at 10 o'clock. We will sell at public auction all the personal property of one of the largest and best equipped truck farms in the State, including 4 mules, 3 fine Jersey cows, 2 Jersey heifer calves, agricultural implements, household furniture and furnishings, feed, etc.

Also that part of Mr. Wesley's highly improved farm known as the "Home Place," with all the buildings, subdivided into 84 acre and half-acre lots. These lots are located in Chadbourn, and one-third of them are planted in the famous Klondyke strawberry. Mr. Wesley picked 2,000 crates from 20 acres this season and sold them for $5,000.00. This is the greatest opportunity ever offered to secure ideal and high class residence property in Chadbourn.

Hot Coffee and Sandwiches Will be Served at Noon.

Valuable Prizes Will be Given Away. Music by a Band.

Terms: Personal Property, cash. Real Estate, 1-3 Cash, balance easy.

NATIONAL REALTY AND AUCTION COMPANY
J. H. McARN, President. B. H. Harnly, Sec. & Treas.

ju 5 2t

Money back is not satisfied. No Premiums, ALL COFFEE. Double Strength. Flavor and Aroma that please. Finest Quality, packed places us where we can make this guarantee.

Jackson Square Coffee

Our proposition—Double Strength—Only necessary to use one-half as much of **JACKSON SQUARE** as you do of other coffees, therefore, it is the Economical Coffee.

We remove all chaff, dust and dirt with our process of roasting. We only pack **JACKSON SQUARE** in sealed tins to give you the real original New Orleans Flavor—which has made this coffee famous.

SIX BLUE RIBBONS awarded to us for QUALITY. Ask your grocer to supply you with this **"QUALITY COFFEE"**. Sold everywhere by grocers.

Importers Coffee Company, Ltd.
New Orleans, La.

Robert Louis Stevenson's Advice:

"Earn a Little and Spend a Little Less."

4% Interest on Savings Accounts or Certificates of Deposit.

Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.

CHAS. N. EVANS.....President
B. H. J. AHRENS.....Vice President
MILTON CALDER.....Cashier

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK
OF WILMINGTON

Capital, Surplus and Shareholders' Liability... **$1,500,000.00**

In addition to the above ample security for depositors, every modern facility is provided for all who deal here.

ju 3-tf.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 12

VOL. LXXXVI—NO. 65. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1910. WHOLE NUMBER 13,313.

THE COMMISSION PLAN IN BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

In the series of articles on recent charter changes in American cities, being reprinted in the Star from the Baltimore News, Dr. Horace E. Flack, of the Bureau of Municipal Research, describes the strides forward made by Berkeley, Cal. There the commission plan of government is in full force, the city has provided for direct legislation and the recall of dishonest or inefficient executives, and power, with responsibility, is concentrated in a few hands. Dr. Flack says:

Berkeley, Cal., has taken its place among the cities that are trying to improve their municipal government by revising the charters under which they are governed. The Constitution of California confers upon the cities the power to draft and adopt their charters, the right being reserved to the Legislature to approve or reject the charter as adopted, but without the power of amending it in any way. In November, 1908, there was elected a board of 15 freeholders to prepare the charter, among the number being Dr. Benjamin Ide Wheeler, president of the University of California. The charter as proposed by the Board of Freeholders was submitted to the people January 30, 1909, and ratified.

The officers under the present charter were elected in May, 1909. The charter embodies many of the features of the so-called Des Moines plan, so Berkeley now takes its place with those cities which have adopted the commission form of government. It differs in some respects from the Galveston and Des Moines plans. Unlike most of the other cities with the commission form of government, Berkeley has deemed it advisable to make the auditor an elective officer, thereby making him independent of the Mayor and Commissioners. A special committee of the Illinois Senate made a report on April 15, 1909, in regard to the commission form of government in the cities of Texas, and in this report the committee condemned the system of having the auditor appointed by the Board of Commissioners on the ground that the auditing officer should be independent and free from obligation to officials whose books and accounts he is required to audit. The Berkeley charter, framed six months before this report was made, thus overcomes this objection. The Mayor and four Councilmen constitute, however, the chief governing body of the city, for these five Commissioners are both legislative and administrative officers.

Methods of Election.

The Auditor and the Commissioners are elected on a general ticket from the city at large. The Mayor and Auditor are elected for two years and the Councilmen for four years—two being elected every two years. In this way three of the Commissioners are elected every two years, so that the people can change the general policies of the administration if they so desire. An effort has been made to eliminate politics from municipal elections, the desire evidently being to place the government of the municipality on an efficient basis. No party or other designation showing the source of the candidacy or support of any officer is allowed on the ballot, and the only method of nomination is by petition. The names of all persons receiving the requisite number of signatures for nomination are to be placed on the ballot in alphabetical order. If no one receives a majority of all the votes cast, then a second election must be held within three weeks, the first election being regarded as a primary election. At the second election the ballot shall contain twice the number of those to be elected who received the highest number of votes at the first election.

Recall Plan on Trial.

The recall idea seems to be gaining headway, for a number of cities have recently incorporated some form of it. Los Angeles has had it in operation some time, and Berkeley is now giving it a trial. A petition signed by qualified electors equal to 20 per cent. of those voting at the last election, is required to secure a recall election. The petition may request a special election or have the recall election at the next general municipal election.

The Mayor is required to employ, for a stipulated compensation, at the beginning of each fiscal year, a certified public accountant to examine, at least twice a year, the books, records and reports of all officers and employes who receive or disburse city funds. The accountant is to be given unlimited privilege of investigation, including the right to examine under oath all officers, clerks and employes. In addition to the Mayor there are only four executive and adminstrative departments, as follows:

1. Department of Finance and Revenue.
2. Department of Public Health and Safety.
3. Department of Public Works.
4. Department of Public Supplies.

All principal officers not elected by the people are appointed and may be removed by a majority vote of the Council. The Council is also given the important power of consolidating and placing in charge of one officer the functions and duties of two or more officers. No officer can be in the employ of any public service corporation or of any person having any contract with the city.

The city is given very wide powers in regard to subjects of legislation. Among these may be mentioned the power to acquire by purchase, condemnation or otherwise public utilities; to regulate, license or prohibit the construction and use of billboards; to license for purposes of regulation and revenue every kind of business not prohibited by law, and to fix the rate of licenses on the same.

Another very important power is that to fix and determine by ordinance in February each year the rates to be charged by any person or corporation for water, heat, light, power or telephone service. The Council is given the power to establish a civil service commission.

A provision of the charter makes it obligatory on the Council to prescribe uniform forms of accounts to be observed by all officers and departments which receive or disburse moneys.

Public Service Charges.

The charter provides that the grant of every franchise is subject to the right of the city, whether reserved or not, to prescribe and regulate the rates, fares, rentals or charges made for the service rendered under such franchise. Every ordinance granting a franchise shall provide that the city may take over the property at a fair valuation at the expiration of the franchise or at any time before, as stated in the ordinance; but in no case is the value of the franchise to be taken into account in fixing such valuation. The city is given the power to examine all the books, vouchers and records of any public-service corporation.

As a further safeguard, there is reserved to the people the right to secure direct legislation by the initiative and referendum. A petition signed by 15 per cent. of the entire vote at the last preceding general election makes it incumbent on the Council either to pass without alteration the ordinance accompanying the petition within 20 days or call a special election for submitting it to a vote of the people. There is a provision which makes it comparatively easy to submit direct legislation, for a petition signed by five per cent. is sufficient to expect the submission of a proposed ordinance at the next general municipal election. An ordinance proposed by petition must be published in the official newspaper or printed and sent to each voter at least three days prior to the election. Any ordinance proposed by petition or adopted by a vote of the people cannot be repealed or amended except by a vote of the people. No ordinance passed by the Council can go into effect within 30 days, and if during this time a petition is signed by 10 per cent. of the entire vote at the last preceding general municipal election the ordinance shall be suspended, and it is made the duty of the Council to reconsider it, and if it be not entirely repealed the ordinance must be submitted to a vote of the people either at the next municipal election or at a special election. The Council is given the authority to submit of its own motion any ordinance for adoption or rejection by the electors. There is included a provision which is among the first, if not the first, providing for the contingency which would arise by the adoption of two or more conflicting measures. In the above case the measure receiving the highest affirmative vote shall control.

TRIBUTE TO McKINNON.

"Charley Cotton" Moore Tells Something of Robesonian's Service.

Charlotte, N. C., June 2nd, 1910.

Editor Star:—Some years ago depression in all business, distress in the working man's home and in the farm home, all over the South, put the Southern people to thinking.

A look at the situation showed very clearly that unless the Southern people made defence of their rights, soon there would be desolation all over the South.

Very greatly to the surprise of the writer, he was called to take the lead for North Carolina in the great movement inaugurated to restore prosperity in our land.

All over North Carolina I found helpers who most cheerfully devoted their time to aid me in the gigantic undertaking to raise the price of cotton from the price then, six cents, to ten cents, a price which meant prosperity to our people.

Among these loyal helpers, these men who had the good of the people of our State on their heart and mind, there was one who gave much time and thought and most liberally spent his money, and who rejoiced when the working man and farmer saw joy and comfort again in his home brought there through the efforts of these men who did not hesitate to make the fight for a fair and just price for our cotton.

The man I refer to is Mr. A. J. McKinnon, of Maxton. If I were to tell the long trips he took at his own expense, of the days he spent with the writer in other States, trying to influence other men to stand for our rights, tell of his earnest pleading for the farmer and the working man—but why attempt to tell this, surely every man, woman and child knows of Sandy McKinnon's earnest, persistent efforts to help his fellow man at a time when distress was in the bank, store, factory, shop, town, home and country home—I know the man, I know if he is sent to Washington, he will be just as active in watching every interest of the Southern people as he was when unpaid and at his own expense he waged war for a fair price for cotton, and for prosperity in the South. Very respectfully,

**

C. C. MOORE.

Kept The King at Home.

"For the past year we have kept the King of all laxatives—Dr. King's New Life Pills—in our home and they have proved a blessing to all our family," writes Paul Mathulka, of Buffalo, N. Y. Easy, but sure remedy for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 25c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

National Congress of Mothers To Meet in Famous Night City

Mrs. Frederick Schoff on left, night scene in Denver and Mrs. T. W. Birney on right.

Denver, June 4.—"The City of Lights," as Denver is known, is preparing to greet the National Congress of Mothers, which holds its convention here from June 10th to 15th. Thirty-two States are sending delegates to the convention, which is the fourteenth annual gathering of the association. Denver prides herself on the crowds that fill her streets at night. And this is one of the subjects that the convention will deal with—the danger of parents permitting their children on the streets after dark. The conference will be specially important by reason of the subjects to be considered. They are in part "Saving the Babies," "Helping the Erring Boys and Girls," "Causes of Crime and Prevention," "Educational Features In the First Twelve Years of the Child's Life," "Home, Church, School, Street," "A Sane Fourth of July," "Social Life in High Schools and Universities," "Education in Home Making; Its Place in College Curriculum," "The Problems of Rural and City Homes," "Training for Citizenship," "A National Department of the Government for Home and Child." The officers, founder and advisory council are as follows: Mrs. Theodore W. Birney, founder; Mrs. Frederic Schoff, Philadelphia, president; Mrs. David O. Meares, Albany, N. Y., vice president; Mrs. Jefferson D. Gibbs, Los Angeles, Cal., vice president; Mrs. Roger B. McMullen, Evanston, Ill., vice president; Mrs. James S. Bolton, New Haven, Conn., recording secretary; Mrs. James McGill, Washington,corresponding secretary; Mrs. Louis K. Gillson, Wilmette, Ill., treasurer. Advisory Council—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Robert Collyer, D. D., New York; Rev. Josiah Strong, New York; Roger B. McMullen, Chicago; Frederic Schoff, Philadelphia; Rev. David O. Mears, Albany; Dr. William P. Wilson, Philadelphia; Hon. Elmer Ellsworth Brown, Washington; Dr. Geo. E. MacLean, Iowa; Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, Brooklyn; Hon. Charles R. Skinner, New York; Arthur A. Birney, Washington; George K. Johnson, Philadelphia.

THE WILMINGTON MEETING

Dr. R. A. Torrey Writes Interestingly of Great Season of Evangelism in This City—One of the Most Satisfactory Held.

The current number of the Institute Tie, the Christian Workers' Magazine, published under the auspices of the Moody Bible Institute, at Chicago, contains a story of the great evangelistic meetings recently held in this city by the Rev. Dr. R. A. Torrey and his co-workers, written by Dr. Torrey himself. The story of the Wilmington campaign by Dr. Torrey is as follows:

"The Wilmington mission was one of the most satisfactory that we have held in this country. It was very heartily supported by both ministers and churches. Most of the leading men in business circles in the city are pronounced Christians.

The Place of Meeting.

"The most prominent business in the city is Alexander Sprunt & Son, doing an annual business in cotton of $30,000,000 or more. The heads of this firm are well known as leaders in foreign missionary enterprise and as active personal workers. They gave the use of one of their large cotton compresses for the meetings. This was seated for 3,200 people. It was thought that in a city of only 30,000 inhabitants, more than half of whom were black, that this would be large enough. Mr. Moody held meetings in this same compress in 1893, but for the present meeting the seating capacity was enlarged by putting in a gallery.

The Attendance.

"From the very first meeting, the building proved too small. The building was so crowded at every night meeting that it was impossible to admit the blacks except in the afternoon meetings and even then on Sundays thousands of people were turned away, though an adjoining compress was used for overflow meetings.

The Scope of the Meeting.

"For four weeks and a day two regular meetings were held daily, the one in the afternoon for the instruction of believers and the other at night for reaching the unsaved. In addition to these each morning from 10 to 10:30 prayer meetings were held in the homes all over the city and two open air meetings. From 1:05 to 1:30 in the afternoon, Mr. Jacoby held a class for business men, instructing them in methods of Christian work, and at 4:15 had another class attended by hundreds of both men and women. His work was greatly appreciated by pastors and people.

"We began to have conversions at the very outset, increasing in number as the days advanced. I have rarely seen such hungry audiences, and when I would speak for an hour and a half no one seemed to grow weary, even the children hanging upon the words that were spoken.

"A meeting was held for ministers from the surrounding country. One minister told me he came 150 miles for the one address and felt amply repaid. Many ministers testified that this meeting marked a new epoch in

(Continued on Page 12.)

SOME SOUTHERN INDUSTRIES

Large Number of New Enterprises Reported in This Week's Issue of Manufacturers' Record—Power and Irrigation.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, June 2.—Among the Southern industrial and other developmental announcements in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Texas Sugar Refining Co., of Texas City, was incorporated with $1,600,000 capital stock and contracted for a plant with a daily output of 600 tons of sugar.

Producers' Oil Mill & Fertilizer Co., Arkadelphia, Ark., was organized with $50,000 capital to build cotton oil mill, cotton gin and fertilizer factory.

Highland Reclamation & Land Co. Wichita Falls, Texas, was incorporated with $325,000 capital to irrigate and reclaim lands.

Arkansas Natural Gas Co., Little Rock, awarded contract for construction of 269-mile gas pipe line from Shreveport, La., to Litle Rock, about $4,500,000 to be expended for piping compressing station, distributing plant, etc.

Interstate Gas Co., Huntington, W. Va., awarded contract for 24-mile gas pipe line costing $250,000.

Cornell-Kanawha Coal Co., Crown Hill, W. Va., incorporated with $250,000 capital, purchased 1,250 acres from established company, and will continue development; present daily output, 500 tons of coal.

Farmers' Cotton Oil Co., LaGrange, Ga., awarded contract for erection of 50-ton oil mill costing $50,000.

J. B. Jenkins Coal & Coke Co., Clarkton, Wa. Va., was incorporated with $5,000 capital.

Coosa Creek Power & Mining Co., Atlanta, Ga., was incorporated with $500,000 capital.

Southern Mineral Development Co., Birmingham, Ala., was incorporated with $1,000,000 capital to develop gas and oil properties.

Bogalusa Compress & Cotton Products Co., Rogalusa, La., was organized with $100,000 capital to build compress and other plants.

Camden Power Co., Camden, Ark., was incorporated with $100,000 capital.

Lake Arthur Irrigation Co., Lake Arthur, La., was incorporated with $50,000 capital.

Calumet Manufacturing Co., Liberty, S. C., will double present capital of $78,200 and erect addition to cotton mill.

West Virginia Products Co., Huntington, W. Va., was incorporated with $120,000.

Norfolk Knitting Mills Corporation, Norfolk, Va., was chartered with $50,000 capital.

Osage Land & Development Co., Osage, Okla., was incorporated with $400,000 capital to develop townsite, construct lake, hotel, cotton gin, 50-ton ice plant, etc., and secure establishment of various industries.

Southern Motor Works, Nashville, Tenn., was incorporated with $400,000 capital to build plant for manufacturing automobiles.

O. A. Kentner, Sapulpa, Okla., and J. B. Paul, of Oklahoma City, arranged to build plant with daily output of 100,000 bricks, at Wichita Falls, Tex.

F. S. Royster Guano Co., Norfolk, Va., will build $100,000 fertilizer plant at Montgomery, Ala.

H. K. T. Mining & Lumber Co., Huntington, W. Va., was incorporated with $100,000 capital.

POSTAL BANK BILL

Republican House Leaders Confident of Victory on Measure.

Washington, June 3.—For the first time since the resent session of the present Congress began, the "regular" Republican leaders of the House are confident that they will be able to put an important piece of legislation through the House without amendment. They announced today that they were assured of sufficient votes on the majority side to bring in a special rule for the passage of the postal saving bank bill, practically in the same form the Republican caucus. A careful canvass has been made of the Republican side by the organization leaders and it was stated positively by them late today that enough "regulars" and "insurgents" would support such a rule to secure its adoption.

EXTENSIVE REPORT MADE ON SEWERAGE SYSTEM

Mr. George T. Hammond, consulting engineer of Brooklyn, N. Y., has submitted to the Wilmington Sewerage Company a report on the present system of sewerage in this city, which the Star is requested to publish.

He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Society of Municipal Improvements, the Society of Municipal Engineers of New York, and a like society of Brooklyn engineers. He is said to be one of the leading sanitary expert engineers in this country. He is the consulting engineer for the city of Brooklyn; laid the sewerage system for Baltimore, and came to Wilmington about six weeks ago on his return from Havana, where he was engaged in looking over plans for sewerage for that city. The report which he has made as an expert was to lay before the owners of the property a critical analysis of the system. As contributing to the public information about the system of sewerage some extracts from his report are made. The report has been printed and submitted to the city authorities and Sewerage Commissioners by the Sewerage Company. It is addressed to the Sewerage Company and the following are extracts from it:

April 28, 1910.

"The Wilmington Sewerage Company, First Mortgage Bondholders' Committee, Philadelphia, Pa.

"Dear Sirs:—Several months ago you placed in my hands a report made by Messrs. Lucas, Humphreys and Rapalje, civil engineers, on the existing sewerage system in the city of Wilmington, N. C.

"That report was rendered August 26th, 1909, to the Sewerage Committee of the Board of Aldermen of that city, and was extremely derogatory to the sewerage system. At the time you placed the report in my hands, you also had plans, note books, maps, and other data, relating to the sewerage system of Wilmington, delivered to me; and requested that I would examine the report referred to, and other data thoroughly; would visit the city of Wilmington as often as I might find necessary; and would upon thorough examination and consideration of all the facts and data, render a report render a report which should give a perfectly fair and unbiased opinion on the subjects covered by the report; and that I should include in my report such recommendations as in my judgment would if carried out, correct any faults which I might observe in the sewerage system.

"Having examined all available data, and having several times visited Wilmington and examined all parts of the sewerage system in detail, and observed the operation of the system, I now beg to submit the result of these studies, which I have endeavored to make as complete as the problem seemed to demand.

"The sewerage system of Wilmington, N. C., provides service for two extensive districts within the city of Wilmington, but does not serve the whole city. The project of supplying the whole city with a sewerage system to be the property of the city, is being considered, and plans are being prepared by a well known firm of consulting engineers for that purpose.

"The existing system, which is owned by the Wilmington Sewerage Company, a private corporation, was installed in 1902.

"The system consists of about twenty miles of sewers designed in accordance with the principles of design introduced by the late Col. George E. Waring, Jr., on the strictly separate system. The system has 2,400 house connection drains, four inches in diameter, running from the sewers to the buildings; the aggregate length of these is said to be nearly as great as that of the sewers. At the present time only 925 of the 2,400 house connections are in service. The people of the city have been very slow in availing themselves of the sewers; and there exists a considerable extent of private drains to which many houses are sewered.

"The report presented to the Board of Aldermen above referred to, gives rise to nearly all of the questions to be considered herein, and I therefore shall follow that document as far as it goes into the subject.

"The learned gentlemen presenting that report have made an exhaustive tudy and examination of the existing sewerage system, and much of their work has been available for use in my study for this report. But while making acknowledgement to them, especially for the excellent data annexed to their report contained in 'Appendix No. 1,' on Defective Grades, and 'Appendix No. 2,' on Flushing Velocity Tests ,and for much other information, which they have very ably presented in their report, I do not agree with them in all of their interpretations of the data referred to, or in all of their deductions and conclusions."

He proceeds to review the report of Mr. Humphrey and Maj. Lucas, concurring in it with some particulars and pointing out wherein he disagrees with them in their conclusions. He discloses the matter under the topical heads. "The Wilmington Sewerage System", "Of the Western District," "Of the Eastern District," "The Plant", "The Grades," "Flushing System", "Alignment", "Sizes of Pipes", "Remarks", "Recommendations", and "Conclusions."

It will be of more particular interest to the general public to quote Mr. Hammond as to the size of pipes used in the present system. He says:

Sizes of Pipes.

"Under this caption, Messrs. Lucas, Humphreys and Rapalje state as follows:

"'Of the total length of 101,918 linear feet of pipe in the plant, 80,722, or about 79 per cent., is 6-inch pipe, and no pipe in the entire system is larger than eight inches in diameter.

"'We do not believe that 6-inch pipe should be laid in any system, except in the case of very short lines, laid on very steep grades.

"'These last two considerations are far from being fulfilled in the system under consideration.

"'For the reasons which we have set out in detail above, we recommend that a new system be installed by the city as soon as possible, in which the defects existing in the present system shall not be permitted.

"'Taking into consideration the fact that an 8-inch pipe has 1.77 times the capacity of a 6-inch pipe, and costs but little more laid in the ground, it is our opinion that no pipe smaller than 8-inch should be used in designing a complete municipal system.'

'At the present time it is frequently the practice in sewer design to make the smallest size sewer in a system eight inches in diameter. This is not done because the 6-inch size, the next

(Continued on Page Ten.)

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EXTENSIVE REPORT MADE ON SEWERAGE SYSTEM

(Continued from Page 9.)

lower commercial size, would not be of sufficient capacity, but it is done for the purpose of putting in the largest size pipe that will work satisfactorily in a separate system of sewers. The 6-inch size, as has often been pointed out, is of ample size for all the flow that may reasonably be expected, and in practice it scours more perefctly and is less likely to become clogged up from sediment or stranded matters; while it must also be admitted that a sewer very seldom becomes stopped from any other cause.

The literature of sanitation is filled with descriptions of the use of the 6-inch pipe, and I am unabe to find any instances in which it failed to give satisfaction when properly installed and maintained; as many failures can be attributed to the 8-inch size as to the 6-inch, so far as the books show, and this has been my own experience.

"As the use of the 6-inch size, in the greater part of the Wilmington system is, in fact, the main point criticised by Messrs. Lucas, Humphreys and Rapalje, I shall ask your indulgence while I go rather fully into this subject, in the light of the leading authorities on sewerage engineering. It will be seen that while the 8-inch size is permissible, that the 6-inch size is the more highly endorsed by the authorities.

"Mr. George E. Waring, Jr., during his life-time our most distinguished sanitary engineer, tells us, in his work 'Sewerage and Land Drainage' (1889), at page 50:

"'In my judgment a perfect system of sanitary sewerage, for a small town or a large one, would be something like the following:

"'No sewer should be used of a smaller diameter than six inches;

"'(a) because it will not be safe to adopt a smaller size than four-inch for house drains, and the sewer must be large enough surely to remove whatever may be delivered by these;

"'(b) because a smaller pipe than six inches would be less readily ventilated than is desirable;

"'(c) and because it is not necessary to adopt a smaller radius than three inches to secure a cleansing of the channel by reasonably copious flushing.

"'No sewer should be more than six inches in diameter until its branches have accumulated a sufficient flow at the hour of greatest use to fill this size half full, because a larger size would be wasteful, and because when a sufficient ventilating capacity is secured, as it is in the use of a 6-inch pipe, the ventilation becomes less complete as the size increases, leaving a larger volume of contained air to be moved by the friction of the current, or by extraneous influences, or to be acted upon by changes of temperature and of volume of flow within the sewer. The size should be increased gradually and only so rapidly as is made necessary by the filling of the sewer half full at the hour of greatest flow. The upper end of each branch sewer should be provided with a flush tank.'

"Referring to the separate system of sewers to which he had given his name, as the 'Waring System', he tells us (p. 52):

"'While the use of automatic flush tanks is not new, it had never constituted an essential part of a sewerage system; so far as I can learn, prior to 1880, automatic flush tanks had been used only in rare and exceptional cases for single lines, being employed generally to flush low-grade sewers by use of extraneous water, or of sewage flowing from a higher area.

"'Never before had pipes of so small diameter as six inches been used save for very short lengths. The admission of roof water required an early resort to larger and larger sizes.

"'In Memphis over 80 per cent. of the whole system consists of six-inch pipes, and this proportion is not greatly changed in other towns sewered on this system.

"'Until the Memphis work was done there was, so far as I know, no example of the separate system in America. During the seven years following its first construction it has been introduced into more than thirty towns and for an aggregate length of more than two hundred miles; and in all cases, so far as I am informed, with the happiest result. Its use is rapidly extending in all parts of the country'."

He quotes other authorities to the same effect; also, to show that the average flow of a circular sewer should be one-half its depth and, in order to get this average from an eight-inch pipe, it would require a propulsion on a given line of pipe of at least 6,500, using it.

"'The transporting power of circular sewers of small diameter is dependent on the depth of flow in a great measure, as well as on grade and velocity. A stream having a depth of flow sufficient to immerse solid matter held in suspension, to a certain extent lifts it and carries it forward. The entire surface is also exposed to the action of the current. A stream having an equal velocity but a less depth in proportion to the diameter of the solid matters to be transported, evidently has less transporting power.

"'An amount of sewage which can be properly transported by a circular sewer of a given size, cannot be as efficiently transported by one of larger diameter'."

The following comments are made by Mr. Hammond under the topic of "Remarks":

Remarks.

"I have now examined every point raised by Messrs. Lucas, Humphreys and Rapalje, except the last, which is contained in their "Suggestion" as a postscript to their main report.

As this "Suggestion" exhibits a spirit of fairness on their part it should not be passed without notice; it is as follows:

"'Suggestion, in fairness to the capital invested in the present plant we suggest that the Water and Sewerage Commission, if possible, incorporate in the new system such parts of the existing system as the engineers which they place in charge of the sewerage work may find free from defects.'."

He then proceeds to make certain recommendations which are matters of detail and winds up his report of 25 printed pages with the following conclusions:

Conclusions.

"My opinion of the system, briefly stated, based upon examination of the sewers and disposal plant, and observation of their ordinary operation, is that while it is not in all respects faultless, it is well adapted in design to its situation and renders admirable service. That it is economical in maintenance cost, and would be still more so if more largely patronized. That the method of sewage disposal directly into Cape Fear river is satisfactory for the present, and will be so at least until the population exceeds 200,000 persons, when the flow can be intercepted by means of a shore-front sewer and discharged further down stream. That the disposal plant will be satisfactory for the present, if my recommendations relating to it are carried out, and that it can be made satisfactory for any probable requirements in the future. That the 6-inch size of pipes used in lengths less than 2,500 feet on the grades available is satisfactory, and its use is sustained by authority of some of our most eminent civil engineers. That the sewers are in all places large enough in the Western Division, but that the outlet sewer in the Eastern Division is not of sufficient size to provide for future extension, and as it requires rebuilding, it should be made of a larger size, as recommended. Finally, that if the recommendations made in this report are carried out, the system will be in all respects a proper and sanitary system, well adapted to serve the city of Wilmington.

The accompanying plans show the existing sewer system, and also the various changes, etc, recommended."

The reading of the report of Mr. Hammond impresses the lay-reader that it has been prepared by a man of experience and ability in his profession, and that it is written in a spirit of impartial statement and criticism of the existing system. It will no doubt be found of great value to the Sewerage Commissioners in determining their final action as to the building of an entire new system or the incorporation of the present one with an extended system.

It will be recalled that a proposition was made by the Sewerage Company to sell its plant at a price to be determined by arbitration.

A LOGICAL, REASONING AND SPICY DISCUSSION OF THE CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGN SITUATION.

To the Editor of the Morning Star:—The lines are being drawn, the forces are being marshaled and soon the people of New Hanover and this Congressional district will be called on to determine whether this district shall be represented in the next and succeeding Congress by a gentleman of experience and acknowledged ability or by a man totally without any Congressional experience whatsoever. This is a matter of too much importance to be cast aside by a single wave of the hand. Congressional aspirations are a laudable ambition and I am not here to criticise or condemn any man for seeking a seat in the Congress of the United States at Washington.

Looking at it primarily from the point of the "greatest good to the greatest number", the question next arises wherein and whereby are the people of this Congressional district to be benefitted by turning down a man of four years' experience for a new man with no experience. It is now a well known fact that the greatest work accomplished by the different members of Configress is done through the committees and committee assignments are now made upon service in Congress. It is an equally well known fact that appointments on the most desirable and influential committees go to those members with the longest service and best capacity to their credit, the new membeds being merely listed on the tail end of the less important committees. Their labors and efforts are accordingly minimized or strengthened according to time of service, and herein may be found the secret of the South's failure to exercise that influence and power in Congress today that she exercised many years ago when she sent her best men to Congress and kept them there in both ends of the Capitol.

The country has recently passed through a most trying period in our commercial and industrial life in the shape of a panic, Presidential election and the enactment of a new tariff bill, either of which would have been bad enough, but all three combined have served to keep business at a standstill for more than two long years. We are, therefore, standing on the theshold today of what I believe will prove to be another decade of marvelous progress and development all over the South. If ever, therefore, we needed active, industrious, useful and trained men at the front in Congress, that time is now staring us in the face. I think, therefore, that this is no time for swapping horses in mid stream and would, therefore, favor the re-nomination of Mr. Godwin for Congress.

I say this much in no spirit of partisanship for while I enjoy the honor of a personal acquaintance with the present incumbent. I also have a personal acquaintance with his opponents, Mr. McClammy, Mr Clark and Mr. McKinnon. I go further and say that were either of these gentlemen in Congress today, with the same record of achievements to their credit, I would favor their re-nomination and election at this time upon the same ground that I favor the re-nomination and election of Mr. Godwin. We should next give some attention to what the respective candidates stand for and have in view as their platform. We know what Mr. Godwin has in view and his four years' experience at Washington will stand him in good stead and enable him to have enacted into laws those principles and policies he is advocating at this time. Now let us see what some of these are:

First, appropriations for river and harbor improvements in this city, above and below Wilmington and for deepening the channels and straightening other rivers in the Sixth Congressional district; appropriations for public buildings and parks in Wilmington, Fort Fisher, Fayetteville, and various other points throughout this district; Swamp land drainage, rural free mail delivery to every farmer's home; Re-stocking our rivers and streams with fish; Good roads and macadamized highways by State and Federal appropriations; The establishment of a great agricultural and horticultural college at some central point in the Sixth Congressional District for teaching and demonstrating the science of agriculture and horticulture; The farmers' co-operative demonstration work; The bureau of plant industry; Soil survey, seed selection and soil improvement; the cultivation of those crops that enrich the soil and yield the farmers the best returns at the same time; Pensions for the needy and just on a parity with thos granted citizens in other parts of the State and ccuntry and possibly others.

All these Mr. Godwin is on record as favoring and supporting by bills already introduced and speeches made on the floor of the House in favor thereof. In a word, the above strikes me as covering the field quite effectually and could hardly be improved on. Certainly no man has as yet offered anything that would compare with what Mr. Godwin offers, and stands for. The other candidates might well say that they stood for the same platform, but granting that they did, would they as new members be in position to carry out without any experience those policies and programme that a man with experience and Congressional connections would very naturally have?

In other words, during Mr. Godwin's four years' service he has doubtless made friends and political connections at the Capital by which he would be able to secure the enactment of his plans into laws that would take any other new man at least four years to effect. At best we would, therefore, be four years behind and the loss of four years in the beginning of the present decade is too much to ask of the people of New Hanover county and the Sixth Congressional district. Deepening the channels and straightening the courses of rivers throughout the Sixth Congressional district, coupled with our thirty-foot channel from Wilmington to the sea and an eight-foot depth of water between Wilmington and Fayetteville the year round, will be worth thousands and millions of dollars to the people all over the Cape Fear territory, while his swamp land drainage proposition, as he has already shown in a speech on the floor of the House, means the enrichment and development of this whole territory on a plain and to an extent far beyond our most sanguine expectations.

Indeed it means the development of a trade and commerce for North Carolina's great seaport city and the seven counties composing this district, that should be hailed with glad acclaim by the voters in every county of all this territory. His Public Highway and Macadam Road principles are admirably suited to the demands of the hour and are approved by people of every class, calling and condition. His Rural Free Mail Delivery programme for the further extension of our mail service to the remote parts of the country, whereby the rural districts are made suburbs of the cities and towns, equally commend the enthusiastic endorsement of everybody and means a higher standard of civilization and a more enlightened citizenship.

Touching the matter of appropriations for this Congressional District it is only proper to say that Mr. Godwin does not lay claim to all the glory for the appropriations granted this year; but all intelligent men must recognize that appropriations for any Congressional district are secured by and through co-operation on the part of the United States Senators in one end of the Capitol and the member of Congress from that particular district co-operating together. On this score Mr. Godwin can justly lay claim to having secured through the House, while our Senators in the other wing of the Capitol got the measures through the Senate, for the following appropriations at the present session of Congress:

For the lower Cape Fear river between Wilmington and the sea $750,000.

For the upper Cape Fear between Wilmington and Fayetteville, $615,000.

For a new dredge boat lower Cape Fear river, $200,000.

For new lightship, lower Cape Fear river, $115,000.

For new Custom House for Wilmington, $300,000.

For better lights to navigation Wilmington to the sea $21,000.

I make the bold statement that no other district in the State of North Carolina can make such a showing as this; and I make this statement in no spirit of disparagement to any other member of Congress from this State. Mr. Godwin's bills and efforts to convert Fort Fisher into a great National park carries with it the expenditure of hundreds of thousands if not millions of dollars and to the counties of New Hanover and Brunswick this proposition could hardly be over-estimated in value. The deepening of the channels and straightening of the various rivers, together with the proposed eight-foot depth of water between Wilmington and Fayetteville, will do more to solve the freight rate discrimination against the people of New Hanover and other counties in this Congressional district as well as eastern North Carolina, than all the other legislation thus far suggested.

Now, Mr. Editor, I have trespassed on your time and space far enough. As said in the outset, it is a laudable ambition on the part of any man to want to hold down a seat in Congress, but if any man's ambition should run away with his better judgment and the greatest good to the greatest number, then I think the great masses of the people who constitute this "greatest number" should take the reins in their own hands and control the situation. For my part, I have witnessed the folly long enough of educating politicians at the public expense and as soon as a member of Congress learns his political letters and reaches the point whereby he can serve his people and the public at large, be turned down for no better excuse than making a place for someone else to followin the same beaten tracks.

For these and other reasons I favor the re-nomination and election of the Hon. H. L. Godwin as member of Congress from this district, and throw out the above suggestions for the people in New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Robeson, Cumberland and Harnett counties to think over. I am not unmindful of the fact that many articles are being written by and with the advice and consent of the favored ones in support of the different candidates, hence it is I wish to say that this article is written voluntarily and without the knowledge or consent of either of the four candidates now in the field.

NEW HANOVER.

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Dr. H. F. LONG, Statesville, N. C., says: "I wish to attest the statement made by Mr. F. H. Turner in regard to his condition and the benefit he derived from the use of **Lincoln LithiaWater.** The symptoms exhibited were those of BRIGHT'S DISEASE. He came under my care after having been refused Life Insurance on account of those symptoms. His condition was serious and alarming when he began taking **Lincoln Lithia Water.** Improvement was rapid and continuous, and the patient has now quite regained health and strength."

Mr. TURNER'S STATEMENT: "For three years I had suffered almost constantly with a derangement of the kidneys which threatened to develop into CHRONIC BRIGHT'S DISEASE. After trying almost every available remedy known to the medical profession, without any relief, I became almost hopeless. I had to give up my work entirely, and could only retain the simplest food on my stomach. My physicians advised me to drink Lithia Water freely. I decided to try **Lincoln Lithia.** I had very little faith at this stage of my disease in any remedy, and less in water only. However, I began to use it daily, and at this time was reduced in flesh to 135 pounds. After using the water for three weeks, found my weight had increased 21 pounds, and my digestion was so much improved I could eat almost any kind of food without injury. Three months from the time I began drinking the water I weighed 190 pounds, and felt well in every respect. That **Lincoln Lithia Water** has been the means of saving my life and filling it with strength, vigor and happiness again is beyond supposition, and its merits in cases of this kind speak volumes to those who have tried it."

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2. For lighting the City with gas, oil, and electricity.
3. For lumber per thousand feet, of merchantable quality and as required.
4. For printing, stationery, and advertising.
5. For lighting and repairing gas and oil lamps of the City and furnishing oil for the latter.
6. For brick, lime, ice, coal (best anthracite and bituminous), cement, and terra-cotta pipe.
7. For crushed stone for street repairs and for granite curbing.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

WALTER G. MacRAE,
ma 11 we sa su to ju 11. Mayor.

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INDICTMENT OF COTTON BULLS

Traveling Attorney for Carpenter, Baggot & Co., Writes Some Impressions of Recent Grand Jury Investigation in New York.

(By Jos. E. Johnson, Traveling Attorney for Carpenter, Baggot & Co.)

The investigation of an alleged cotton pool by a Federal grand jury in New York is a matter of vital interest to the South, and the motive, as well as the probable result, of the inquiry, is properly exciting great interest among all classes in the home of the staple. If the investigation establishes a monopolistic combination in restraint of commerce, it is thought by many people that the price of cotton will be depressed, and it is said by many persons, and even intimated by members of Congress, that some few persons of powerful influence would thus be greatly benefitted, and therefore no further search need be had for the motive underlying the investigation.

But, without expressing any opinion on the motive, or whether the result be beneficial to a few persons who have sold what they have not, or disastrous to the Southern cotton grower and his allies, I contend that the investigation is without warrant of law, that there is no duty or authority vested in the Department of Justice to do what they are seeking o do, and if the grand jury, mistaking their powers through filial adherence to the advice of the Government attorneys, indict the persons under investigation, then the charge will fall flat at the trial.

In medieval times robber barons and such like enjoyed particular monopolies to their heart's content, but finally the abuse grew so great, when patents began to be granted for ordinary trades and commodities, such as oil and leather, that a stop was put to the whole business more than 400 years ago. Some of the authorities hold that attempts to gain control of the market by buying up necessaries to sell again were offenses at common law, and indeed it seems to have been made criminal by statute as far back as the reign of Edward VI, which law, however, was repealed early in Victoria's reign.

The States, therefore, might punish this offense by common law, but the Federal Government, being a government of delegated powers and deriving its powers solely from the Constitution, cannot punish for common law crimes unless such crimes are made the subject of statute by Congress, and the authority to enact such statute must be derived from the Constitution. Now, in order to find authority for the present proceeding, we must first look to the Constitution and then to the statute enacted by Congress in virtue of the authority given by the Constitution. The Constitution empowers Congress to regulate commerce between the several States and forign nations, and Congress in the year 1890 passed an anti-trust law, under the second section of which the present prosecution is evidently proceeding. This section is as follows:

"Every person who shall monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or combine, or conspire, to monopolize any part of the trade or commerce among the several States or with foreign nations, shall be guilty, etc., and punished by a fine of $5,000 or one year's imprisonment, or both."

The Federal Government only has power to deal with combinations of capital or labor in so far as they are affecting or restraining interstate or foreign commerce by suppressing competition and establishing monopoly; while the several states alone have power to legislate as to combinations seeking to restrict and monopolize industries or occupations in so far as they are conducted or pursued wholly within the boundaries of the States. Addyston Pipe Co. vs. U. S. 175 U. S. 211 and 27 Cyc 910.

The offense made punishable by the statute, supra, is the attempt or conspiracy to monopolize some subject of commerce among the several States or with foreign nations, now it follows clearly, in order to apply this statute, and commodity sought to be monopolized must be a subject of inter-state commerce, and the conspiracy must extend beyond the borders of any one State. These are two fundamental propositions that must concur before the Government can make out a case. In this investigation neither of these fundamentals occurs, and the lack of them is fatal.

In order to show that these fundamental requisites are lacking in the present prosecution I will state some propositions of law which have been decided by the ultimate court of this country. Contracts for the future delivery of cotton made on the New York Stock Exchange are not inter-state commerce. All and every part of such contracts are by construction of the courts made in the State of New York and are to be performed in the State of New York. It makes no difference if a person living in Georgia buys a contract of cotton on the New York Cotton Exchange for future delivery and when delivery is made to him, takes and ships the cotton to Georgia, it is not inter-state commerce, but simply a New York contract. It would make no difference whatever if Mr. Patten, for instance, buys cotton contracts for future delivery, through the said exchange, and taking delivery on the contracts, has the cotton shipped to his home in Illinois—it would still fall far short of inter-state commerce, and consequently short of a legitimate subject of Federal legislation, and, a fortiori, short of a legitimate subject of inquiry by a Federal court proceeding under a statute that only can cover interstate commerce. Hear the Supreme Court of the United States on this question and be convinced:

"* * * * and concerning such of the contracts for purchases for future delivery as result in actual delivery of the grain or cotton, the stipulated facts show that, when the orders transmitted are received in the foreign State, the property is bought in that State and there held for the purchaser. The transaction was thus closed by a contract completed and executed in the foreign State, although the orders were received from another State. When delivery was upon a contract of sale made by the broker, the seller was at liberty to acquire the cotton in the market where the delivery was required or elsewhere. He did not contract to ship it from one State to the place of delivery in another State. And though it is stipulated that shipments were made from Alabama to the foreign State (New York) in some instances, that was not because of any contractural obligation to do so. In neither class of contracts, for sale or purchase, was there necessarily any movement of commodities in interstate traffic because of the contracts made by the brokers.

These contracts are not therefore the subject of interstate commerce any more than in the insurance cases. The delivery, when one was made, was not because of any contract obliging an interstate shipment and the fact that the purchaser might thereafter transmit the subject matter of purchase by means of interstate carriage did not make the contracts as executed the subjects of interstate commerce." Ware and Leland vs. City of Mobile, 209 U. S.

Could anything be plainer? The decision covers every point likely to be raised by the Government and it does not leave them a leg to stand on. The persons under investigation are sought to be charged with buying cotton future contracts with the purpose of enhancing the value of such cotton future contracts, and here we have the Supreme Court of the United States declaring in emphatic terms that such contracts and their incidents are not interstate commerce and therefore Congress and Federal courts have no jurisdiction over them. Certainly it would be within the province of the State of New York to investigate this alleged pool, but equally certain it is that the Federal Government has no authority in the premises and its present proceedings are illegal and void.

Having shown that the government is prosecuting this investigation without authority of law, and therefore, that their proceedings are a mere nullity, I will now give attention to the question of morals (if there be any such question) involved in the controversy. Conspiracies and combinations to enhance the value of a commodity are declared illegal only because they are opposed to public policy. This leads us to inquire what is public policy? The definitions adopted by the courts generally are, that public policy is that principle of the law which holds that no subject can lawfully do that which has a tendency to be injurious to the public or against the public good; the principle that one one can lawfully do that which has a tendency to be injurious to the public or against the public good; the principles under which freedom of contract or private dealing is restricted by law for the good of the community; or in shorter words, public policy is nothing more than public good. This being true, is the public good adversely affected by the enhancement in value of the principal product of such public. Is not the absolute good of all that sun-kissed, fertile, and Godfavored section of the United States, known as the South, to be reckoned with in determining what is the public good? Are we concerned with the abstract question of morality involved in making the inhabitants of the world, other than those of our own country, pay a greater price for our cotton, than they think they should pay? More than two-thirds of our cotton is sold to foreigners, less than a third is used by our own people; our interest is therefore a seller's interest, not a buyer's and if, by any artifice, device, combination or conspiracy, we as a nation or as individuals, bring about an advance in the price of cotton, is the effect bad as to our own people? A thing to be opposed to public good must naturally be opposed to the best interests of the greater number of the public, therefore, can it be successfully maintained that a combination producing good to the greater number of the people of the United States can be opposed to the interests of such people? The question answers itself.

If the sole reason for the enactment of these laws punishing combinations in restraint of trade or commerce is because such combinations are opposed to public good, and if the public good is that principle of law which holds that no one can lawfully do that which has a tendency to be injurious to the public, then, it quite naturally follows that, even were the Attorney General proceeding under a statute actually covering the offense, he would be placed in the anomalous position of seeking to do something prescribed by statute, but which the reason of the law rejects as unsound. Of course the Attorney General, proceeding as he is in this investigation without, in my opinion, authority of law, is placed in no such position, but even if he were, it would be his duty, even if it did not appeal to his patriotism, to refuse to lend the aid of his great and powerful office to enforce a statute the basic reasons of which were entirely inapplicable to the case at hand.

On the principle that it is for the greatest good to the greatest number to "bull" cotton, it follows, conversely, that it is opposed to the greatest good, and hence immoral, to "bear" cotton. This is pre-eminently a country controlled in all its affairs and policies by the majority, and if a thing works harm to a few, and this harm be the consequence of their own actions, and it work good to all the rest of the country or community, then, in such case, the thing is moral as to the majority and immoral as to the minority. The attempt of the Government to inhibit the "bulling" of cotton is therefore immoral because it seeks to controvert this principle of public good or public policy. Were the Government seeking to destroy the "bear" pool that sold this cotton they would be sustained in morals by the application of this principle, but of course, for the reasons previously stated, they would be without warrant of law.

This investigation by the Federal grand jury in New York is a serious matter in its probable consequences to the South. If this Government, whether by authority of law or without such authority, intends to prohibit the "bulling" of cotton when done by methods distasteful to the fastidious taste of the Government, then it is high time that we people of the South—all of us, blacks, whites, farmers, bankers, and what not—arose in our wrath and in our might and deluged the administration and solons at Washington with such a mighty volume of protests as to awake the dead. Shall we sit supinely by and without a single protesting lamentation see this administration work this outrage on us? It is a pity that we have not more Senator Smiths in Congress at this moment.

This investigation is, indirectly, another slap at the New York Cotton Exchange, and it is high time that the Southern people learn that the New York Cotton Exchange is not its enemy; that the abolition of the Exchange would not only set them back, in the disposal of their cotton, a half century, but would enslave them to the English forever; that New York is a cotton market, and the best grades of cotton in the world can now be obtained there under the present Exchange contract, and despite minor differences as to form, that same contract is as good and as honest as enlightened thought and a desire to do right can make it.

Is it not a paradoxical situation when we find on the one hand, Congress attempting to legislate against the Exchange, for the reason, they say, that the contracts executed thereon do not require the actual delivery of the cotton, and on the other hand to find the Federal courts, whose business it is to enforce the laws passed by Congress, attempting to indict certain persons for desiring to take deliveries on the contracts bought through the Exchange? The Exchange has come in for more ignorant and frivolous attempts to regulate its functions by law than any other quasi-public corporation in the country. In the beginning of the agitation several years ago there might have been some warrant for the outcry, but since that date the Exchange has made radical changes in its contracts, and they are now as fair and as honest as any business man could ask, and they furnish a protection to the cotton world that is absolutely necessary to move the crop from producer to consumer, and without which the Southern grower would be entirely at the mercy of the Liverpool market.

HON. OSCAR L. CLARK.

His Enviable Record in the State Senate—Possesses All the Qualities Essential in the Making of an Able and Influential Congressman.

Yarborough House,
Raleigh, N. C., May 30, 1910.

Mr. Editor:—As an ex-citizen of Bladen and Robeson counties I have watched with much interest the fight for the Congressional nomination in the sixth district. Being now a non-resident of the district and a personal friend of more than one of the candidates, I shall not be personal or partisan in these passing remarks, but I do feel that I want to say just a few words about a man whom, through close association, I have come to know, respect and admire.

Having moved to Raleigh, N. C., just prior to the convening of the Legislature of 1909, I watched closely the career of Oscar L. Clark in that term of the Senate. A fine looking man, kind, affable, level-headed, honest and upright, he had not been in the senate a week before he had secured the respect and admiration of every man in that body, and this he held until the session adjourned, being considered one of the three most influential men in the legislative halls. Mr. Clark attained his enviable position in a quiet, dignified, unassuming manner. He was not forever on his feet in an effort to sway the Senate with his eloquence, but when he arose to state his position on any question—which he always did frankly and fearlessly—he was recognized at once as one who knew whereof he spoke. Fitted by a long business experience, the Senator from Bladen and Columbus could always be found on the safe, sane side of the questions that came up for consideration.

He was the first man to agitate the drainage of swamp lands, originating and passing the present State drainage Act, which is the best and only available method for draining the swamps of Eastern Carolina.

In this connection allow me to say that it would be all right for the United States Government to drain the great swamp areas of Eastern Carolina, if an appropriation for such cause could be legally made, but it is rudimentary knowledge that money cannot be appropriated from the treasury of the United States Government for the improvement of private property, and the bills that have been introduced in Congress, looking to this end, have never passed beyond committee.

Mr. Clark was on the sub-appropriation and sub-finance committee of five which added $25,000 to the State public school fund and $50,000 to the appropriation for the Confederate soldiers. He also introduced and secured the passage of a bill appropriating $70,000 to the Agricultural & Mechanical College at Raleigh. As a Senator, he was always at his post and always on the right side of the question.

The senatorial nomination came to him unsought. When it was tendered him he accepted and went for the first time actively into the field of politics. The Republicans realized his peculiar fitness as a legislator and didn't nominate a man to oppose him. He was elected by an overwhelming majority and made as good a representative as could be desired.

Oscar L. Clark, of Bladen, has the ability, the character, energy and knowledge that are essential in the making of a strong, influential and faithful Congressman, and as I see the situation, the sixth district could do no better than to settle on just such a man.

D. C. SINCLAIR.

Today at Lumina
concert afternoon and night by 16 piece orchestra.

Foley's Kidney Pills

What They Will Do for You

They will cure your backache, strengthen your kidneys, correct urinary irregularities, build up the worn out tissues, and eliminate the excess uric acid that causes rheumatism. Prevent Bright's Disease and Diabates, and restore health and strength. Refuse substitutes.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY.

ODE TO OLD BRUNSWICK.

My old Brunswick home; the land of the pine,
Corn, peas, yam potatoes and razor-back swine;
From the mammoth Green Swamp, with diversified wealth,
To the ocean-kissed beach, with its breezes of health;
Thy sons are true yeomen, sustaining the right,
Upheld by the women, a tower of might.
Thy ancestral glory shall nevermore wane
In song and in story thy valor remains.
In manhood and youth I have roamed midst the pines,
In branches and swamps neath the jessamine vines
I've hunted the raccoon, the possum and hare.
Rejoiced with the hounds pursuing the deer;
The song of the Siren was never more sweet
Than the cry of the "pack" when the early morn greets.

—A. G. HANKINS.

A Dreadful Wound

from a knife, gun, tin can, rusty nail, fireworks, or of any other nature, demands prompt treatment with Bucklen's Arnica Salve to prevent blood poison or gangrene. It's the quickest, surest healer for all such wounds as also for Burns, Boils, Sores, Skin Eruptions, Eczema, Chapped Hands, Corns or Piles. 25c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Black Duck, Minn.—"About a year ago I wrote you that I was sick and could not do any of my housework. My sickness was called Retroflexion. When I would sit down I felt as if I could not get up. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and did just as you told me and now I am perfectly cured, and have a big baby boy."—Mrs. Anna Anderson, Box 19, Black Duck, Minn.

Consider This Advice.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial.

This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

SALE OF LAND FOR PARTITION.

By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made and entered on the 17th day of May, A. D., in a cause pending in said Court before the clerk of said Court, wherein M. J. Corbett is plaintiff and Julia Gore, Bessie Gore, Milton Gore, W. I. Gore, C. E. Dickinson and wife, Thurber Dickinson and Cuthbert Martin and wife, Bessie Martin, are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner duly appointed by said decree, will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door, of New Hanover County, in the City of Wilmington, for cash, to the highest bidder, on Monday the 20th day of June, A. D., 1910 at 12 o'clock M. the following described tract, piece, lot or parcel of land, situate lying and being in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwest corner of south Water street and Quince's Alley, and runs thence eastwardly along the southern line of said alley 22 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Front street 26 feet, to the line of a lot (now or formerly) belonging to the estate of N. Nixon, thence westwardly with the line of said lot 27 feet, thence southwardly with the line of said lot 21 feet to Henderson's alley, thence westwardly with said alley 65 feet to south Water street, thence northwardly 47 feet to the beginning, the same being part of lot 2 in Block 151 according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, N. C. The said lot being sold for division. Terms of sale cash.

E. K. BRYAN,
Commissioner.

ma 22 law 4w.

SALE OF LAND FOR PARTITION

By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made and entered at the April term, A. D., 1910 in a cause therein pending wherein Wm. H. Graffin, Wm. H. Graffin, Executor of Richard B. Buck, and Wm. H. Graffin, Trustee, are plaintiffs, and Emma C. Graffin, Frank D. Graffin, Edith B. Graffin, Fred'k L. Graffin and wife, Mary S. Graffin, Laura Ella Buck; Jas. S. Woodside; Safe Deposit & Trust Co., of Baltimore; Executor of Thos. J. Lanahan, Wm. H. Crawford, Administrator of John C. Graffin, Margaret Lanahan, Josephine Reeder, Kate Renshaw and Mary Matilda Carter are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner duly appointed by said Decree, will expose for sale by public auction for cash to the highest bidder at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, on Monday, the 20th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock M. on said day, the following described tracts, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the county of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, and some within and some without the corporate limits of the City of Wilmington, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

FIRST TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Sixth street one hundred and thirty-two feet (132 ft.) southwardly from the southwestern intersection of Sixth and Taylor streets and runs thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) to Brown street, thence southwardly along the line of Brown street six feet (6 ft.) and thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) to the western line of Sixth street thence northwardly along the western line of Sixth street six (6 ft.) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot three in Block 336.

SECOND TRACT: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Love street thirty feet (30 ft.) southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Love and Taylor streets, and runs thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft.), and thence southwardly, parallel with the eastern line of Love street, thirty feet (30 ft.) thence westwardly, parallel with Taylor street, seventy-five (75 ft.) to the eastern line of Love street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of Love street thirty feet (30 ft.) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot one in Block 337.

THIRD TRACT: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Seventh street thirty feet (30 ft.) southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Seventh and Taylor street, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Seventh street sixty feet (60 ft.) thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft.) thence northwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Seventh street sixty feet (60 ft.), and thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft.) to the beginning, the same being parts of Lots one and two in Block 338.

FOURTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Eighth street ninety feet (90 ft.) southwardly from the southwestern intersection of Eighth and Taylor streets, and runs thence southwardly along the western line of Eighth street sixty feet (60 ft.), thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) to McRee street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of McRee street sixty feet (60 ft) and thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) to the beginning, the same being parts of Lots two and three in Block 338.

FIFTH TRACT: Beginning in the western line of McRee street at a point sixty-six feet (66 ft.) northwardly from the northwest intersection of Nixon and McRee streets, and runs thence westwardly and parallel with Nixon street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence northwardly and parallel with McRee street fifty-eight feet (58 ft) thence eastwardly and parallel with Nixon street seventy-five feet (75 ft), and thence southwardly along the western line of McRee street fifty-eight feet (58 ft) to the beginning, same being part of Lot four in Block 338.

SIXTH TRACT: Beginning at the southwestern intersection of Taylor and Ninth streets, and runs thence southwardly along the western line of Ninth street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the eastern line of Brooklyn street, thence along the eastern line of Brooklyn street northwardly one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the southern line of Taylor street, and thence along the southern line of Taylor street eastwardly one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two and three in Block 339.

SEVENTH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Ninth and Taylor streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Ninth street one hundred and eighty feet (180 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street fifty seven feet and five inches (57 ft 5 in.), more or less, to the Hilton line, thence northeastwardly along the Hilton line one hundred and eighty-six feet (186 ft), more or less, to the southern line of Taylor street, thence westwardly along the southern line of Taylor street one hundred and five feet (105 ft), more or less, to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two and three in Block 340.

EIGHTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Sixth street thirty feet (30 ft) southwestwardly from the southwestern intersection of Sixth and Howard streets, and runs thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to Brown street, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Brown street sixty feet (60 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of Sixth street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one and two in Block 348.

NINTH TRACT: Beginning in the western line of Sixth street at a point one hundred and twenty feet (120 ft.) southwardly from the southwestern intersection of Sixth and Howard streets, and runs thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the eastern line of Brown street, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Brown street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of Sixth street, and thence along the western line of Sixth street northwardly thirty feet (30 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots two and three in Block 348.

TENTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft.) northwardly from the northwest intersection of Taylor and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the western line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots four and five in Block 348.

ELEVENTH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Howard and Sixth streets, and runs thence along the eastern line of Sixth street southwardly fifty-seven feet (57 ft) thence eastwardly and parallel with the southern line of Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of Love street, thence along the western line of Love street northwardly fifty-seven feet (57 ft) to the southern line of Howard street, and thence westwardly along the southern line of Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot one in Block 349.

TWELFTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Sixth street sixty feet northwardly from the northeastern intersection of Taylor and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the eastern line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft) and thence westwardly parallel with Taylor street, seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots four and five in Block 349.

THIRTEENTH TRACT: Beginning in the eastern line of Love street thirty feet (30 ft) northwardly from the northeastern intersection of Taylor and Love streets, and runs thence along the eastern line of Love street northwardly ninety feet (90 ft.), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Love street ninety feet (90 ft), and thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the beginning, th same being part of Lots four and five in Block 349.

FOURTEENTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Seventh street sixty feet (60 ft) southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Howard and Seventh streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Seventh street thirty feet (60 ft.), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of McRee street, thence along the western line of McRee street northwardly thirty feet (30 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being parts of Lots one, two and three in Block 350.

FIFTEENTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Eighth street thirty feet (30 ft) southwardly from the southwestern intersection of Eighth and Howard streets, and run thence southwardly along the western line of Eighth street thirty feet (30 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft), to the eastern line of McRee street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of McRee street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot one in Block 350.

SIXTEENTH TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of McRee and Taylor streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of McRee street sixty feet (60 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the western line of McRee street sixty feet (60 ft) to the northern line of Taylor street eastwardly seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot five in Block 350.

SEVENTEENTH TRACT: Beginning at the southwestern intersection of Howard and Ninth streets, and runs thence westwardly along the southern line of Howard street three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft) to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence along the eastern line of Eighth street southwardly sixty-six feet (66 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Eighth street thirty feet (30 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with the southern line of Howard street seventy-five feet (75 feet) to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Eighth street one hundred and twenty-nine feet (129 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Eighth street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with the northern line of Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the western line of Brooklyn street, thence northeastwardly, crossing Brooklyn street, to the eastern line of Brooklyn street at a point ninety feet (90 ft) northwardly from the northern line of Taylor street, thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Brooklyn street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the western line of Ninth street, thence northwardly along the western line of Ninth street two hundred and seventy feet (270 ft) to the beginning, the same being all of Lots one and three, and part of Lots two, four and five in Block 351.

EIGHTEENTH TRACT: Beginning in the eastern line of Ninth street thirty-three feet (33 ft) southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Howard and Ninth streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Ninth street one hundred and sixty-two feet (162 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the northern line of Brooklyn street, thence westwardly and parallel with Ninth street thirty-three feet (33 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two and three in Block 352.

NINETEENTH TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Fifth and Howard streets, and runs thence northwardly along Fifth street about thirty-two feet (32 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Carolina Central Railroad Company, thence southwardly along the line of the said right of way about sixty-five feet (65 ft) more or less, to where the line of the said right of way intersects with the northern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the northern line of Howard street fifty-nine feet (50 ft.) more or less, to the beginning, the same being part of Lot five in Block 358.

TWENTIETH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Smith and Fifth streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Fifth street one hundred and one feet (101 ft), more or less, to the right of way of the Carolina Central Railroad, thence northeastwardly along the line of the said right of way one hundred and seventy-one feet (171 ft), more or less, to where the line of the said right of way intersects with the southern line of Smith street, thence westwardly along the southern line of Smith street one hundred and eighty feet (180 ft), more or less, to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one and two in Block 359.

TWENTY-FIRST TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Howard and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Sixth street two hundred and forty-five feet (245 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Carolina Central Railroad, thence southwestwardly along the line of the said right of way to the eastern line of Fifth street, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Fifth street fifty-two feet (52 ft), more or less, to a point which is thirty feet (30 ft) north of the northeastern intersection of Howard and Fifth streets, thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of Brown street, thence northwardly along the western line of Brown street thirty feet (30 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence northwardly and parallel with the western line of Brown street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft) thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Brown street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the southern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the southern line of Howard street ninety feet (90 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots three, four and five in Block 359.

TWENTY-SECOND TRACT: Beginning at the northeastern intersection of Howard and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the eastern line of Sixth street two hundred and fifty-eight feet (258 ft) and five inches (5 in), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence northeastwardly along the line of the said right of way three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence southwardly along the western line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-one feet and five inches (161 ft. 5 in.), more or less, to the Hilton line, thence northeastwardly along the Hilton line two hundred and one feet and five inches (201 ft. 5 in.), more or less, to the southern line of Howard street, thence westwardly along Howard street to a point one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) east of Ninth street, thence southwardly and parallel with Ninth street thirty-three feet (33 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two and three in Block 352.

NINETEENTH TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Fifth and Howard streets, and runs thence northwardly along Fifth street about thirty-two feet (32 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Carolina Central Railroad Company, thence southwardly along the line of the said right of way about sixty-five feet (65 ft) more or less, to where the line of the said right of way intersects with the northern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the northern line of Howard street fifty-nine feet (50 ft.) more or less, to the beginning, the same being part of Lot five in Block 358.

TWENTIETH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Smith and Fifth streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Fifth street one hundred and one feet (101 ft), more or less, to the right of way of the Carolina Central Railroad, thence northeastwardly along the line of the said right of way one hundred and seventy-one feet (171 ft), more or less, to where the line of the said right of way intersects with the southern line of Smith street, thence westwardly along the southern line of Smith street one hundred and eighty feet (180 ft), more or less, to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one and two in Block 359.

TWENTY-FIRST TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Howard and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Sixth street two hundred and forty-five feet (245 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Carolina Central Railroad, thence southwestwardly along the line of the said right of way to the eastern line of Fifth street, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Fifth street fifty-two feet (52 ft), more or less, to a point which is thirty feet (30 ft) north of the northeastern intersection of Howard and Fifth streets, thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of Brown street, thence northwardly along the western line of Brown street thirty feet (30 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence northwardly and parallel with the western line of Brown street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft) thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Brown street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the southern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the southern line of Howard street ninety feet (90 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots three, four and five in Block 359.

TWENTY-SECOND TRACT: Beginning at the northeastern intersection of Howard and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the eastern line of Sixth street two hundred and fifty-eight feet (258 ft) and five inches (5 in), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence northeastwardly along the line of the said right of way three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence southwardly along the western line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-one feet and five inches (161 ft. 5 in.), more or less, to the Hilton line, thence northeastwardly along the Hilton line two hundred and one feet and five inches (201 ft. 5 in.), more or less, to the southern line of Howard street, thence westwardly along Howard street to a point one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) east of Ninth street, thence southwardly and parallel with Ninth street thirty-three feet (33 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two, three, four and five in Block 352.

TWENTY-THIRD TRACT: Beginning at the northwest intersection of Howard and Eighth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Eighth street two hundred and forty feet (240 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence northwestwardly along the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company three hundred and forty feet (340 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Seventh street at a point about thirty-nine feet (39 ft) south from the southeastern intersection of Smith and Seventh streets, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Seventh street about two hundred and thirty-one feet (231 ft) to a point sixty feet (60 ft) north of the northeastern intersection of Howard and Seventh streets, thence eastwardly and parallel with the northern line of Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Seventh street sixty feet (60 ft) to the northern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the northern line of Howard street one hundred and eighty feet (180 ft) to the beginning, the same being parts of Lots one, two and five and all of three and four in Block 361.

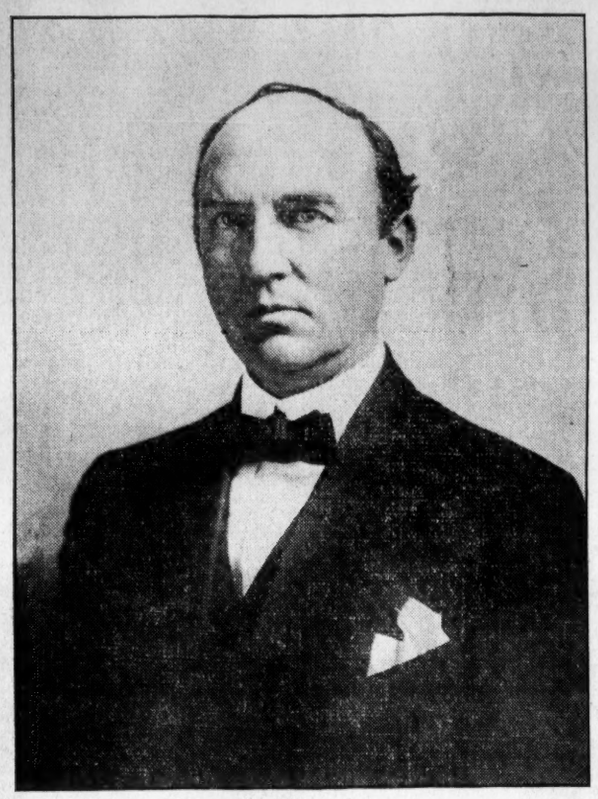
TWENTY-FOURTH TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Howard and Ninth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Ninth street one hundred and ninety-two feet and five inches (192 ft. 5 in), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence northwestwardly along the line of the said right of way three hundred and forty feet (340 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Eighth street at a point where the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company crosses the eastern line of Eighth street, which is about ninety-three feet and five inches (93 ft. 5 in), more or less, southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Eighth and Smith streets, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Eighth street two hundred and thirty-six feet and five inches (236 ft. 5 in.), more or less, to the northern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the northern line of Howard street three hundred and thirty (330 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots two and three and all of four and five in Block 362.

TWENTY-FIFTH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Fifth and Ashe streets, and runs thence eastwardly along the southern line of Ashe street three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft) to the western line of Sixth street, thence southwardly along the western line of Sixth street two hundred and seventy-six feet (276 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence southwestwardly along the line of the said right of way to where it intersects with the northern line of Smith street, which is at a point about seventy feet (70 ft) west of the western line of Sixth street, thence westwardly along the northern line of Smith street two hundred and sixty feet (260 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Fifth street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of Fifth street three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft) to the beginning, the same being all of Lots one, two, three and four and part of Lot five in Block 368.

TWENTY-SIXTH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Ashe and Sixth streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Sixth street about two hundred and twelve feet (212 ft) to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence northeastwardly along the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company to the southern line of Ashe street at a point about one hundred and sixty feet (160 ft) east of Sixth street, thence westwardly along the southern line of Ashe street one hundred and sixty feet (160 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Sixth street, the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two, three and four in Block 369.

TWENTY-SEVENTH TRACT: Beginning at low water mark on the eastern branch of the northeast

COL. JOS. E. ROBINSON.



ANNOUNCEMENT.

On the 10th day of August of last year, 1909, while the field was yet unoccupied by any other candidate of the several who have since declared themselves—as is their right to do, and so conceded at the time, the undersigned published the following announcement:

To the Voters of the Third Congressional District:

Exercising the privilege that I accord freely to every other eligible man, I hereby announce myself a candidate for Congress from this, the Third District, subject to the Democratic nominating convention.

When a man aspires to such office he should state frankly and boldly his views on public questions, even in advance of his party platform, for platforms are formulated and written by the trusted leaders of the party, and the people, therefore, being the sovereigns, are entitled to know in advance how the aspirant for their suffrage stands on all questions of public policy relating to the administration of the government.

Our fathers—the sturdy and fearless framers of our constitution, in their inspired Declaration of Rights, maintain "That a frequent recurrence to fundamental principles is absolutely necessary to preserve the blessings of liberty," and, "that perpetuities and monopolies are contrary to the genius of a free state and ought not to be allowed," and so they wrote into the constitution that there should be frequent elections of all officers who enact laws.

While United States Senators are elected for a term of six years—and by the Legislatures of the States, the members of the House of Representatives, representing directly the people, are elected by the people themselves for only two years; thus coming up fresh from the people, conversant with their sovereign will, to give expression to that will in the halls of Congress in the enactment of wholesome laws, and as a check on the Senate in any initiative that body might take contrary to the will or menacing the liberties of a free people.

Recognizing the wisdom of this unpartisan and patriotic provision for frequent elections, the framers of the great Democratic party wrote into their Declaration of Principles **"Rotation in Office"**—not that individuals might enjoy in turn the emoluments of office, but that the representatives of the people should come up frequent from the people—be of the people, conversant by affiliation, friction and experience with their needs and their will, and stand for the people. Upon the adherence to this principle depends not only the verility and success of the party itself, but also the perpetuity of our free government in the pristine purity of its principles, guaranteeing to every citizen "the unalienable rights with which the Creator endowed him." Whenever the Democratic party has departed from this mudsill declaration—that is eternally wise as its principles are eternally right—it has deteriorated in patriotic statesmanship and in power and the people have been brought to mourn.

I believe in rotation in office, and hold that no man should have an indefinite lease upon any office, for that is a relic of monarchy and is repugnant to the genius of our republican form of government—that the people are the rulers and not the office-holders. So, if I shall be honored with the nomination and election to a seat in Congress, I hereby declare that I will not aspire to a third term nor accept the nomination for such. It shall be my cheerful and proud purpose not only to promulgate this principle in my own regard, but through all the coming years; so that every young man—every man in this district who may feel the patriotic promptings to serve his people in wide capacity shall not have that ambition hopelessly crushed by prevailing disregard of the party's great principle of rotation in office, but shall realize and know that the field for the exercise of his laudable ambition is open and free.

The great question of national importance that will again be before the people in the coming campaign in the next Congress is the tariff. The Democratic party demands that it be reduced—especially on those articles used by the great common people, the toiling masses. Even the Republican party pledged itself to a downward revision—so declared itself in its last national platform, and President Taft in his speech of acceptance and during the campaign expressed himself as being in full sympathy with these views. When he called Congress together in extraordinary session, the day after his inauguration, the people believed that the party's pledge would be redeemed. The elaborate apology of President Taft in signing the "Payne Tariff Bill", as the recent subterfuge is called, is the best evidence of his party's perfidy to the people. The tariff has not been reduced on any of the articles that are consumed by the great industrial classes. On the contrary, all the revisions downward that have been made are in the interest of the trusts. The people—the masses of both political parties—are not satisfied with it, so it must necessarily be a burning issue in the next campaign.

I believe in the old stable Democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue only, with the government economically administered, as taught by Jefferson and endorsed by Jackson, Tilden, Cleveland and Bryan, for on this question both Cleveland and Bryan were in full accord, however much they differed on free silver.

If I shall be nominated and elected I shall stand for these principles without compromise.

I am in favor of an income tax, believing that this materialized financial fruit of the country's prosperity should bear its just proportion of the expenses of the government that makes such incomes possible and protects the individuals in the enjoyment thereof.

I hold that platforms are the declarations of the principles of the party promulgating them—are the party's fundamental laws until changed by the party in convention assembled, and therefore a man elected on those principles should carry out the will of the party so expressed, and if he is not willing to do this, he should not accept office on such platform and then violate it.

These are my views—my principles, my purposes, and if they meet the approval of the Democratic voters of the district and they honor me with the nomination, they may be sure of my best efforts at all times and under all circumstances to maintain them during my service in Congress.

Sincerely,
JOS. E. ROBINSON.
Goldsboro, N. C.

In making this announcement to the Democratic voters of the district, I had recourse only to the newspapers published and circulated in the district, and have not since attempted in any way, by personal correspondence or otherwise, to promote my political advancement—not that it is not perfectly legitimate for such course to be pursued by a candidate; but I preferred for the people to study the situation for themselves deliberately, and untrammelled by personal solicitations, and now, having given them full time to weigh all the avowed candidates and their respective claims, I simply wish to reiterate my announcement as published last August and again set forth above.

As a worker in the Democratic party, my record for the past thirty years of untiring and aggressive service is with the people of the district and the State. For a number of years—and until Wayne was removed from that district—I was Chairman of the Second Congressional district, then known as the "Black District", and given over to the Republicans. From the time I came to the chairmanship it not only never afterwards knew defeat of the Democratic candidate, but when every other district in the State was swept by the fusion ticket, my district was the only one that sent a Democrat to Congress—and without even a "contest" and my paper—the Argus—that year was the only one in the State that published the Democratic rooster over its election returns.

I cite this, not as a "claim" upon the party—for I simply did my duty—my utmost, as behooves every good Democrat, but only to refresh the memories of my constituency, believing that when their memories are awakened they will recall many other services I have rendered, before and after that memorable campaign, in the thirty years agone, that I would prefer them to recall than to recount myself.

Again avowing my desire and purpose to do all in my power to re-establish the pristine principle of Democracy, and the only safe policy for the perpetuity of our free institutions—that of "Rotation in office", with which goes the inspiration to every young man to fit himself for public service, I am, as ever

Sincerely,
JOS. E. ROBINSON.

Foley's Kidney Remedy may be given to children with admirable results. It does away with bed wetting, and is also recommended for use after measles and scarlet fever. Robt. R. Bellamy.

THE WILMINGTON MEETING

(Continued from Page 9.)

their lives.

Day of Fasting and Prayer.

"Wednesday, March 23rd, was kept as a day of fasting and prayer. Meetings of one kind and another were held from early morning until late at night. At the time of the morning meeting in the Compress, 95 per cent. of the wholesale houses on the wharf and in the lower part of the city closed so that employers and employes might attend the meeting. A large number of the retail houses also closed at this hour and those that did not close divided their forces so that some of their employes might go to the regular meetings and others might go to the neighborhood prayer meetings. The school authorities excused the older pupils from school attendance in order that they might be present at the morning meeting. The whole city was greatly stirred.

Wide-Reaching Effects.

"All classes of men, women and children were among those brought to Christ. One man, under sentence of death for murder, confessed Christ in the jail, the jailor himself praying with him and giving him his Bible to study. Another man, who was notorious as a fighter, and who was under peace bonds at present because of putting a bullet into another man, was among the bright conversions. Quite a number belonging to the leading families of the city also made a public profession of their acceptance of Christ.

"The best work, however, was probably among the professing Christians. Hundreds, if not thousands, of these arose in the meetings to publicly renounce wordly conformity and other things not consistent with a true Christian life. A dancing master who tried to start a dancing school toward the end of the month was absolutely without a pupil. Some of the best known dancers in the city cancelled all of their engagements for balls, etc. Many gave up card playing and theatre going and a large number got a new idea of Christian life.

"A marked feature of the meetings was the large number of persons who were at variance with one another who became reconciled. Business men would stop me on the street and tell me how they had given up profanity and gambling or other sins.

The Closing Day.

"The last day of the mission was regarded as one of the greatest days in the history of the city. Mrs. Torrey and Miss Parker spoke in two Sunday schools in the afternoon with a number of conversions. A meeting for men only was held in the compress, which was full. At the meeting Mr. Jacoby spoke, telling the story of his life. There were 60 men at the meeting who publicly professed to accept Christ. There was really more than that, some say 200, but we got the names and addresses of only 60 of them. At night 3,500 people were packed in the large compress and standing around the doors and 700 or more were at the overflow meeting conducted by Mr. Jacoby in the adjoining building. The church people largely crowded the unsaved out of the larger building, but there were 29 who made a public profession of their acceptance of Christ besides many others who arose to say that they would accept Christ.

"Mr. Jacoby had even better results in his meeting, there being 30 of those who made a public profession of Christ whose names and addresses were secured and a large number of others whose names and addresses were not secured. In all there were 142 whose names were secured at the regular meetings during the day, who had made a public profession that day of accepting Christ, but there were scores of others also.

The Converts.

"A very large proportion of those who accepted Christ during the meetings were adults. We did not have as many conversions as usual among the young people. This is due, in part, to the fact that a large number of young people had already been gathered into the churches. In the public schools there was an unusual number of progressive Christian teachers. Every morning the public schools are gathered together for Scripture recitation and song, even the young people can recite great portions of Scripture. The schools closed at 2 o'clock, so a large number of the children were in attendance at the afternoon meetings.

"It is impossible to say how many made a public profession of accepting Christ during the month. There were 1,023, of whom Mr. Jacoby had a record, but this does not begin to give the whole number. One of the leading Presbyterian ministers told me that he had already received a large number of persons into the membership of his church during the month whose conversion was due undoubtedly to the meetings, but who had not come forward in the meetings. There were large numbers who came forward in other churches also whose names are not on our records. Some of the pastors say that the church life of the city has been revolutionized. A remarkable enthusiasm for Bible study has been aroused.

The Music.

"The singing was a great feature of the meetings. The chorus leading of both Mr. Butler and Mr. Young was greatly appreciated as were also their solos and duets. Miss Anderson, the pianist, was indefatigable in personal work, both in and out of the meetings, getting hold of a great many of the society people."

A LIBERAL OFFER.

Anyone Can Try Samose, the Remarkable Flesh-Forming Food.

When one of the leading druggists in Wilmington tells you that they sell a preparation which they so thoroughly believe in that they will refund your money if it does not do all that is claimed for it, it shows that the article must have unusual merits. It is in this way that J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., is selling Samose, the remarkable flesh-building food.

This great discovery is destined to work a great revolution in treating the thin, the weak and the sick. There can be no doubt that it helps people who are weak and sickly, who are tired, and who have poor digestion, restoring them quickly to health and strength, and increasing the weight so that life is a pleasure and a joy.

Samose is in reality a concentrated food, and restores life and vitality at once to the blood.

Sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents.

S.S.S. CURES OLD SORES

"I CAN TRUTHFULLY SAY S.S.S. IS A CERTAIN CURE FOR OLD SORES, BECAUSE IT CURED ME OF A BAD ULCER, ON WHICH OTHER TREATMENTS HAD NO EFFECT."

This extract from the testimonial we publish below, will receive the endorsement of thousands of other persons who have used S. S. S. for sores and ulcers.

Every old sore comes from some kind of impurity in the blood. S. S. S. cures on the simple principle of removing the cause of the sore or ulcer and allowing nature to heal the place. When we think for a moment we realize that every portion of the body and system is dependent on the blood; that it is the circulation which nourishes all flesh tissues, and preserves their natural health. Thus we can readily understand why impurities or poisons in this vital fluid will infect and disease the flesh at some particular spot, and by continually discharging impurities into it, keep the place open, raw or inflamed. It would be against every law of reason to expect the sore to heal while the blood constantly deposits into it the infectious matter with which it is contaminated.

There is a simple way to cure old sores, and it is the only way—remove the cause from the circulation. External applications of liniments, plasters, lotions, salves, etc., can never produce a cure, because such treatment does not reach the blood, where the cause is located.

S. S. S. heals old sores because it is the greatest of all blood purifiers; it goes into the circulation and removes the cause from the blood. When the blood has been purified there is no longer any inflammatory impurity or infectious matter to irritate the place, and nature causes the natural and certain healing of the ulcer. When S.S.S. has cleansed the blood and the place is once more well, it is not a surface cure, every vestige of the old cause has been driven out and the place is solidly and firmly healed from the bottom to the surface. S. S. S. is made entirely of healing, cleansing roots, herbs and barks, and contains no trace of mineral. It is a medicine adapted to persons of any age, and is just as effective with the old as with the young or middle aged.

> I can truthfully say S. S. S. is a certain cure for Old Sores, because it cured me of a bad ulcer, on which other treatments had no effect. Five years ago a running sore came on my limb. I tried everything I could hear of, but the sore grew worse. Even the doctors could not heal it. A friend finally told me to try S. S. S., so I did and in the meantime wrote you for advice. I followed your instructions and took S. S. S. regularly. My leg began to improve, gradually the place healed over and began to look healthy, and finally the sore was cured entirely. I believe S. S. S. to be the best blood purifier one can use. I gladly recommend it as a cure for sores and ulcers.
> Rockford, Wash. A. S. LACY.

Under the purifying and tonic effects of S. S. S. the system is built up, and those whose health has been weakened by the drain of an old sore will be doubly benefited by its use. If you wish to know anything specially about your case write us. We will answer you fully, and will also send our book on Sores and Ulcers—no charge for either book or advice. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Fortune Telling

Does not take into consideration the one essential to woman's happiness—womanly health.

The woman who neglects her health is neglecting the very foundation of all good fortune. For without health love loses its lustre and gold is but dross.

Womanly health when lost or impaired may generally be regained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This Prescription has, for over 40 years, been curing delicate, weak, pain-wracked women, by the hundreds of thousands and this too in the privacy of their homes without their having to submit to indelicate questionings and offensively repugnant examinations.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free*. All correspondence held as sacredly confidential. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S GREAT FAMILY DOCTOR BOOK, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—1000 pages, answers *in Plain English* hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know about. Sent *free*, in plain wrapper to any address on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only, or in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

The

"Come Back"

It is the customers who come back that make a business grow. Clever advertising may get a customer once, but only honest values—being "square"—make him come again.

Your satisfaction is what we are striving for. That's why we offer such clothing as

Stein-Bloch Summer Suits

for your consideration.

No better clothing is made today—not even by high class custom tailors.

No garments anywhere near so good can be had anywhere else at equally low prices.

J. W. FLEET CO.

Phone 673. S. W. Corner Front & Princess Sts.

The Seashore Hotel

The ideal resting place in the South. finest bathing and fishing beach in the world. No mosquitoes. No flies. Through electric trains every 20 minutes connecting with A. C. L. and S. A. L. trains at Wilmington; 200 rooms, 120 en suite with private bath, Steel pier 740 feet out over the Atlantic. Two Orchestras with 21 skilled musicians. European cafe in connection with hotel. Now open. Booklets and rates sent on request.

E. L. HINTON, Mgr., — Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

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North Carolina Agricultural and Mechanical College

FOR THF COLORED RACE

STATE SUMMER SCHOOL. 11TH ANNUAL SESSION
FOUR WEEKS SESSION, JUNE 6—JULY 1, 1910.

Attendance means bright ideas, improved methods, larger sphere of influence, increased salary. Academic Department for those who wish to learn subjects. Normal Department for teachers who desire to study methods. Come and enjoy the splendid opportunities North Carolina offers to the colored teachers of the State. For terms, address,

JAS. B. DUDLEY, PRES. A. & M. COLLEGE.
Greensboro, N. C.

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ANNOUNCEMENT

Messrs. Foltz & Kendrick

Wish to announce that they have taken possession of the

U. C. Ellis Studio

They have placed it in a perfectly Sanitary Condition, and are prepared to make the Finest Class of Portrait Work ever shown in Wilmington.

THE
"Atlantic Inn"
Opposite Union Depot.
European Plan.
Most convenient to traveling men. Elegant rooms, good service, personal attention. Our restaurant service satisfies a large number daily. Why not you?
CIESCHEN BROS., Props

CALL OR PRECINCT MEETINGS.

It having been decided by the County Democratic Executive Committee of New Hanover County, by a majority of the full Committee, to call Precinct Meeting for the purpose of selecting delegates and alternates to represent the several Wards and Precincts in the County Convention, to be held at the Court House in the City of Wilmington, at 12 o'clock, noon, July 2nd, 1910, this is to notify the Democratic voters of the First Ward that a precinct meeting of said ward, for the purpose of selecting 16 delegates and the alternates, will be held at the Hall above the market near Fourth and Campbell streets, at 8:15 P. M., June 25th, 1910.

F. T. SKIPPER,
Executive Committeeman, First Ward.

To the Democratic Voters, Second Ward:—
This is to notify the Democratic voters of the Second Ward that in accordance with a ruling made by the Democratic Executive Committee of this County, a Precinct Meeting for the purpose of selecting delegates and alternates to represent the Second Ward in the County Convention, to be held July 2nd at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House, is called, for 8:15 P. M., on June 25th, 1910, at the City Hall Police Headquarters for the purpose of selecting 13 delegates to represent said Ward in the said County Convention.

JOHN J. FURLONG,
Chairman for M. W. Jacobi,
Executive Committeeman, Second Ward.

To the Democratic Voters of the Third Ward:—
This is to notify the Democratic Voters of he Third Ward, that in accordance with the ruling made by the Democratic Executive Committee of this County, a Precinct Meeting for the purpose of selecting delegates and alternates to represent the Third Ward in the approaching County Convention, will be held June 25th, 1910, 8:15 P. M., at Mayor's office, City Hall, the Ward being entitled to 17 delegates and alternates.

L. B. ROGERS,
Executive Committeeman, Third Ward.

To the Democratic Voters of the Fourth Ward:—
This is to notify the Democratic Voters of the Fourth Ward, that in accordance with the ruling heretofore made by the Democratic Executive Committee of this County, a Precinct Meeting of the Fourth Ward is called for June 25th, 1910, at 8:15 P. M. at the Court House, for the purpose of selecting 11 delegates and alternates to represent said Ward in the County Convention to be held July 2nd, 1910.

GEO. L. PESCHAU,
Executive Committeeman, Fourth Ward.

To the Democratic Voters of the Fifth Ward:—
This is to notify the Democratic Voters of the Fifth Ward, that in accordance with the ruling heretofore made by the Democratic Executive Committee of this County, a Precinct Meeting of the Fifth Ward is called for June 25th, 1910, at 8:15 P. M. at the Hall over the Market at Fifth and Castle, for the purpose of selecting 18 delegates and the alternates to represent said Ward in the County Convention to be held July 2nd, 1910.

W. W. KING,
Executive Committeeman, Fifth Ward.

To the Voters of Cape Fear Township:—
This is to notify the Democratic Voters of Cape Fear Township, that in accordance with a ruling heretofore made by the Democratic Executive Committee of this County, a Precinct Meeting of Cape Fear Township is called for June 25th, 1910, at 12 o'clock, noon, at Blossom's Store, for the purpose of selecting 2 delegates and the alternates to represent said Township in the County Convention to be held July 2nd, 1910.

W. H. SHEARIN,
Executive Committeeman, Cape Fear Township.

To the Democratic Voters of Masonboro Township:—
This is to notify the Democratic Voters of Masonboro Township, that in accordance with a ruling heretofore made by the Democratic Executive Committee of this County, a Precinct Meeting of Masonboro Township is called for June 25th, 1910, at 12 o'clock, noon, at Township House, for the purpose of selecting 1 delegate and the alternate to represent said Township in the County Convention to be held July 2nd, 1910.

D. D. GEORGE,
Executive Committeeman, Masonboro Township.

To the Democratic Voters of Federal Point Township:—
This is to notify the Democratic Voters of Federal Point Township, that a Precinct Meeting of said Township is called for June 25th, 1910, at 7:00 P. M., at Capp's Store, for the purpose of selecting 1 delegate and the alternate to represent said Township in the County Convention to be held July 2nd, 1910, in accordance with a recent ruling of the Democratic Executive Committee of this County.

MELVIN HORNE.
Executive Committeeman, Federal Point Township.

To the Democratic Voters of Harnett Township, Delgado:—
This is to notify the Democratic Voters of Harnett Township, Delgado Precinct, that a Precinct Meeting is called for June 25th, 1910, at 8:15 P. M., at the Hall over Delgado Store, for the purpose of selecting 3 delegates and the alternates to represent said Precinct in the County Convention, to be held July 2nd, 1910, in accordance with a recent ruling of the Democratic Executive Committee of this County.

J. H. SYKES,
Executive Committeeman, Harnett Township, Delgado.

To the Democratic Voters of Harnett Township, 7-Mile Post:—
This is to notify the Democratic Voters of Harnett Township, 7-Mile Post, that a Precinct Meeting is called for June 25th, 1910, at 12 o'clock, noon, at Township House, for the purpose of selecting 1 delegate and the alternates to represent said Precinct in the County Convention, to be held July 2nd, 1910, in accordance with a recent ruling of the Democratic Executive Committee of this County.

GERRITT WALKER,
Executive Committeeman, Harnett Township, 7-Mile Post.
ju 4 2t.

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